

HATHWAY DIGITAL LIMITED

Financial Statements

2020-21

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Hathway Digital Limited (formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **Hathway Digital Limited** (formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited) (the Company), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, its profit (including other comprehensive income), its changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics issued by ICAI. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion in the standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sr. No	Key Audit Matters	How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matters
1.	<p>Valuation and Disclosure of Deferred Tax Assets</p> <p>The Company has a significant amount of deferred tax assets, mainly resulting from unused tax losses and unabsorbed depreciation allowance. The accounting for deferred tax assets is significant to our audit since the Company makes judgements and estimates of forecasted taxable income in relation to the realization of deferred tax assets.</p> <p>As at March 31, 2021, the deferred tax assets are valued at ₹265.31 crores. Further reference is made to Note 2.06.</p>	<p>Our procedures included, amongst others:</p> <p>We tested management's assumptions used to determine that there is a reasonable certainty that deferred tax assets recognized in the balance sheet will be realized. This is based upon forecasted taxable income and the periods when the deferred tax assets can be utilized. The forecasts were evaluated by us considering the recent capital infusion and related business plans approved by the management. Such evaluation included obtaining an understanding of management's planned strategies around business expansion, revenue stream growth strategies.</p> <p>We have also tested the effectiveness of the Company's internal controls around the valuation of deferred tax assets. We also assessed the adequacy of the Company's disclosures included in Note 2.06</p>

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the report of board of directors, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on our work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of

accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on

the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of the misstatement in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in; (i) planning the scope of our audit work and evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effects of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give

in the “Annexure A”, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account;
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued thereunder and relevant provisions of the Act;
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in “Annexure B”;
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor’s Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has not paid remuneration to its directors during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of section 197 of the Act are not applicable to the Company; and
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor’s Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at March 31, 2021 on its financial position in its standalone financial statements - Refer Note 4.02(h) to the standalone financial statements;

- ii. The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts - Refer Note 4.02(g) to the standalone financial statements; and
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For G. M. Kapadia & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 104767W

Atul Shah
Partner
Membership No. 039569
UDIN: 21039569AAAAFG6870

Place: Mumbai
Dated this 19th day of April, 2021

**Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report
Referred to in paragraph 1 under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report on even date to the members of the Company on standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021:**

(i) (a) The Company has maintained records of Property, Plant and Equipment showing particulars of assets including quantitative details and location except in case of certain types of distribution equipments like cabling, line equipments, access devices with end users. In view of the management, nature of such assets and business is such that maintaining location-wise particulars is impractical;

(b) Distribution equipments like cabling and other line equipments of selected networks were verified. The management plans to verify balance networks in a phased manner. Property, Plant and Equipment, other than distribution equipments and access devices with the end users were physically verified during the year based on verification programme adopted by the management. As per this programme, all assets will be verified at least once in a period of three years. The management has represented that physical verification of access devices with the end users is impractical; however, the same can be tracked, in case of most of the networks, through subscribers management system;

The Company has a process of reconciling book records with outcome of physical verification, wherever physical verification was carried out and have accounted for the discrepancies observed on such verification;

In our opinion, frequency and procedure for verification of distribution equipments and subsequent reconciliation with book records need to be strengthened;

(c) The Company does not hold any immovable properties which are freehold.

(ii) (a) Inventories have been physically verified during the year by the management. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable;

(b) The discrepancies noticed on physical verification as compared to the book records were not material having regards to size and nature of operations and have been properly dealt with in the books of account;

(iii) (a) The Company has granted unsecured loans to companies covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act;

(b) In our opinion, the terms and conditions on which the such loans are granted to the companies listed in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act were not, prima facie, prejudicial to the interest of the Company;

- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, no repayment schedules have been specified in respect of such loans granted and accordingly, the question of regularity in repayment of principal amount and interest payments does not arise;
- (d) Accordingly, there is no amount which is overdue for more than ninety days in respect of such loans;
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management and based on our examination of the records of the Company, during the year under audit, the Company has not granted loans, guarantee and security or made investments which require compliance in terms of the provisions contained in the section 185 or section 186 of the Act. The management has, based on legal opinion, represented that overdue book debts are not in the nature of loan and hence do not fall within the scope of section 185 of the Act. In such circumstances, para 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable;
- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company has not accepted deposits from the public and therefore, the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under are not applicable to the Company. We have been informed by the management that no order has been passed by the Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any other Tribunal in this regard;
- (vi) The Central Government has prescribed maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act, for the services rendered by the Company. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained and in our opinion; prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained by the Company. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete;
- (vii) (a) The Company has generally been regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues such as provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, cess and other applicable statutory dues. According to information and explanations given to us by the management, no undisputed statutory dues payable were in arrears as at March 31, 2021, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable;

- (b) The details of dues of income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise or value added tax which have not been deposited with the concerned authorities on account of dispute are given below:

(₹ in crores)

S No	Name of the Statute	Nature of the Dues	Amount	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
1	Bombay Entertainment Duty Act, 1923	Entertainment Tax & penalty thereon, Thane	0.89	June, 2006 to May, 2007	Entertainment Tax Department, Thane
2	Hyderabad Entertainment Duty Act, 1939	Entertainment Tax	0.58	May, 2005 to June, 2006	Andhra Pradesh High Court
3	U.P. Entertainment Tax & Betting Act, 1979 and U.P. Entertainment Tax & Betting Rules, 1981	Entertainment Tax	0.12 ¹	NA	District Magistrate, Agra
			1.05	April, 2014 to September, 2014	
			0.13	October, 2014 to November, 2014	
			0.67	December, 2014 to June, 2015	
4	U.P. Entertainment & Betting Act, 1979	Entertainment Tax	1.41	April, 2013 to January, 2014	District Magistrate, Ghaziabad
5	Madhya Pradesh Vilasita, Manoranjan, Amod Evam Vigyapan Kar Adhinyam, 2011	Entertainment Tax	0.81 ²	July 01, 2011 to March 17, 2012	Settlement Authority

¹ Amount paid ₹0.03

² Amount demanded is fully paid

S No	Name of the Statute	Nature of the Dues	Amount	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
6	Andhra Pradesh Value Added Tax Act, 2005	Value Added Tax	18.05 ³	July, 2011 to May, 2013	Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal, Andhra Pradesh
7	Maharashtra Entertainment Duty Act, 1923	Entertainment Tax	4.57	Up to October, 2014	Writ Petition to Bombay High Court
8	Karnataka Value Added Tax Act, 2003	Value Added Tax	10.28	2011-12 to 2013-14	Writ Petition to Karnataka High Court
9	Bombay Sales Tax Act, 1959	Sales Tax	0.007	1999-2000	High Court, Mumbai
10	Madhya Pradesh Value Added Tax Act, 2002	Sales Tax/VAT	0.88 ⁴	2013-14	Deputy Commissioner, Commercial tax
11	Maharashtra Entertainment Duty Act, 1923	Entertainment tax	0.14	2013-14	High Court, Mumbai
12	Telangana VAT Act, 2005	Value Added Tax	0.05 ⁵	April, 2005 to November, 2008	Additional Deputy Commissioner (Appeals), Secunderabad
13	Karnataka Value Added Tax Act, 2003	Value Added Tax	1.73	2010-11	Writ Petition to Karnataka High Court
14	The Rajasthan Entertainment and Advertisements Tax Act, 1957	Entertainment tax	29.68 ⁶	March, 2006 to March, 2011	Supreme Court of India

³ ₹9.03 is paid as pre-deposit

⁴ Amount deposited ₹0.22

⁵ Amount demanded is fully paid

⁶ Amount deposited ₹2

S No	Name of the Statute	Nature of the Dues	Amount	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
15	Madhya Pradesh Value Added Tax Act, 2002	Value Added Tax	0.43 ⁷	2015-16	Deputy Commissioner, Commercial tax
16	Delhi Value Added Tax, 2004	Value Added Tax	0.12	2013-14	Department of Trade & Taxes, Delhi
17	U.P. Entertainment & Betting Act, 1979	Entertainment Tax	1.68	April, 2013 to March, 2015	Assistant Commissioner, Entertainment Tax
18	Madhya Pradesh Vilasita, Manoranjan, Amod Evam Vigyapan Kar Adhinyam, 2011	Entertainment Tax	0.01	2014-15	Assistant Commissioner, Commercial Taxes
19	The West Bengal Entertainment cum Amusement Tax, 1982	Entertainment Tax	0.22	2014-15	Assistant Commissioner, Agricultural Income tax
20	The West Bengal Entertainment cum Amusement, Tax 1982	Entertainment Tax	0.26	2013-14	Assistant Commissioner, Agricultural Income tax
21	Karnataka Value Added Tax Act, 2003	Value Added Tax	7.42	April 2015-March 2016	Karnataka High Court
22	Madhya Pradesh Value Added Tax Act, 2002	Value Added Tax	0.02 ⁸	April 2014-March 2015	Deputy Commissioner Commercial tax

⁷ Amount deposited to ₹0.11

⁸ Amount paid ₹0.04

S No	Name of the Statute	Nature of the Dues	Amount	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
23	Madhya Pradesh Value Added Tax Act, 2002	Value Added Tax	0.28 ⁹	April 2016-March 2017	Deputy Commissioner Commercial tax
24	The Custom Act 1962	Custom duty	5.63 ¹⁰	April 2019-2020	Commissioner of Custom (Imports)
25	Employee state insurance corporation	ESIC	0.27	Nov 15 to Dec 16 and Nov 17 to Aug 20	The Regional Director
26	The Delhi Value added tax 2004	Value Added Tax	1.32	April 2016-March 2017	Department of Trade and Taxes

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to the financial institutions, banks, government and debenture holders;
- (ix) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the term loans have been applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained. The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments);
- (x) To the best of our knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year;
- (xi) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not paid or provided managerial remuneration, accordingly Paragraph 3 (xi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

⁹ Amount paid ₹0.03

¹⁰ Amount paid ₹0.38

- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company;
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards;
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company;
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with them covered under section 192 of the Act. We have been informed that no such transactions have been entered into with person connected with directors. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company; and
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For G. M. Kapadia & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 104767W

Atul Shah
Partner
Membership No. 039569
UDIN: 21039569AAAAFG6870

Place: Mumbai
Dated this 19th day of April, 2021

**Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report
Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory
Requirements" of our report on even date to the members of the Company on
standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021**

Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021 based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting ('Guidance Note') issued by the ICAI. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with

reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with

reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For G. M. Kapadia & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 104767W

Atul Shah
Partner
Membership No. 039569
UDIN: 21039569AAAAFG6870

Place: Mumbai
Dated this 19th day of April, 2021

Hathway Digital Limited

(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)

CINU92130MH2007PLC290016**Standalone Balance Sheet As At March 31, 2021**

(₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at	
		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	2.01	586.80	582.19
Capital Work In Progress		53.67	54.99
Goodwill	2.02	3.00	2.99
Other Intangible Assets	2.02	56.36	43.90
Financial Assets			
Investments	2.03	103.11	11.86
Loans	2.04	7.09	13.45
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	2.06	265.31	256.78
Other Non-current assets	2.07	43.81	64.10
Total Non-current assets		1,119.15	1,030.26
Current Assets			
Inventories	2.08	0.36	2.19
Financial Assets			
Investments	2.09	704.60	6.38
Trade Receivables	2.10	45.41	75.61
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2.11	21.14	22.58
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	2.12	2.29	6.19
Loans	2.04	11.04	46.51
Other financial assets	2.05	14.99	24.99
Current Tax Assets (Net)	2.13	-	0.09
Other current assets	2.07	49.99	52.74
Total Current assets		849.82	237.28
Total Assets		1,968.97	1,267.54

Hathway Digital Limited
(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)
CINU92130MH2007PLC290016

Standalone Balance Sheet As At March 31, 2021
(₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at	
		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity Share Capital	2.14	355.73	355.73
Other Equity	2.15	1,320.35	(499.78)
Total Equity		1,676.08	(144.05)
Non-current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	2.16	0.05	0.16
Other financial liabilities	2.17	0.94	2.67
Provisions	2.18	1.71	1.30
Other Non-current liabilities	2.19	8.30	36.13
Total Non-Current Liabilities		11.00	40.26
Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	2.16	0.64	1,003.24
Trade Payables			
Total outstanding dues of :			
-Micro and small enterprises		0.05	-
-Others		163.57	183.69
Other financial liabilities	2.17		
Total outstanding dues of :			
-Micro and small enterprises		5.89	-
-Others		39.69	74.50
Provisions	2.18	0.13	0.14
Other current liabilities	2.19	71.92	109.76
Total current liabilities		281.89	1,371.33
Total Equity and Liabilities		1,968.97	1,267.54
Significant Accounting Policies	1		
Refer accompanying notes. These notes are integral part of the financial statements.			

As per our report of even date
For G. M. Kapadia & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 104767W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mr. Atul Shah
Partner

Mr. Dulal Banerjee
Non-Executive Director &
Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Ajay Singh
Non-Executive
Director

Membership No. 039569
Place : Mumbai
Date : April 19, 2021

DIN : 02455932

DIN : 06899567

Hathway Digital Limited
(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)
CINU92130MH2007PLC290016

Ms. Pranjali Gawde
Chief Financial Officer

Ms. Ameeta Parpia
Independent Director
DIN:02654277

Mr. Varun Lau
Non-Executive Director
DIN : 03489931

Ms. Niharika Matlani
Company Secretary and Compliance officer
Membership No: F- 10579

Mr. Kunal Chandra
Independent Director
DIN : 07617184

Date: April 19, 2021

Hathway Digital Limited

(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)

CINU92130MH2007PLC290016**Standalone Statement Of Profit And Loss For The Year Ended March 31, 2021**

(₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	Year Ended	Year Ended
		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
INCOME			
Revenue from Operations	3.01	1,066.44	1,171.83
Other Income	3.02	20.78	9.03
		1,087.22	1,180.86
EXPENDITURE			
Pay Channel Cost		523.97	523.76
Other Operational Expenses	3.03	131.09	121.99
Employee Benefits Expense	3.04	38.92	35.38
Finance Cost	3.05	17.34	116.13
Depreciation, Amortization and Impairment	3.06	199.55	217.05
Other Expenses	3.07	160.33	186.36
		1,071.20	1,200.67
Profit / (Loss) before Exceptional Items & Tax Expenses		16.02	(19.81)
Exceptional Items	3.08	4.59	0.78
Profit / (Loss) before Tax		11.43	(20.59)
Tax Expense:			
Current Tax		-	-
Deferred Tax	2.06	(8.53)	(86.21)
Profit / (Loss) for the Year (A)		19.96	65.62
Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss) (Net of Taxes) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Re-measurements of post employment benefit obligations		0.17	(0.01)
Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year (B)		0.17	(0.01)
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year (A+B)		20.13	65.61
Earnings/ (Loss) per equity share (Face Value of ₹ 10 each)(Refer Note no 4.01)			
Basic (in ₹)		0.56	1.84
Diluted (in ₹)		0.14	1.84
Significant accounting policies	1		
Refer accompanying notes. These notes are integral part of the financial statements.			

As per our report of even date

For G. M. Kapadia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 104767W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors**Mr. Atul Shah**

Partner

Membership No. 039569

Place : Mumbai

Date : April 19, 2021

Mr. Dulal BanerjeeNon-Executive Director & Chief
Executive Officer

DIN : 02455932

Mr. Ajay SinghNon-Executive Director
Executive Officer

DIN : 06899567

Hathway Digital Limited
(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)
CINU92130MH2007PLC290016

Ms. Pranjali Gawde
Chief Financial Officer

Ms. Ameeta Parpia
Independent Director
DIN:02654277

Mr. Varun Lau
Non-Executive Director
DIN : 03489931

Ms. Niharika Matlani
Company Secretary and Compliance officer
Membership No: F- 10579

Mr. Kunal Chandra
Independent Director
DIN : 07617184

Date: April 19, 2021

Hathway Digital Limited

(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)

CINU92130MH2007PLC290016**Standalone Statement Of Changes In Equity For The Year Ended March 31, 2021**

(₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)

A Equity Share Capital

Particulars	Note No	Amount
Balance at April 01, 2019	2.14	355.73
Changes in Equity Share Capital		-
Balance at March 31, 2020	2.14	355.73
Changes in Equity Share Capital		-
Balance at March 31, 2021	2.14	355.73

B Other Equity:

Particulars	Instruments classified as Equity		Reserves and Surplus				Total
	Zero Coupon Unsecured Optionally fully Convertible Debentures*	0.01 % Non-Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference Shares**	Securities Premium	Retained earnings	Capital Reserve	General Reserve	
Balance at April 01, 2019	-	-	94.23	(662.73)	0.02	3.15	(565.33)
Ind AS 116 Adjustment	-	-	-	(0.06)	-	-	(0.06)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	65.62	-	-	65.62
Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year	-	-	-	(0.01)	-	-	(0.01)
Balance at March 31, 2020	-	-	94.23	(597.18)	0.02	3.15	(499.78)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	19.96	-	-	19.96
Other Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	0.17	-	-	0.17
Issued during the year	1,000.00	1,800.00	-	-	-	-	2,800.00
Redeemed during the year	(1,000.00)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,000.00)
Balance at March 31, 2021	-	1,800.00	94.23	(577.05)	0.02	3.15	1,320.35

* Issued and allotted 100 crore Zero Coupon Unsecured Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures ('OFCD') of Rs. 10/- each for cash, aggregating to Rs. 1,000 crore to Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited, the Holding Company and the same was redeemed during the year.

** Issued and Allotted 100 crore 0.01% Optionally Convertible Preference Shares ('OCPS') (Series-I) of Rs. 10/- each for cash, aggregating to Rs. 1000 crore and 80 crore 0.01% Optionally Convertible Preference Shares ('OCPS') (Series-II) of Rs. 10/- each for cash, aggregating to Rs. 800 crore to Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited, the Holding Company.

Significant accounting policies (Refer Note 1)

Refer accompanying notes. These notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date**For G. M. Kapadia & Co.**

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 104767W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors**Mr. Atul Shah**

Partner

Membership No. 039569

Place : Mumbai

Date : April 19, 2021

Mr. Dulal Banerjee

Non-Executive Director & Chief Executive Officer

DIN : 02455932

Mr. Ajay Singh

Non-Executive Director

DIN : 06899567

Hathway Digital Limited
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Company Secretary and Compliance officer
Membership No: F- 10579

Mr. Kunal Chandra
Independent Director
DIN : 07617184

Date: April 19, 2021

Hathway Digital Limited
(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)
CINU92130MH2007PLC290016

Standalone Cash Flow Statement For The Year Ended March 31, 2021

(₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
1 Cash flow from operating activities:		
Net profit / (loss) before tax	11.43	(20.59)
A Adjustment for :		
Depreciation , Amortization and Impairment	199.55	217.05
Advances Written Off	43.46	0.35
Impairment of trade receivables, advances & exposure to certain entities including Joint ventures	8.68	71.55
Amount No Longer Payable Written Back	(1.28)	(0.32)
Provision for leave encashment and gratuity	0.73	0.09
Unrealised foreign exchange gain & loss	(1.70)	3.05
Unwinding interest	(0.05)	(0.27)
Loss/(Gain) on disposal / shortage of assets	1.95	2.33
Unwinding of Preference Share Capital	0.00*	0.00*
Net gain on financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss	(12.25)	(3.09)
Income from Fixed Deposit / Loans	(3.55)	(4.42)
Interest and finance charges	17.34	116.13
	264.31	381.86
B Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables	17.13	13.01
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	1.83	(0.21)
Decrease/(increase) in other loans/ Other financial assets	6.12	(13.98)
Decrease/(increase) in other current assets	2.74	5.85
Decrease/(increase) in other non-current assets	4.40	0.35
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	(20.31)	(29.26)
Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities	(65.99)	(50.08)
Increase/(decrease) in other financial liabilities	(2.04)	(4.15)
Increase / (Decrease) in provisions	0.17	(0.19)
Cash generated from operations	208.36	303.20
Less/(Add): Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	(12.91)	20.33
Net cash flow from operating activities (A)	221.27	282.87

Hathway Digital Limited
(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)
CINU92130MH2007PLC290016

Standalone Cash Flow Statement For The Year Ended March 31, 2021

(₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
2 Cash flow from investing activities:		
Income from Fixed Deposit / Loans given	6.68	2.05
Payments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(234.77)	(141.59)
Proceeds from sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	1.07	0.93
Loans and advances repayment from related parties	1.20	0.40
Payments for purchase of Investments in subsidiary	(91.25)	-
Payments for purchase of current investments	(2,977.70)	(592.37)
Proceeds from sale of current investments	2,291.73	591.18
Invested in fixed deposits	(0.19)	(0.92)
Fixed deposit redeemed during the year	4.10	29.35
Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B)	(999.13)	(110.97)
3 Cash flow from financing activities		
Interest and finance charges	(17.26)	(103.22)
Loan raised/(repaid) from Holding Company (Net)	-	(61.99)
Proceeds from Issue of 0.01 % Non-Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference Shares	1,800.00	-
Proceeds from issue of Zero Coupon Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures	1,000.00	-
Redemption of Fully Zero Coupon Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures	(1,000.00)	-
Repayments of Non - current Borrowings	(1.40)	(928.96)
Current borrowings (Net)	(999.99)	924.47
Payment of Lease Liability	(1.69)	(2.34)
Net cash flow from/(used in) in financing activities (C)	779.66	(172.04)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	1.80	(0.13)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	22.58	21.75
Bank overdrafts at the beginning of the year	(3.24)	(2.28)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	21.14	19.34
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Balances with banks:		
In Current Accounts	20.57	21.84
Cash in hand	0.57	0.74
Bank Overdrafts	(0.00)*	(3.24)
Balance as per the cash flow statement	21.14	19.34

* Amount Less than ₹ 50,000/-

Hathway Digital Limited
(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)
CINU92130MH2007PLC290016

Standalone Cash Flow Statement For The Year Ended March 31, 2021

(₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)

Notes to the cash flow statement

- The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared using the Indirect Method set out in Ind AS 7- Statement of Cash Flows.
- Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statement comprise cash at bank, cash in hand, demand deposits with banks and Bank overdrafts.
- Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities :

Particulars	March 31, 2020	Net Cash Flow	Non Cash Changes		March 31, 2021
			Foreign Exchange movement (Gain)/Loss/ Others	Fair value changes	
Non - current Borrowings (including current maturities of Non-current borrowing)	1.45	(1.40)	-	-	0.05
Current borrowings	1,000.00	(999.99)	0.64	-	0.64
Total liabilities from financing activities	1,001.45	(1,001.39)	0.64	-	0.69

Particulars	March 31, 2019	Net Cash Flow	Non Cash Changes		March 31, 2020
			Foreign Exchange movement (Gain)/Loss/ Others	Fair value changes	
Non - current Borrowings (including current maturities of Non-current borrowing)	913.29	(928.96)	-	17.12	1.45
Current borrowings	137.52	862.48	-	-	1,000.00
Total liabilities from financing activities	1,050.81	(66.48)	-	17.12	1,001.45

As per our report of even date

For G. M. Kapadia &Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 104767W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mr. Atul Shah

Partner

Membership No. 039569

Place : Mumbai

Date : April 19, 2021

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Non-Executive Director &
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Company Secretary and Compliance officer

Membership No: F- 10579

Date: April 19, 2021

Mr. Kunal Chandra

Independent Director

DIN No : 07617184

Hathway Digital Limited

(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)

CINU92130MH2007PLC290016

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2021

(₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)

BACKGROUND

Hathway Digital Limited (formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited) ("the Company") is a Limited Company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited (HC DL). The Company is India's leading Multi System Operator ("MSO") providing digital cable television services PAN India.

Authorization of standalone financial statements

The standalone financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors on April 19, 2021

1.00 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the presentation of these standalone financial statements.

1.01 BASIS OF PREPARATION**(i) Compliance with Ind AS**

The standalone financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), and relevant rules issued thereunder and relevant provisions of the Act. In accordance with proviso to the Rule 4A of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the terms used in these financial statements are in accordance with the definitions and other requirements specified in the applicable Accounting standards.

(ii) Historical cost convention

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) is measured at fair value; and
- defined benefit plans – plan assets measured at fair value

1.02 ROUNDING OF AMOUNTS

All amounts disclosed in the standalone financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest crores, except where otherwise indicated.

1.03 CURRENT VERSUS NON-CURRENT CLASSIFICATION

The Company presents its assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current if:

- (i) it is expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- (ii) it is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) it is expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (iv) cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current if:

- (i) it is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- (ii) it is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (iv) there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities on net basis.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per Company's normal operating cycle. Based on the nature of operations, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

1.04 USE OF JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES & ASSUMPTIONS

While preparing standalone financial statements in conformity with Ind AS, the management makes certain estimates and assumptions that require subjective and complex judgments. These judgments affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, disclosure of contingent liabilities at the statement of financial position date and the reported amount of income and expenses for the reporting period. Financial reporting results rely on our estimate of the effect of certain matters that are inherently uncertain. Future events rarely develop exactly as forecast and the best estimates require adjustments, as actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. The management continually evaluate these estimates and assumptions based on the most recently available information.

Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the standalone financial statements are as below:

Key assumptions

- (i) Financial instruments;
- (ii) Useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets; (Refer note 1.05 and 1.06)
- (iii) Assets and obligations relating to employee benefits;
- (iv) Evaluation of recoverability of deferred tax assets; (Refer note 2.06) and
- (v) Contingencies (Refer note 4.02)

1.05 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**Property, Plant and Equipment acquired separately**

- (i) Property, Plant and Equipment is stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The initial cost of an asset comprises its purchase price, non-refundable taxes, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset into the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, the initial estimate of any decommissioning obligation, if any, finance cost. The purchase price is the aggregate amount paid and the fair value of any other consideration given to acquire the asset.
- (ii) Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to statement of profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.
- (iii) Set Top Boxes (STBs) on hand at the year-end are included in Capital Work in Progress. On installation, such devices are capitalized or treated as sale, as the case may be.
- (iv) The residual values and useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment are reviewed at each financial year end, and changes, if any, are accounted prospectively.
- (v) Stores and Spares which meet the definition of Property Plant and Equipment and satisfy the recognition criteria of Ind AS 16 are capitalized as Property, Plant and Equipment.

Derecognition of Property, Plant & Equipment

- (vi) An item of Property, Plant and Equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of an item of Property, Plant and Equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in statement of Profit and Loss.

Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment

- (vii) Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment is provided on straight line method. In accordance with requirements prescribed under Schedule II of Companies Act, 2013, the Company has assessed the estimated useful lives of its Property, Plant and Equipment and has adopted the useful lives and residual value as prescribed in Schedule II except for the cost of STBs at the customer location which are depreciated on straight-line method over a period of eight years based on internal technical assessment.
- (viii) In case of additions or deletions during the year, depreciation is computed from the month in which such assets are put to use and up to previous month of sale, disposal or held for sale as the case may be. In case of impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount over its remaining useful life.
- (ix) All assets costing up to Rs. 5,000/- are fully depreciated in the year of capitalisation.

1.06 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

Intangible Assets acquired separately

Intangible assets comprises of Cable Television Franchise, Movie & Serial Rights, Bandwidth Rights, Channel Design, Goodwill and Softwares. Cable Television Franchise represents purchase consideration of a network that is mainly attributable to acquisition of subscribers and other rights, permission etc. attached to a network.

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired are recognised only if they are separately identifiable and the Company expects to receive future economic benefits arising out of them. Such assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses. Intangible Assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Intangible Assets acquired in business combination

Intangible Assets acquired in business combination and recognised separately from goodwill are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

Derecognition of intangible assets

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

Amortisation of intangible assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised on a straight line basis over their useful economic lives and assessed for impairment whenever there is indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at each year end. The amortisation expense on Intangible assets with finite lives and impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Estimated lives for current and comparative periods in relation to application of straight line method of amortisation of intangible assets (acquired) are as follows:

- Softwares are amortised over the license period and in absence of such tenor, over five years.
- Movie & Serial Rights are amortised on exploitation over the balance license period in equal installments.
- Bandwidth Rights are amortised over the period of the underlying agreements.
- Channel Design are amortised over the period of five years.
- Cable Television Franchises are amortised over period of five to twenty years.

The estimated useful lives, residual values, amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

1.07 IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

Carrying amount of Tangible assets, Intangible assets, Investments in Joint Ventures (which are carried at cost) are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or Company's assets (cash-generating units). Non- financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

1.08 NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and a sale is considered highly probable. They are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

An impairment loss is recognised for any initial or subsequent write-down of the asset to fair value less costs to sell. A gain is recognised for any subsequent increases in fair value less costs to sell of an asset, but not in excess of any cumulative impairment loss previously recognised. A gain or loss not previously recognised by the date of the sale of the non-current asset is recognised at the date of de-recognition.

Non-current assets are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale.

Non-current assets classified as held for sale are presented separately from the other assets in the balance sheet.

A discontinued operation is a component of the entity that has been disposed off or is classified as held for sale and that represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of such a line of business or area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale. The results of discontinued operations are presented separately in the statement of Profit and Loss.

1.09 INVENTORIES

Inventories are valued as follows:

Spares and maintenance items are valued at lower of cost (net of taxes recoverable) on first in first out basis and net realizable value.

Stock-in-trade comprising of access devices are valued at cost on weighted average method and net realizable value, whichever is lower.

1.10 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents in the Balance Sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to insignificant risk of change in value.

For the purpose of statement of cashflows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash, short-term deposits as defined above, bank overdrafts and short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value as they are considered as an integral part of the Company's management. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings under current liabilities in the balance sheet.

1.11 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Initial Recognition and Measurement – Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and ancillary costs related to borrowings) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Classification and Subsequent Measurement: Financial Assets

The Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVTOCI”) or fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”) on the basis of following:

- the entity’s business model for managing the financial assets; and
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Amortised Cost:

A financial asset is classified and measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

FVTOCI:

A financial asset is classified and measured at FVTOCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

FVTPL:

A financial asset is classified and measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortised cost or at FVTOCI.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

Classification and Subsequent measurement: Financial Liabilities

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, financial guarantee contracts and derivative financial instruments.

Financial Liabilities at FVTPL:

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is held for trading or are designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL.

Gains or losses on financial liabilities held for trading are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Other Financial Liabilities:

Other financial liabilities (including borrowings and trade and other payables) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Derecognition of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities:

The Company de-recognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset. If the Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognised.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Offsetting Financial Instruments:

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

1.12 INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The Company's investments in its joint ventures are accounted at cost and reviewed for impairment at each reporting date in accordance with the policy described in note 1.07 above.

1.13 BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

1.14 PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a current pre-tax rate. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the case of:

- a present obligation arising from the past events, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation;
- a present obligation arising from the past events, when no reliable estimate is possible;
- a possible obligation arising from past events, unless the probability of outflow of resources is remote.

Contingent Assets is disclosed when inflow of economic benefits is probable.

1.15 GRATUITY AND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

(i) Short-term obligations

Short term employee benefits are recognised as an expense at an undiscounted amount in the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year in which the related services are rendered.

(ii) Post-employment obligations

The Company operates the following post-employment schemes:

- defined benefit plans such as gratuity; and
- defined contribution plans such as provident fund

Gratuity obligations

The liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement of Profit and Loss.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised at amount net of taxes in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss as past service cost.

Defined contribution plans

The Company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered provident funds as per local regulations. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

(iii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liabilities for leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in statement of Profit and Loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the balance sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

(iv) Bonus Plans

The Company recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses. The Company recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

1.16 REVENUE RECOGNITION**(i) Income from rendering of services**

The Company derives revenues primarily from MSO business comprising of Cable TV Services including Placement Income for placing channels of various Broadcasters on MSOs Platform and other allied services.

Effective April 1, 2018 the Company adopted Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" using the cumulative catch-up transition method, applied to contracts that were not completed as at April 1, 2018. In accordance with the cumulative catch-up transition method, the comparatives have not been retrospectively adjusted. The following is the summary of new and/ or revised significant accounting policies related to revenue recognition. Refer Note 1 "Significant Accounting Policies," in the Company's Standalone financial statements for the financial year 2017-18 for the policies in effect for revenue prior to April 1, 2018. The effect on adoption of Ind AS 115 was insignificant.

Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expect to receive in exchange for those products or services. Subscription revenue is recognized ratably over the period in which the services are rendered.

To recognise revenues, the Company applies the following five step approach:

1. identify the contract with a customer;
2. identify the performance obligations in the contract;
3. determine the transaction price;
4. allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and
5. recognise revenues when a performance obligation is satisfied

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

A receivable is a right to consideration that is unconditional upon passage of time. Revenues in excess of billings is recorded as unbilled revenue and is classified as a financial asset for these cases as right to consideration is unconditional upon passage of time. While invoicing in excess of revenue are classified as contract liabilities (which we refer to as unearned revenue).

The Company presents revenues net of indirect taxes in its statement of Profit and Loss.

(ii) Other Operating Income

Other Operating Income comprises of fees for rendering management, technical and consultancy services. Income from such services is recognised upon satisfaction of performance obligations as per the terms of underlying agreements.

(iii) Interest Income

Interest income from debt instruments is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

(iv) Dividend Income

Dividends are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss only when the right to receive payments established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

1.17 TAXES ON INCOME

Current Tax:

Tax on income for the current period is determined on the basis on estimated taxable income and tax credits computed in accordance with the provisions of the relevant tax laws and based on the expected outcome of assessments / appeals.

Current income tax relating to items recognised directly in equity is recognised in equity and not in the statement of profit and loss.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax:

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet approach on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside the statement of profit and loss is recognised outside the statement of profit and loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The break-up of the major components of the deferred tax assets and liabilities as at balance sheet date has been arrived at after setting off deferred tax assets and liabilities where the Company have a legally enforceable right to set-off assets against liabilities.

1.18 EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders is adjusted for after income tax effect of interest and other financing cost associated with dilutive potential equity shares and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

1.19 LEASES

As a Lessee

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for buildings. The company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the company assesses whether: (1) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (2) the company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (3) the company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the company recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. Right of use assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of the leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the company changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

Lease liability and ROU asset have been included in the Balance Sheet under Other financial liabilities and Property, Plant and equipment respectively.

1.20 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATIONS

(i) Functional and presentation currency

The Company's standalone financial statements are prepared in INR, which is also the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Monetary items:

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in statement of Profit and Loss. Foreign exchange differences regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs are presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a net basis within other gains / (losses).

Non – Monetary items:

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

1.21 FINANCIAL GUARANTEE CONTRACT

The Company on case to case basis elects to account for financial guarantee contracts as financial instruments or as an insurance contract, as specified in Ind AS 109 on Financial Instruments and Ind AS 104 on Insurance Contracts. The Company has regarded its financial guarantee contracts as insurance contracts on contract by contract basis. At the end of each reporting period the Company performs liability adequacy test, (i.e. it assesses the likelihood of a pay-out based on current undiscounted estimates of future cash flows) on financial guarantee contracts regarded as insurance contracts, and the deficiency is recognised in profit or loss.

1.22 FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a Company are recognised at the proceeds received.

1.23 BUSINESS COMBINATIONS AND GOODWILL

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. For each business combination, the Company elects whether it measures the non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition costs which are administrative in nature are expensed out.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Company's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed off, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed off is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed off in this circumstance is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed off and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

Common control business combinations include transactions, such as transfer of subsidiaries or businesses, between entities within a group.

Business combinations involving entities or businesses under common control are accounted for using the pooling of interests method. Under pooling of interest method, the assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts, the only adjustments that are made are to harmonise accounting policies.

The financial information in the standalone financial statements in respect of prior periods are restated as if the business combination had occurred from the beginning of the preceding period in the standalone financial statements, irrespective of the actual date of the combination. However, if business combination had occurred after that date, the prior period information is restated only from that date.

The difference, if any, between the amount recorded as share capital issued plus any additional consideration in the form of cash or other assets and the amount of share capital of the transferor is transferred to capital reserve and presented separately from other capital reserves with disclosure of its nature and purpose in the notes.

Hathway Digital Limited

(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)

CINU92130MH2007PLC290016**Notes To The Standalone Financial Statements****2.01 Property, plant and equipment :**

(₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Gross Carrying Amount				Accumulated Depreciation / Impairment				Net Carrying Amount	
	As at April 1, 2020	Addition	Disposal	As at March 31, 2021	As at April 1, 2020	For the Period	Elimination on disposal	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Right of Use Assets:										
Buildings	3.88	-	-	3.88	2.32	1.56	-	3.88	-	1.56
Own Assets:										
Plant and Equipment	1,086.47	183.33	16.09	1,253.71	515.33	175.63	13.93	677.03	576.68	571.14
Air conditioners	1.94	1.21	0.17	2.98	1.22	0.41	0.12	1.51	1.47	0.72
Structural fittings	0.70	0.03	0.15	0.58	0.36	0.09	0.11	0.34	0.24	0.34
Furniture & Fixtures	8.01	0.86	0.71	8.16	3.40	0.81	0.47	3.74	4.42	4.61
Mobile & Telephone	0.59	0.01	-	0.60	0.30	0.08	-	0.38	0.22	0.29
Computers	2.89	1.25	0.14	4.00	1.72	0.49	0.04	2.17	1.83	1.17
Office Equipments	1.87	0.24	0.14	1.97	1.25	0.26	0.12	1.39	0.58	0.62
Electrical Fittings	2.49	0.41	0.79	2.11	1.24	0.29	0.38	1.15	0.96	1.25
Motor Vehicles	0.78	0.01	0.00*	0.79	0.30	0.10	-	0.40	0.39	0.48
Movie Master Tapes	0.01	-	-	0.01	-	-	-	-	0.01	0.01
Total	1,109.63	187.35	18.19	1,278.79	527.44	179.72	15.17	691.99	586.80	582.19

Particulars	Gross Carrying Amount				Accumulated Depreciation / Impairment				Net Carrying Amount	
	As at April 1, 2019	Addition	Disposal	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 1, 2019	For the Period	Elimination on disposal	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Right of Use Assets:										
Buildings	-	3.88	-	3.88	-	2.32	-	2.32	1.56	-
Own Assets:										
Plant and Equipment	1,014.69	90.05	18.27	1,086.47	342.56	190.81	18.04	515.33	571.14	672.13
Air conditioners	1.75	0.19	0.00*	1.94	0.91	0.31	-	1.22	0.72	0.84
Structural fittings	0.62	0.08	-	0.70	0.29	0.07	-	0.36	0.34	0.33
Furniture & Fixtures	7.86	0.15	0.00*	8.01	2.46	0.94	-	3.40	4.61	5.40
Mobile & Telephone	0.36	0.23	-	0.59	0.19	0.11	-	0.30	0.29	0.17
Computers	2.02	0.87	-	2.89	1.37	0.35	-	1.72	1.17	0.65
Office Equipments	1.74	0.13	0.00*	1.87	0.98	0.27	0.00*	1.25	0.62	0.76
Electrical Fittings	2.46	0.03	-	2.49	0.94	0.30	-	1.24	1.25	1.52
Motor Vehicles	0.78	-	0.00*	0.78	0.20	0.10	-	0.30	0.48	0.58
Movie Master Tapes	0.01	-	-	0.01	-	-	-	-	0.01	0.01
Total	1,032.29	95.61	18.27	1,109.63	349.90	195.58	18.04	527.44	582.19	682.39

* Amount less than ₹ 50,000

Notes :

- 1 Depreciation charge for the year includes Impairment of Plant and Equipments ₹ 53.57 (March 31, 2020: ₹ 54.94) & Other tangible Assets of ₹ 0.73 (March 31, 2020: ₹ NIL)
- 2 Refer note no 4.04 for disclosure of contractual commitments for acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment.

Hathway Digital Limited

(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)

CINU92130MH2007PLC290016**Notes To The Standalone Financial Statements****2.02 Intangible Assets :**

(₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Gross Carrying Amount				Accumulated Amortisation / Impairment				Net Carrying Amount	
	As at April 1, 2020	Addition	Disposal	As at March 31, 2021	As at April 1, 2020	For the Period	Elimination on disposal	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Goodwill	3.65	0.01	-	3.66	0.66	-	-	0.66	3.00	2.99
Cable Television Franchise	23.19	0.00*	-	23.19	9.38	2.56	-	11.94	11.25	13.81
Movie & Serial Rights	20.96	15.91	-	36.87	20.19	9.00	-	29.19	7.68	0.77
Softwares	51.61	16.37	-	67.98	35.63	6.58	-	42.21	25.77	15.98
Bandwidth Rights	17.42	-	-	17.42	4.35	1.45	-	5.80	11.62	13.07
Channel Design	1.00	-	-	1.00	0.72	0.24	-	0.96	0.04	0.28
Total	117.83	32.29	-	150.12	70.93	19.83	-	90.76	59.36	46.90

Particulars	Gross Carrying Amount				Accumulated Amortisation / Impairment				Net Carrying Amount	
	As at April 1, 2019	Addition	Disposal	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 1, 2019	For the Year	Elimination on disposal	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Goodwill	3.65	-	-	3.65	0.66	-	-	0.66	2.99	2.99
Cable Television Franchise	23.19	0.00*	-	23.19	6.58	2.80	-	9.38	13.81	16.61
Movie & Serial Rights	16.08	4.88	-	20.96	11.18	9.01	-	20.19	0.77	4.90
Softwares	36.87	14.74	-	51.61	27.74	7.89	-	35.63	15.98	9.13
Bandwidth Rights	17.21	0.21	-	17.42	2.83	1.52	-	4.35	13.07	14.38
Channel Design	1.00	-	-	1.00	0.48	0.24	-	0.72	0.28	0.52
Total	98.00	19.83	-	117.83	49.47	21.46	-	70.93	46.90	48.53

* Amount less than ₹ 50,000/-

Notes :

- Amortisation charge for the year includes Impairment of Cable Television Franchise ₹ 0.11 (March 31, 2020: ₹ 0.27)
- Range of remaining period of amortisation as at March 31, 2021 of Intangible assets is as below :

	0 to 5 years	6 to 10 years	10 to 15 years	16 to 20 years	Total
Cable Television Franchise	7.64	3.40	0.21	-	11.25
Movie & Serial Rights	7.68	-	-	-	7.68
Softwares	25.77	-	-	-	25.77
Bandwidth Rights	7.20	4.36	0.06	-	11.62
Channel Design	0.04	-	-	-	0.04
Total	48.33	7.76	0.27	-	56.36

Hathway Digital Limited
(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)

Notes To The Standalone Financial Statements
(₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)

2.03 NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS	FACE VALUE	March 31, 2021		March 31, 2020	
	₹ Per Unit	Quantity	Amount	Quantity	Quantity
Investments (measured at cost)					
Unquoted (fully paid up)					
Investment in Equity shares of Subsidiaries					
Bee Network & Communication Limited **	10	13,40,919	1.24	-	-
Binary Technology Transfers Limited **	100	1,66,851	1.66	-	-
Hathway C Net Limited **	10	1,34,080	0.04	-	-
Hathway Internet & Satelite Limited **	10	16,82,550	1.67	-	-
Hathway Krishna Cable Limited **	10	96,89,923	17.29	-	-
Hathway Mysore Cable Network Limited **	10	63,54,110	15.40	-	-
Hathway Software Developers Limited **	10	22,61,920	11.03	-	-
Hathway Space Vision Cabletel Limited **	10	10,87,580	1.08	-	-
Hathway United Cables Limited **	10	32,360	0.02	-	-
Ideal Cables Limited **	10	7,34,380	0.66	-	-
ITV Interactive Media Limited **	100	22,922	0.15	-	-
Liberty Cables Network Limited **	10	22,52,530	2.24	-	-
Hathway Media Vision Limited **	10	65,040	0.00*	-	-
UTN Cable Communications Limited **	10	61,27,310	10.31	-	-
Vision India Networks Limited **	10	21,35,630	2.05	-	-
Win Cable & Datacom Limited **	10	2,01,11,550	19.91	-	-
Hathway Enjoy Cable Network Limited **	10	30,000	0.03	-	-
Hathway Gwalior Cable & Datacom Limited **	10	4,46,840	0.44	-	-
Hathway JMD Farukabad Cable & Datacom Limited **	10	30,000	0.02	-	-
Hathway New Concept Cable & Datacom Limited **	10	4,24,940	3.51	-	-
Hathway Digital Saharanpur Cable & Datacom Limited **	10	20,000	0.00*	-	-
Hathway Broadband Limited **	10	25,00,000	2.50	-	-
Investment in Equity shares of Joint Ventures					
Hathway CCN Multinet Private Limited	10	2,42,250	5.53	2,42,250	5.53
Hathway CCN Entertainment (India) Private Limited	10	2,55,000	4.68	2,55,000	4.68
Hathway CBN Multinet Private Limited	10	25,500	1.65	25,500	1.65
Hathway Bhaskar CCN Multi Entertainment Private Limited	10	7,000	2.70	7,000	2.70
Less : Impairment in value of investment			2.70		2.70
Total Non-current Investments			103.11		11.86
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments			103.11		11.86
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments			2.70		2.70

* Amount less than ₹ 50,000

** w.e.f. March 10, 2021

Hathway Digital Limited

(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)

Notes To The Standalone Financial Statements

(` in Crores unless otherwise stated)

2.04 LOANS	Non Current		Current	
	As at		As at	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Security Deposits				
Considered good - unsecured				
Security Deposits	7.09	13.45	11.04	7.63
Security Deposits - credit impaired	2.13	0.33	-	-
	9.22	13.78	11.04	7.63
Less: Provision for impairment	2.13	0.33	-	-
	7.09	13.45	11.04	7.63
Loan to Related Parties				
Loan receivables considered good - unsecured				
Loan to Fellow Subsidiaries	-	-	-	38.60
Loan receivables - credit impaired	7.72	7.72	-	-
	7.72	7.72	-	38.60
Less: Provision for impairment	7.72	7.72	-	-
	-	-	-	38.60
Other Loans				
Loans Given	-	-	-	0.28
Loan receivables - credit impaired	0.49	0.21	-	-
	0.49	0.21	-	0.28
Less: Provision for impairment	0.49	0.21	-	-
	0.00	-	-	0.28
Total (A+B+C)	7.09	13.45	11.04	46.51

Note : No amount is due from any of the directors or officers of the Company, severally or jointly with any other person, or from firms where such director is a partner or from private companies where such director is a member.
Further information about these loans is set out in note no. 4.09 and 4.11. These financial assets are carried at amortised cost.

2.05 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS	Non-Current		Current	
	As at		As at	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Unsecured, considered good				
Accrued Interest On Deposits with Bank / Other Loans	-	-	0.01	3.13
Unbilled Revenue #	-	-	14.98	21.86
	-	-	14.99	24.99

Note : No amount is due from any of the directors or officers of the Company, severally or jointly with any other person, or from firms where such director is a partner or from private companies where such director is a member.

Classified as financial asset as right to consideration is unconditional upon passage of time.

2.06 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (NET) *	As at	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
The balance comprises of temporary differences attributable to -		
Deferred tax assets in relation to :		
Property, Plant & Equipment	62.86	54.57
Business loss	91.44	74.31
Others	111.01	127.90
NET DEFERRED TAX ASSET	265.31	256.78

Significant Estimates

* The deferred tax assets recognised is mainly in respect of unabsorbed depreciation allowance and brought forward losses available for set off for an indefinite period in terms of applicable tax laws. The Management is reasonably certain of future taxable income and hence recovery of such deferred tax assets.

The movement in deferred tax Asset/ liabilities during the Year ended March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020:

Particular	As at March 31, 2020	Recognised in Profit / (Loss)	As at March 31, 2021
Deferred tax assets in relation to :			
Property, Plant & Equipment	54.57	8.29	62.86
Business loss	74.31	17.13	91.44
Others	127.90	(16.89)	111.01
Total	256.78	8.53	265.31

2.07 OTHER ASSETS	Non-Current		Current	
	As at		As at	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
<u>CAPITAL ADVANCES</u>				
Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise				
Network Acquisitions	-	0.00*	-	-
Advance to Suppliers	0.42	3.48	-	-
Doubtful	1.72	0.54	-	-
	2.14	4.02	-	-
Less: Allowance for bad & doubtful advances	1.72	0.54	-	-
(A)	0.42	3.48	-	-
<u>ADVANCES OTHER THAN CAPITAL ADVANCES</u>				
Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise				
Balance with Government authorities:				
GST/Service Tax Recoverable	-	-	43.83	40.97
Balance with Other Statutory Authorities	0.44	0.44	0.01	0.00
Advance Income Tax (Net of Provision)	30.20	43.03	-	-
Deposit paid under Protest	12.63	16.55	-	-
Prepaid expenses	0.12	0.53	3.79	3.53
Staff Advances	-	-	0.26	0.31
Sundry Advances	-	0.07	2.10	7.93
Doubtful	2.32	1.55	-	-
	45.71	62.17	49.99	52.74
Less: Allowance for bad & doubtful advances	2.32	1.55	-	-
(B)	43.39	60.62	49.99	52.74
Total (A+B)	43.81	64.10	49.99	52.74

Note : No amount is due from any of the directors or officers of the Company, severally or jointly with any other person, or from firms where such director is a partner or from private companies where such director is a member.

* Amount less than ₹ 50,000

2.08 INVENTORIES	As at	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
	Stock of Spares & Maintenance Items	0.36
Total	0.36	2.19

2.09 CURRENT INVESTMENTS	Current	
	As at	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Investments measured at fair value through profit or loss - Unquoted		
Investment in Liquid - Mutual Funds	704.60	6.38
Total Current Investments	704.60	6.38
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	702.79	6.35

2.10 TRADE RECEIVABLES	Current	
	As at	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Trade Receivable - Unsecured	481.59	516.74
	481.59	516.74
Less : Provision for impairment	436.18	441.13
	45.41	75.61
Note : No amount is receivable from any of the directors or officers of the Company, severally or jointly with any other person, or from firms where such director is a partner or from private companies where such director is a member.		

2.11 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	Current	
	As at	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Cash & Cash Equivalents		
Balances with banks:		
In Current Accounts	20.57	21.84
Cash in hand	0.57	0.74
	21.14	22.58

2.12 BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	Non-Current		Current	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Other Bank Balance				
Margin money deposit*	-	-	0.11	6.19
Deposits with original maturity for more than 3 months but less than 12 months	-	-	2.18	-
	-	-	2.29	6.19

* Marked under lien in favour of Banks

2.13 CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET)	As at	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Current tax assets		
Advance Income Tax (Net of Provision)	-	0.09
	-	0.09

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Notes To The Standalone Financial Statements(**₹** in Crores unless otherwise stated)

2.14 EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL	As at	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
SHARE CAPITAL		
Authorised Capital 361,900,000 (March, 31, 2020: 361,900,000) Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 10 Each	361.90	361.90
Total	361.90	361.90
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Capital 355,734,833 Equity Shares of face value of ₹10 each fully paid up (March 31, 2020 : 355,734,833 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each)	355.73	355.73
Total	355.73	355.73

a) Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding as at the beginning and end of the reporting period:

	As at			
	March 31, 2021		March 31, 2020	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Equity Shares of Rs.10 each Shares Outstanding at the beginning of the year	35,57,34,833	355.73	35,57,34,833	355.73
Shares Outstanding at the end of the year	35,57,34,833	355.73	35,57,34,833	355.73

b) Shares in respect of each class in the company held by its holding company or its ultimate holding company including shares held by subsidiaries or associates of the holding company or the ultimate holding company in aggregate :

	As at	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
	No. of Shares Held	No. of Shares Held
Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each Hathway Cable and Datcom Limited- Holding Company*	35,57,34,833	35,57,34,833
	35,57,34,833	35,57,34,833

* Including 5,000 Equity Shares held by Hathway Media Vision Limited as a nominee of Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited

c) The details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company:

Name of Shareholder	As at			
	March 31, 2021		March 31, 2020	
	Number	% of Holding	Number	% of Holding
Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each Hathway Cable and Datcom Limited- Holding Company*	35,57,34,833	100.00	35,57,34,833	100.00

* Including 5,000 Equity Shares held by Hathway Media Vision Limited as a nominee of Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited

d) Rights, Preference and restrictions attached to Shares;**Terms/ Rights attached to Equity Shares**

The Company has issued only one class of equity shares having face value of Rs.10/- (March 31, 2020 : Rs.10/-) per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

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2.15 OTHER EQUITY	As at	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Instrument classified as equity		
Optionally Convertible Preference Shares (OCPS)		
0.01% Non-Cumulative OCPS Series-I	1,000.00	-
0.01% Non-Cumulative OCPS Series-II	800.00	-
Reserves and Surplus		
General reserve	3.15	3.15
Retained earnings	(577.05)	(597.18)
Securities Premium	94.23	94.23
Capital Reserve	0.02	0.02
Total	1,320.35	(499.78)

1 0.01% Non Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference Shares ("OCPS-Series-I") of Rs. 10 each, fully paid-up**Terms/ rights attached to Preference Shares:**

The amount subscribed/paid on each OCPS are either redeemable at Rs. 10 or convertible into 1 (One) Equity Share of Rs. 10 each at any time at the option of the Company, but not later than 10 years from the date of allotment of the OCPS (i.e. 29th October, 2020).

The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding is set out below:

Particulars	March 31, 2021		March 31, 2020	
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Preference shares at the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
Add: Issue of Shares	1,00,00,00,000	1,000.00	-	-
Preference shares at the end of the year	1,00,00,00,000	1,000.00	-	-

2 0.01% Non Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference Shares ("OCPS-Series-II") of Rs. 10 each, fully paid-up**Terms/ rights attached to Preference Shares:**

The amount subscribed/paid on each OCPS are either redeemable at Rs. 10 or convertible into 1 (One) Equity Share of Rs. 10 each at any time at the option of the Company, but not later than 10 years from the date of allotment of the OCPS (i.e. 12th November, 2020).

The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding is set out below:

Particulars	March 31, 2021		March 31, 2020	
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Preference shares at the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
Add: Issue of Shares	80,00,00,000	800.00	-	-
Preference shares at the end of the year	80,00,00,000	800.00	-	-

3 Nature and purpose of other reserves

(a) General Reserve:

The Company had not transferred any amount to general reserve during the year however a portion of Net profit of the Company transferred to general reserve in earlier year/s pursuant to earlier provisions of the Companies Act, 1956

(b) Retained Earning :

Retained earnings are the losses that the Company has incurred till date.

(c) Securities Premium :

Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

(d) Capital reserve :

Capital reserve represents recognition of equity component included in investments made in subsidiaries by way of preference shares.

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2.16 NON CURRENT BORROWINGS	Non Current portion		Current maturities of long term debts	
	As at		As at	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Term Loans				
Unsecured				
From Others	-	-	-	1.24
Redeemable Preference Shares (Unsecured)	0.05	0.05	-	-
Vehicle Loan from Others				
Secured	-	0.11	-	0.05
	0.05	0.16	-	1.29
Amount disclosed under the head 'Other Financial Liabilities' (Note No. 2.17)				
- Current maturities of Long-Term Debts	-	-	-	1.29
Net Amount	0.05	0.16	-	-

CURRENT BORROWINGS	As at	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Loans repayable on demand		
Secured		
Overdraft with bank	0.00*	1,003.24
Unsecured		
Loan from Holding Company	0.64	-
	0.64	1,003.24

* Amount less than ₹ 50,000

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a) Nature of Security and Terms of repayment for secured borrowings :

Sr. No.	Nature of Security	Terms of Repayment	As at		As at	
			March 31, 2021		March 31, 2020	
			Non-Current	Current	Non-Current	Current
1	Non Current Borrowings	Redeemable at par on April 30, 2021				
	5% Non- Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares (face value Rs. 10 each)					
	Unsecured		0.05	-	0.05	-
	Gross Borrowings		0.05	-	0.05	-
	Add: Loan fully repaid prior to the balance sheet date		-	-	0.11	1.29
Less: Unamortised upfront fees on borrowing	-	-	-	-		
	Total Non- Current Borrowings		0.05	-	0.16	1.29
2.0	CURRENT BORROWINGS					
2.1	Secured					
2.1.1	Overdraft					
	Axis Bank Ltd					
	Secured by Fixed Deposits of Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited (HCDL), parent of the Company of ₹ 75 (₹ 1070)	(Sanctioned Amount ₹ 75 (₹1070))	-	0.00*	-	1,003.24
3.0	Unsecured					
	Loan from Holding Company		-	0.64	-	-
	Total Current Borrowings		-	0.64	-	1,003.24

* Amount less than ₹ 50,000

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2.17 OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	Non-Current		Current	
	As at		As at	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Current maturities of Long-Term Debts (Refer note no. 2.16)	-	-	-	1.29
Security Deposits	0.94	2.67	-	-
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	-	-	0.08	0.05
Salary and Employee benefits payable	-	-	3.02	2.49
Capital Creditors :				
-Micro and Small enterprises	-	-	2.82	-
-Others	-	-	16.21	43.48
Lease Liability	-	-	-	1.63
Other Financial Liabilities :				
-Micro and Small enterprises	-	-	3.07	-
-Others	-	-	20.38	25.56
Total	0.94	2.67	45.58	74.50

2.18 PROVISIONS	Non-Current		Current	
	As at		As at	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Employee Benefits				
Provision for Leave Encashment	1.71	1.30	0.08	0.09
Provision for Bonus	-	-	0.05	0.05
Total	1.71	1.30	0.13	0.14

2.19 OTHER LIABILITIES	Non-Current		Current	
	As at		As at	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Income received in advance	-	-	7.08	7.15
Statutory Payables	-	-	28.58	41.46
Gratuity (Funded)	3.01	2.75	0.06	-
Other Liabilities	5.29	33.38	36.20	61.15
Total	8.30	36.13	71.92	109.76

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(₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)

3.01 REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Sale of services	1,064.24	1,169.65
Other operating revenues	2.20	2.18
Total	1,066.44	1,171.83

3.02 OTHER INCOME	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Interest income earned:		
On Financial Assets measured at amortised cost :		
Bank Deposits	0.29	0.77
Interest on Loans	3.27	3.65
Unwinding Interest on financial assets	0.05	0.27
Other non - operating income:		
Interest on Income Tax Refund	2.27	0.00
Amount No Longer Payable Written Back	1.28	0.32
Miscellaneous Income	0.27	0.24
Other gains and losses :		
Net gain on financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss	12.25	3.09
Profit on Sale of property, plant and equipment	0.42	0.69
Net gain on foreign currency fluctuations	0.68	-
Total	20.78	9.03

3.03 OTHER OPERATIONAL EXPENSES	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Commission	34.13	39.60
Bandwidth & Lease Line Cost	33.96	21.69
Other Sundry Operational Cost	13.96	13.59
Repairs & Maintenance (Plant & Machinery)	9.37	13.09
Rent	10.68	9.75
Consultancy & Technical Fees	12.56	13.22
Feed charges	0.54	1.34
Software & Programming Cost	10.44	7.23
Freight & Octroi Charges	2.65	1.03
Hire Charges	2.80	1.45
Total	131.09	121.99

3.04 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Salaries & Bonus	34.61	31.68
Contribution to provident and other fund	2.28	1.83
Staff Welfare expenses	2.03	1.87
Total	38.92	35.38

3.05 FINANCE COST	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Interest and Finance charges on financial liabilities	15.28	90.80
Finance Charges on Leases Liability	0.06	0.25
Other borrowing costs	2.00	25.08
Total	17.34	116.13

3.06 DEPRECIATION, AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment	123.87	138.32
Amortisation of Intangible Assets	19.72	21.20
Depreciation on Right of Use Asset	1.56	2.32
Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment	54.29	54.94
Impairment of Other Intangible Assets	0.11	0.27
Total	199.55	217.05

3.07 OTHER EXPENSES	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Service Charges	59.00	56.04
Bad Debts	9.59	2.00
Less: Transfer from allowance on doubtful debts (Expected Credit Loss)	(9.59)	(2.00)
Impairment of trade receivables	-	-
Electricity Expenses	4.65	72.78
Loss on disposal / shortage of assets	12.69	13.54
Loss on Foreign Exchange Fluctuation (Net)	5.55	3.02
Rates & taxes	-	3.05
Office Expenses	3.37	0.74
Legal & Professional Charges	5.90	5.56
Advertisement & Promotion expenses	3.85	5.12
Conveyance	1.32	3.38
Repairs & Maintenance (Others)	1.16	2.63
Rent - Offices	2.81	4.43
Communication Charges	7.59	8.89
Travelling	0.62	0.66
Printing & Stationery	0.83	1.47
Miscellaneous Expenses	0.38	1.83
Business Promotion Expenses	0.23	0.34
Insurance Charges	0.73	0.77
Interest on Taxes	0.37	0.63
Provision for Bad & Doubtful Advances	0.62	0.57
Advances Written Off	4.03	-
Bank Charges	43.46	0.35
Auditor's Remuneration	0.62	-
- Statutory Audit Fees	0.48	0.48
- Tax Audit Fees	0.08	0.08
- Other Consultancy Services	0.00*	0.00*
	160.33	186.36

* Amount less than ₹ 50,000

3.08 EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Settlement under amenesty scheme for local levies	4.59	-
Impairment of trade receivables, advances & exposure to certain entities including Joint Ventures	-	0.78
	4.59	0.78

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4.01 Earnings/(Loss) Per Share

	Year ended	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Basic earnings per share (In ₹)		
Attributable to equity holders of the Company	0.56	1.84
Diluted earnings per share (In ₹)		
Attributable to equity holders of the Company	0.14	1.84
Nominal value of Ordinary shares (Amount in ₹)	10.00	10.00
Reconciliation of earnings used in calculating earnings per share :		
Basic earnings per share		
Profit/(Loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company used in calculating basic earnings per share	19.96	65.62
Diluted earnings per share		
Profit/(Loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company used in calculating diluted earnings per share	19.96	65.62
Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	35,57,34,833	35,57,34,833
Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share	1,47,08,03,326	35,57,34,833

4.02 Contingent Liabilities

- In the state of Telangana, VAT authorities have considered Set top boxes deployed as sale and raised demand of ₹ 18.05 (March 31, 2020 : ₹ 18.05) for the period April, 2011 to May 31, 2013. The Company's appeal is pending before Tribunal. The Company has deposited 50% of the amount demanded. The authorities have also levied penalty @ 100% of demand without giving an opportunity of hearing. On writ petition, Andhra Pradesh High Court has directed to initiate fresh proceedings. Since this demand was based on an advance ruling order given by relevant authority in some other case, the Company being an affected party, has filed review petition before the Advance Ruling authority. The matter has been admitted and heard, however, the decision is awaited.
- Entertainment Tax Officer, Pune has raised demand for Entertainment Tax on secondary points up to October, 2014 amounting to ₹ 4.57 (March 31, 2020 : ₹ 4.57) Writ petition has been filed before the Bombay High Court challenging the demand. Another writ petition has also been filed challenging the constitutional validity, enforceability and legality of the amendment in the Maharashtra Entertainments Duty Act, 1923 brought about w.e.f June 25, 2014.
- Karnataka VAT Department has reassessed VAT liabilities for the financial Years 2011-12, 2012-13 and 2013-14 stating that the amount realized as activation charges is sale of STBs and liable to VAT. The total tax liability is determined at ₹ 10.28 (March 31, 2020 : ₹ 10.28). The honorable High Court has admitted the writ petition and has granted an order of stay over recovery of taxes.
- The Commercial Tax Department, Jaipur has raised a demand of ₹ 29.68 for Entertainment Tax upto March 2011. Special Leave petition has been filed before the Honorable Supreme Court challenging the order dated May 08, 2015 passed by Honorable High Court of Rajasthan, Jaipur Bench, against which Interim stay has been granted to the Company with a direction to deposit an amount of ₹ 2.00.
- Karnataka VAT Department has reassessed VAT liabilities for the financial Years 2015-16 stating that the amount realized as activation charges is sale of STBs and liable to VAT. The total tax liability is determined at ₹ 7.42. The honorable High Court has admitted the writ petition and has granted an order of stay over recovery of taxes.

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f) **Claims against the Company, other than those stated above, not acknowledged as debts are as under:**

Matters with	As at	As at
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Operators & Others	5.88	5.88
Entertainment Tax	8.12	10.72
Custom Duty	5.63	-
Service Tax	-	0.54
VAT/Commercial Tax	4.85	7.52
Other Statutory Departments	0.32	1.33
Total	24.80	25.98

Pursuant to Business Transfer Agreement dated March 24, 2017, the Company has purchased Cable Television business, which inter alia includes claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts, by way of slump sale from its holding Company Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited (HCDL). Accordingly, the details of such claims, litigation etc. relating to Cable Television business received from HCDL are disclosed herein above.

g) **Foreseeable losses**

The Company has a process whereby periodically all long term contracts (including derivative contracts) are assessed for material foreseeable losses. At the year end, the Company has reviewed and ensured that adequate provision as required under any law/ applicable accounting standards for material foreseeable losses on such long term contracts has been made in the books of account.

h) **Note on pending litigations**

The Company's pending litigations comprise of proceedings pending with various direct tax, indirect tax and other authorities. The Company has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required. The Company does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its financial statements.

4.03 Financial Corporate Guarantee

The Company has given Corporate Guarantees of ₹ 7.00 (March 31, 2020: ₹ 47.74) to Banks and ₹ Nil (March 31, 2020: ₹ 61.76) to others towards various credit facilities extended by them to the holding company.

4.04 Capital and Other Commitments

Estimated amount of contracts (including acquisition of intangible assets net of advances) remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for aggregate to ₹ 103.31 (March 31, 2020: ₹ 14.25).

The Company has committed to provide the necessary level of support to its various subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries and Joint ventures to remain in existence and continue as going concern.

4.05 Employee Benefits

a) Defined Benefit Plans:

The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan covering eligible employees. The gratuity plan provides a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount equivalent to 15 to 26 days' salary for each completed year of service subject to a maximum of ₹ 0.20. Vesting occurs upon completion of five continuous years of service in accordance with Indian law.

The Present value of the defined benefit obligations and related current service cost were measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with actuarial valuation being carried out at each Balance Sheet date.

Investment Risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate determined by reference to government bond yields. If the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently the plan has a relatively balanced investment with LIC of India & Exide Life Insurance Corporation of India.
Interest Risk	A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability. However, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments
Longevity Risk	The plan is of a final salary defined benefit in nature, which is sponsored by the Company and hence it underwrites all the risks pertaining to the plan. In particular, there is a risk for the Company that any adverse salary growth or demographic experience or inadequate returns on underlying plan assets can result in an increase in cost of providing these benefits to employees in future. Since the benefits are lump sum in nature the plan is not subject to any longevity risks.
Salary Risk	The Gratuity benefit, being based on last drawn salary, will be critically effected in case of increase in future salaries being more than assumed.

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Particulars	Gratuity	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
1 Expense recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss		
Current Service Cost	0.51	0.39
Net Interest	0.19	0.04
Past Service Cost	-	-
Expense recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss	0.70	0.43
2 Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		
Measurement of net defined benefit liability		
Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from changes in demographic assumptions	-	0.16
Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from changes in financial assumption	0.07	0.11
Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from experience adjustments	(0.23)	(0.29)
Return on plan asset excluding net interest	(0.01)	0.03
Total Actuarial (Gain)/loss recognised in OCI	(0.17)	0.01
3 Change in benefit obligations:		
Projected benefit obligations at beginning of the year	3.19	2.74
Current Service Cost	0.51	0.39
Interest Cost	0.21	0.19
Benefits Paid	(0.22)	(0.10)
Actuarial (Gain) / Loss		
Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from changes in demographic assumptions	-	0.16
Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from changes in financial assumption	0.07	0.11
Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from experience adjustments	(0.24)	(0.29)
Projected benefit obligations at end of the year	3.52	3.19
4 Fair Value of Plan Assets		
Opening Fair Value of Plan Asset	0.44	2.21
Actual Return on Plan Assets less Interest on Plan Assets	0.01	(0.03)
Interest Income	0.02	0.15
Contributions by Employer	0.20	0.18
Benefits Paid	(0.21)	(0.10)
Assets acquired / (settled)	-	(1.97)
Closing Fair Value of Plan Asset	0.46	0.44

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Particulars	Gratuity	
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
5 Net Liability		
Projected benefit obligations at end of the year	3.53	3.19
Fair Value of Plan Asset at the end of the year	0.46	0.44
Net Liability	3.07	2.75
6 The net liability disclosed above relates to funded plans are as follows :		
Projected benefit obligations at end of the year	3.53	3.19
Fair Value of Plan Asset at the end of the year	0.46	0.44
Deficit of gratuity plan	3.07	2.75
7 Sensitivity Analysis		
Present value of benefit obligation at the end of the year on		
0.50 % point increase in discount rate	3.43	3.10
0.50 % point decrease in discount rate	3.63	3.29
0.50 % point increase in rate of salary rate	3.63	3.29
0.50 % point decrease in rate of salary rate	3.42	3.10
1.00 % point increase in attrition rate	3.53	3.20
1.00 % point decrease in attrition rate	3.52	3.18
10.00 % point increase in mortality rate	3.53	3.19
10.00 % point decrease in mortality rate	3.53	3.19
8 Principal assumptions used for the purpose of actuarial valuation		
Mortality	IALM (2012-14) Ult	IALM (2012-14) Ult
Interest /discount rate	6.55%	6.90%
Rate of increase in compensation	5.00%	5.00%
Expected average remaining service	6.19	7.87
	21-30 Year : 21.7%	21-30 Year : 21.7%
Employee Attrition Rate - Past service(PS)	31-50 Year : 7.8%	31-50 Year : 7.8%
	51-57 Year : 11.11%	51-57 Year : 11.11%
9 Investment Details		
Insurer managed funds	100.00%	100.00%

* Amount less than ₹ 50000/-

b) Defined Contribution Plans:

The company contributes towards provident fund and Other defined benefits contribution plans for qualifying employees. Under the plan, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost to the defined contribution plan to fund the benefits.

The Total expenses recognised in the statement of Profit and Loss is ₹ 1.59 (March 31, 2020: ₹ 1.40) represents contribution payable to these plans by the Company at the rates specified in the rules of plan.

4.06 Disclosures as required by Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 108 Operating Segments

As the Company's business activity falls within a single business segment in terms of Ind AS 108 on Operating Segments, the financial statement are reflective of the information required by Ind AS 108.

4.07 Leases

(a) Lessee

Short term leases accounted in the statement of Profit and Loss for the Financial Year 2020-21 is ₹ 21.07 (March 31, 2020 ₹ 20.09)

The Company's significant leasing arrangements in terms of Ind AS 116 on lease are in respect of Leases for Premises and Equipments. Some of these lease arrangements have price escalation clauses. The period of these leasing arrangements, range between three months to eight years and are renewable by mutual consent.

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(b) **Lessor:**

The right to use granted to subsidiaries in respect of Access devices are not classified as lease transactions as the same are not for an agreed period of time.

4.08 Capital Management

The Company's financial strategy aims to support its enterprise priorities and to maintain an optimal capital structure so as to provide adequate capital to its businesses for growth and create sustainable stakeholder value. For the purposes of Company's capital management, Capital includes equity attributable to the equity holders of the Company and all other equity reserves. The principal source of funding of the Company is expected to be cash generated from its operations supplemented by funding through capital market options.

Consequent to such capital structure, the Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

4.09 Financial Instruments

(i) **Methods & assumption used to estimates the fair values**

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- The carrying amounts of receivables and payables which are short term in nature such as trade receivables, other bank balances, deposits, loans to employees, trade payables, payables for acquisition of non-current assets, demand loans from banks and cash and cash equivalents are considered to be the same as their fair values.
- The fair values for long term loans, long term security deposits given and remaining non current financial assets were calculated based on cash flows discounted using a current lending rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs.
- The fair values of long term security deposits taken and non-current borrowings are based on discounted cash flows using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the use of unobservable inputs.
- For financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

(ii) **Categories of financial instruments**

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: directly or indirectly observable market inputs, other than Level 1 inputs; and

Level 3: inputs which are not based on observable market data

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
	Carrying values	Fair value	Carrying values	Fair value
Financial assets				
Measured at amortised cost				
Trade receivables	45.41	45.41	75.61	75.61
Loans	18.13	18.13	59.97	59.97
Cash and Bank balances	23.42	23.42	28.77	28.77
Other financial assets	14.99	14.99	24.99	24.99
Total (A)	101.95	101.95	189.34	189.34
Measured at fair value through profit or loss				
Investment in mutual funds	704.60	704.60	6.38	6.38
Total (B)	704.60	704.60	6.38	6.38
Total Financial assets (A+B)	806.55	806.55	195.71	195.71
Financial liabilities				
Measured at amortised cost				
Borrowings #	0.69	0.69	1,004.69	1,004.69
Trade payables	163.61	163.61	183.69	183.69
Other financial liabilities	46.51	46.51	75.89	75.89
Total financial liabilities (A)	210.82	210.82	1,264.27	1,264.27

includes current maturities of long term debts

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Level wise disclosure of financial instruments

Particulars	As at		Level	Valuation techniques and key inputs
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020		
Investment in mutual funds	704.60	6.38	1	Closing Net Asset Value from Mutual Funds

4.10 Financial Risk Management

The Company's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The Company's financial risk management policy is set by the Board of Directors. The details of different types of risk and management policy to address these risks are listed below:

The business activities of Company expose it to financial risks namely Credit risk, Liquidity risk and Market risk . In order to minimize any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company, it uses financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts, foreign currency swap contracts, call options to hedge certain foreign currency risk exposures, wherever considered appropriate, and follows policies set up by the Treasury function under policies approved by the Board of Directors.

1 Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that counter party will cause financial loss to the company by failing to discharge its obligation as agreed.

The Company's exposure to credit risk arises mainly from the trade receivables, unbilled revenue, loans given, and financial guarantee contract.

Credit risks from balances with banks and financial institutions are managed in accordance with the Company policy. For financial instruments, the Company attempts to limit the credit risk by only dealing with reputable banks and financial institutions having high credit-ratings assigned by credit-rating agencies.

The Company's major revenue streams arises from services provided to end use customers in the form of monthly subscription income and receivables from broadcasters for marketing & promotional income and incentive. The trade receivables and unbilled revenue on account of subscription income are typically un-secured and derived from sales made to large number of independent customers. As the customer base is distributed economically and geographically, there is no concentration of credit risk. In case of receivables and unbilled revenue from the broadcasters for marketing & promotional income and incentive, as there is no independent credit rating of the broadcasters available with the Company, the management reviews the credit-worthiness of the broadcasters based on their financial position, past experience and other factors.

The Company follows a simplified approach (i.e. based on lifetime ECL) for recognition of impairment loss allowance on Trade receivables and unbilled revenue. For the purpose of measuring the lifetime ECL allowance for trade receivables and unbilled revenue, the Company uses a provision matrix which comprise a very large number of small balances grouped into homogenous groups and assessed for impairment collectively. In addition, in case there are events or changes in circumstances indicating individual or class of trade receivables is required to be reviewed on qualitative aspects, necessary provisions are made.

The Trade Receivables includes amount due from disconnected / inactive customers / LCOs with whom no inter-connect documents have been executed and outstanding in excess of one year. The Company is taking adequate steps for recovery of overdue debts and advances and wherever necessary, adequate provisions as per expected credit loss model have been made.

Reconciliation of changes in the loss allowances measured using life-time expected credit loss model - Trade receivables

Particulars	Amount
As at April 01, 2019	369.57
Add: Provided during the year	74.91
Less: Amounts written off	2.00
Less: Reversals of Provision	1.35
As at March 31, 2020	441.13
Add: Provided during the year	7.08
Less: Amounts written off	9.59
Less: Reversals of Provision	2.43
As at March 31, 2021	436.18

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2 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company liquidity risk management policies include to, at all times ensure sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, by maintaining adequate sources of financing from banks at an optimised cost whenever considered appropriate. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. The Company's senior management monitors the Company's net liquidity position through rolling forecasts on the basis of expected cash flows.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments.

As at March 31, 2021	less than 1 year	1 to 5 year	Total
Non-Derivatives			
Trade payables	163.61	-	163.61
Borrowings	0.64	0.05	0.69
Lease Liability	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	45.57	0.94	46.51
Total	209.82	0.99	210.81

As at March 31, 2020	less than 1 year	1 to 5 year	Total
Non-Derivatives			
Trade payables	183.69	-	183.69
Borrowings	1,004.53	0.16	1,004.69
Lease Liability	1.63	-	1.63
Other financial liabilities	71.59	2.67	74.26
Total	1,261.44	2.83	1,264.27

The Company from time to time in its usual course of business issues financial guarantees to Holding company. The Company has issued corporate guarantee for debt of ₹ 7.00 (March 31, 2020: ₹109.50). The outflow in respect of these guarantees will arise only upon default of holding company. ₹ 7.00 (March 31, 2020: ₹ 65.38) is due for repayment within 1 year and ₹ Nil (March 31, 2020: ₹44.12) is due for repayment within 1 - 5 years from the reporting date.

Financing arrangements

The Company has sufficient sanctioned line of credit from its bankers / financiers; commensurate to its business requirements. The Company reviews its line of credit available with bankers and lenders from time to time to ensure that at all point in time there is sufficient availability of line of credit.

The Company pays special attention to the net operating working capital invested in the business. In this regard, as in previous years, considerable work has been performed to control and reduce collection periods for trade and other receivables, as well as to optimise accounts payable with the support of banking arrangements to mobilise funds.

3 Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The Company is exposed in the ordinary course of business to following risks: (a) foreign exchange risk, (b) interest rate risk and (c) price risk.

a) Market Risk – Foreign Exchange

Foreign exchange risk arises on all recognised monetary assets and liabilities which are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the Company. The Company has foreign currency trade payables.

Foreign currency risk is managed by following established risk management policies, which inter alia includes monitoring the movements in currencies in which the capex vendors are payable and hedging the exposure to foreign currency risk wherever considered appropriate by entering into forward currency contracts, call options and currency swaps contracts.

The Company does not enter into or trade financial instrument for speculative purpose.

The carrying amount of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows :

Foreign Currency Exposure

	As at March 31 2021	As at March 31 2020
	USD	USD
Assets		
Liabilities		
Trade payables	0.75	32.86

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Details of Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure is as under:

	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
	Amount in Foreign Currency	Amount in INR	Amount in Foreign Currency	Amount in INR
Accounts Payables				
USD	0.01	0.75	0.43	32.86
Other Firm Commitments				
USD	0.03	2.54	0.03	2.51

Foreign currency sensitivity

1 % increase or decrease in foreign exchange rates will have the following impact on Profit before tax and on other components of equity :

Particulars	Impact on Profit before tax: Increase/(Decrease)			
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
	1 % Increase	1 % Increase	1 % Decrease	1 % Decrease
USD	(0.01)	(0.33)	0.01	0.33

Particulars	Impact on other components of equity : (Increase)/Decrease			
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
	1 % Increase	1 % Increase	1 % Decrease	1 % Decrease
USD	(0.01)	(0.33)	0.01	0.33

b) Market Risk – Interest Rate

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. During the year the Company is less exposed to interest rate risk because the Company has borrowed funds substantially at fixed interest rates.

The exposure of the company's borrowings to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Fixed rate borrowings	0.00*	1,004.64
Total	0.00*	1,004.64

* Amount less than ₹ 50,000

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates on the borrowings at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate borrowings, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of borrowing outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for whole of the year. A 100 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel.

	Impact on Profit : Increase/(Decrease)		Impact on equity : (Increase)/Decrease	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Interest rates - increase by 100 basis points *	-	-	-	-
Interest rates - decrease by 100 basis points *	-	-	-	-

* assuming all other variables as constant

c) Market Risk – Price Risk

The Company is mainly exposed to the price risk due to its investment in mutual funds. The price risk arises due to uncertainties about the future market values of these investments. At March 31 2021, the investments in mutual funds is Rs.704.60 (March 31, 2020 : 6.38).These are exposed to price risk. In order to minimise price risk arising from investments in mutual funds, the Company predominately invests in those mutual funds which have higher exposure to high quality debt instruments with adequate liquidity & no demonstrated track record of price volatility.

Price risk sensitivity:

0.10% increase or decrease in prices will have the following impact on loss before tax and on other components of equity

	Impact on Profit: Increase/(Decrease)		Impact on equity : (Increase)/Decrease	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Price - increase by 0.10%**	0.70	0.01	0.70	0.01
Price - decrease by 0.10% **	(0.70)	(0.01)	(0.70)	(0.01)

* Amount less than ₹ 50000/-

** assuming all other variables as constant

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4.11 Details of Investment, Loan given, guarantee given and security made during the year 2020-21 as per section 186 (4) of The Companies Act 2013:

The Company has not granted any loans, guarantee, and security during the Financial Year 2019-20 and 2020-21. The company has made investment of ₹ 91.25 (Financial Year 2019-20 Rs Nil).

Nature of transaction/ kind of securities	Number of securities	Face value and Paid up value	Cost of Acquisition (in case of Securities how the Purchased Price was arrived at)	Name of recipient	Amount of loan/ security/ acquisition/ guarantee	Purpose of loan/ acquisition/ guarantee/ security
Investments in equity shares	96,89,923	Nominal Value ₹10/- Paid Up Value ₹10/-	As per the resolution passed by the Board of Directors of the said Company	Hathway Krishna Cable Limited *	17.29	Corporate Business Purpose
Investments in equity shares	22,61,920	Nominal Value ₹10/- Paid Up Value ₹10/-		Hathway Software Developers Limited *	11.03	Corporate Business Purpose
Investments in equity shares	63,54,110	Nominal Value ₹10/- Paid Up Value ₹10/-		Hathway Mysore Cable Network Limited *	15.40	Corporate Business Purpose
Investments in equity shares	61,27,310	Nominal Value ₹10/- Paid Up Value ₹10/-		UTN Cable Communications Limited *	10.31	Corporate Business Purpose
Investments in equity shares	4,24,940	Nominal Value ₹10/- Paid Up Value ₹10/-		Hathway New Concept Cable and Datacom Limited *	3.51	Corporate Business Purpose
Investments in equity shares	25,00,000	Nominal Value ₹10/- Paid Up Value ₹10/-		Hathway Broadband Limited *	2.50	Corporate Business Purpose
Investments in equity shares	21,35,630	Nominal Value ₹10/- Paid Up Value ₹10/-		Vision India Network Limited *	2.05	Corporate Business Purpose
Investments in equity shares	13,40,919	Nominal Value ₹10/- Paid Up Value ₹10/-		Bee Network & Communciations Limited *	1.24	Corporate Business Purpose
Investments in equity shares	1,34,080	Nominal Value ₹10/- Paid Up Value ₹10/-		Hathway CNet Limited *	0.04	Corporate Business Purpose
Investments in equity shares	22,922	Nominal Value ₹100/- Paid Up Value ₹100/-		ITV Interactive Media Limited *	0.15	Corporate Business Purpose
Investments in equity shares	10,87,580	Nominal Value ₹10/- Paid Up Value ₹10/-		Hathway Space Vision Cabletel Limited *	1.08	Corporate Business Purpose
Investments in equity shares	1,66,851	Nominal Value ₹100/- Paid Up Value ₹100/-		Binary Technology Transfers Limited *	1.66	Corporate Business Purpose
Investments in equity shares	16,82,550	Nominal Value ₹10/- Paid Up Value ₹10/-		Hathway Internet Satellite Limited *	1.67	Corporate Business Purpose
Investments in equity shares	2,01,11,550	Nominal Value ₹10/- Paid Up Value ₹10/-		Win Cable & Datacom Limited *	19.91	Corporate Business Purpose
Investments in equity shares	20,000	Nominal Value ₹10/- Paid Up Value ₹10/-		Hathway Digital Saharanpur Cable & Datacom Limited *	0.00**	Corporate Business Purpose
Investments in equity shares	30,000	Nominal Value ₹10/- Paid Up Value ₹10/-		Hathway JMD Farukabad Cable & Datacom Limited *	0.02	Corporate Business Purpose
Investments in equity shares	30,000	Nominal Value ₹10/- Paid Up Value ₹10/-		Hathway Enjoy Cable Network Limited *	0.03	Corporate Business Purpose
Investments in equity shares	7,34,380	Nominal Value ₹10/- Paid Up Value ₹10/-		Ideal Cables Limited *	0.66	Corporate Business Purpose
Investments in equity shares	4,46,840	Nominal Value ₹10/- Paid Up Value ₹10/-		Hathway Gwalior Cable & Datacom Limited *	0.44	Corporate Business Purpose
Investments in equity shares	32,360	Nominal Value ₹10/- Paid Up Value ₹10/-		Hathway United Cables Network Limited *	0.02	Corporate Business Purpose
Investments in equity shares	22,52,530	Nominal Value ₹10/- Paid Up Value ₹10/-	Liberty Media Vision Limited *	2.24	Corporate Business Purpose	
Investments in equity shares	65,040	Nominal Value ₹10/- Paid Up Value ₹10/-	Hathway Media Vision Limited *	0.00**	Corporate Business Purpose	

* w.e.f. March 10, 2021

** Amount less than ₹ 50,000

Financial Year 2019-2020

During the Financial year 2019-2020, there has been no investment made by the Company in Terms of Section 186(4) of the Act.

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4.12 The Details of Amounts Outstanding to Micro and Small Enterprises Based on available information with the Company is as under :

Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Principal amount due and remaining unpaid	5.94	-

4.13 During the current year, the Company has entered into a Business Transfer Agreement (BTA) with Visual Channel Services Private Limited for purchase of business of owning and operating Platform Service Channels by way of slump sale on going concern basis, with effect from March 10, 2021, for a total consideration of ₹ 0.01.

4.14 Revenue from contracts with customers

Disaggregation Of Revenue

	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
Major service lines		
Subscription income	692.83	795.31
Activation income	52.62	59.50
Marketing & Promotional income	219.70	218.18
Broadcaster's Incentive Income	55.70	73.33
Other operating revenue	45.59	25.51
	1,066.44	1,171.83

Contract Balances

The Company classifies the right to consideration in exchange for deliverables as either a receivable or as unbilled revenue.

Trade receivable and unbilled revenues are presented net of impairment in the Balance Sheet

The following table provides information about receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities for the contracts with the customers.

Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Receivables, which are included in 'Trade and other receivables'	45.41	75.61
Contract assets (Unbilled Revenue)	-	-
Contract liabilities (Unearned Revenue)	7.08	7.15

The contract assets primarily relate to the Company's rights to consideration for work completed but not billed at the reporting date. The contract assets are transferred to receivables when the rights become unconditional.

The contract liabilities primarily relate to the billing recognized in advance where performance obligations are yet to be satisfied.

Significant changes in the contract assets and the contract liabilities balances during the period are as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2020
	Contract assets	Contract liabilities	Contract assets	Contract liabilities
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	7.15	-	15.12
Advance Income received from the customer during the year	-	7.08	-	7.15
Revenue recognised that is included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the year	-	7.15	-	15.12
Balance at the end of the year	-	7.08	-	7.15

Performance Obligations And Remaining Performance Obligations

The remaining performance obligation disclosure provides the aggregate amount of the transaction price yet to be recognized as at the end of the reporting period and an explanation as to when the company expects to recognize these amounts in revenue. Applying the practical expedient as given in Ind AS 115, the company has not disclosed the remaining performances as the performance obligations relates to contracts that have an original expected duration of one year or less.

Remaining performance obligation estimates are subject to change and are affected by several factors, including terminations, changes in the scope of contracts, periodic revalidations, adjustment for revenue that has not materialized and adjustments for currency.

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4.15 Related Party Disclosures:

A. Names of related parties and related party relationship

i) The company is controlled by the following entities:	
Parent	Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited
Entities exercising control over parent	Reliance Industries Limited Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited * (Protector of Digital Media Distribution Trust) Digital Media Distribution Trust Jio Content Distribution Holdings Private Limited \$ Jio Internet Distribution Holdings Private Limited \$ Jio Cable and Broadband Holdings Private Limited \$
ii) Under control of the company :	
Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	Bee Network and Communication Limited Binary Technology Transfers Limited Hathway Broadband Limited Hathway CNet Limited Hathway Digital Saharanpur Cable and Datacom Limited Hathway Enjoy Cable Network Limited Hathway Gwalior Cable & Datacom Limited Hathway Internet Satellite Limited Hathway JMD Farukhabad Cable Network Limited Hathway Krishna Cable Limited Hathway Media Vision Limited Hathway Mysore Cable Network Limited Hathway New Concept Cable & Datacom Limited Hathway Software Developers Limited Hathway Space Vision Cabletel Limited Hathway United Cables Limited Ideal Cables Limited ITV Interactive Media Limited Liberty Media Vision Limited UTN Cable Communications Limited Vision India Network Limited Win Cable and Datacom Limited
iii) Other Related parties :	
Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	Channels India Network Private Limited Hathway Bhawani Cabletel & Datacom Limited Hathway Kokan Crystal Cable Network Limited Hathway Mantra Cable & Datacom Limited TV18 Broadcast Limited ^^ IndiaCast Media Distribution Private Limited ^^ Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited^^ Den Networks Limited,^^ Jio Haptik Technologies Limited ^^ Reliance Retail Limited ^^ Den Broadband Private Limited ^^ Reliance Projects & Property Management Services Limited ^^ Jio Platforms Limited ^^ Viacom 18 Media Private Limited ^^

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Joint Ventures	Hathway CBN Multinet Private Limited Hathway CCN Entertainment (India) Private Limited Hathway Bhaskar CCN Multi Entertainment Private Limited Hathway CCN Multinet Private Limited
Joint Ventures of Parent	Hathway Cable MCN Nanded Private Limited Hathway Channel 5 Cable & Datacom Private Limited Hathway Dattatray Cable Network Private Limited Hathway Digital Saharanpur Cable & Datacom Private Limited (upto 15 December, 2020) Hathway ICE Television Private Limited Hathway Latur MCN Cable & Datacom Private Limited Hathway MCN Private Limited Hathway Palampur Cable Network Private Limited (upto 11 February, 2021) Hathway Prime Cable & Datacom Private Limited Hathway Sai Star Cable & Datacom Private Limited Hathway Sonali OM Crystal Cable Private Limited Hathway SS Cable & Datacom LLP Net 9 Online Hathway Private Limited (upto 18 March, 2021)
Joint Venture of Fellow Subsidiary	Hathway Bhawani NDS Network Private Limited
Associates of Entities exercising Control Over Parent	Eenadu Television Private Limited Shop Cj Network Private Limited (upto June 06, 2019) TV18 Home Shopping Network Limited (upto June 06, 2019)
Associates of Parent	GTPL Hathway Limited Hathway VCN Cablenet Private Limited Pan Cable Services Private Limited
Trust	Hathway Digital Private Limited Employees Group Gratuity Trust
Key Management Personnel of Parent	Viren R Raheja Akshay R Raheja

* Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited - Protector of Digital Media Distribution Trust is wholly owned subsidiary of Reliance Industries Limited

\$ Controlled by Digital Media Distribution Trust of which Reliance Content Distribution Limited - wholly owned subsidiary of Reliance Industries Limited is the sole beneficiary.

^^ Subsidiary of Reliance Industries Limited

B. Related Party Transactions
Compensation to Key Management Personnel

Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
(a) Short Term employee benefits	-	-
(b) Post employment benefits	-	-
(c) Other long term benefits	-	-
(d) Sitting Fees	-	-
Total Compensation	-	-

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Nature of Transaction	Name of Party	Relationship	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Income				
Consultancy Income	Hathway Latur MCN Cable & Datacom Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	0.85	0.95
	Hathway Cable MCN Nanded Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	1.19	0.64
	Hathway MCN Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	2.70	1.30
	Hathway Sai Star Cable & Datacom Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	2.98	-
Subscription / Digital Income	IndiaCast Media Distribution Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	45.34	49.29
	Hathway MCN Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	10.75	-
	Others	Entities Exercising control	0.04	-
	Others	Associates of Entities exercising control over Parent	0.01	4.56
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	10.58	50.49
	Others	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	25.47	-
	Others	Joint Venture of Fellow Subsidiary	0.44	0.40
Service Charges (Income)	Others	Joint Venture of Parent	9.68	15.30
	Hathway Kokan Crystal Cable Network Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	-	0.01
	Hathway Sonali OM Crystal Cable Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	0.00*	0.00*
Interest Income on Loan	Hathway Krishna Cable Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	0.78	0.85
	Hathway Mysore Cable Network Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	0.78	0.85
	Hathway Software Developers Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	0.78	0.85
	UTN Cable Communications Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	0.87	0.95
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.07	0.15
Sales - STB / Parts and Accessories	Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited	Parent	-	1.30
	Den Networks Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	1.40	-
	Hathway Mantra cable & Datacom Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.68	0.68
	Hathway MCN Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	1.36	0.91
	Hathway Dattatray Cable Network Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	0.91	-
	Hathway Sai Star Cable & Datacom Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	1.06	-
	Others	Parent	0.39	-
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.31	-
	Others	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	0.27	-
	Others	Joint Venture of Fellow Subsidiary	0.04	-
	Others	Joint Venture of Parent	0.75	0.19

Nature of Transaction	Name of Party	Relationship	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Business Support Services	Others	Parent	0.01	-
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.04	-
	Others	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	0.06	-
	Others	Joint Venture of Parent	0.04	-
Incentive	TV18 Broadcast Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	7.51	-
	Eenadu Television Private Limited	Associates of Entities Exercising Control Over Parents	3.65	-
Lease Line charges	Hathway Cable MCN Nanded Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	0.18	-
	Hathway Latur MCN Cable & Datacom Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	0.58	-
	Hathway MCN Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	0.43	-
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.12	-
Software Charges	Den Networks Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	1.43	-
Advertisement	Viacom 18 Media Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.27	-
Sales - Capital Assets	Hathway Mantra cable & Datacom Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	-	0.06
	Hathway New Concept Cable & Datacom Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	-	0.07
	Hathway CCN Entertainment (India) Private Limited	Joint Venture	-	0.17
	Others	Joint Venture of Fellow Subsidiary	-	0.00*

Expenses				
Feed Charges	Hathway Mantra Cable & Datacom Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	3.66	1.58
	Hathway MCN Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	6.83	2.96
	Hathway Cable MCN Nanded Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	2.25	-
	Hathway Sai Star Cable & Datacom Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	-	2.23
	Others	Joint Ventures	0.11	-
	Others	Joint Ventures of Parent	4.28	2.74
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.92	4.98
	Others	Joint Venture of Fellow Subsidiary	0.18	0.06
	Others	Associate of Parent	-	0.08
Interest on Unsecured Loan	Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited	Parent	-	6.14
	Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited	Parent	-	0.00*
Purchase - STB / Parts and Accessories	Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	-	0.03
	Reliance Retail Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	4.46	-
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.06	-
	Others	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	2.12	-

Nature of Transaction	Name of Party	Relationship	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Distributors Commission	Hathway Bhawani Cabletel & Datacom Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	1.23	1.47
Pay Channel Cost	TV18 Broadcast Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	78.38	77.89
	Eenadu Television Private Limited	Associates of Entities exercising Control Over Parent	12.74	13.82
Equipment Rent	Hathway Bhawani Cabletel & Datacom Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.30	0.30
Rent	Viren R Raheja	Key Management Personnel of Parent	1.48	1.74
	Akshay R Raheja	Key Management Personnel of Parent	1.48	1.74
	Den Networks Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.40	-
	Others	Parent	0.01	-
Bad Debts Written Off	Hathway Dattatray Cable Network Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	2.00	2.00
	Hathway Krishna Cable Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	1.69	-
	Hathway New Concept Cable & Datacom Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	3.96	-
	Others	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	0.89	-
Advances Written Off	Hathway Krishna Cable Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	10.52	-
	Hathway Mysore Cable Network Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	10.20	-
	Hathway Software Developers Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	10.58	-
	UTN Cable Communications Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	11.94	-
Consultancy Charges	Hathway CCN Multinet Private Limited	Joint Venture	-	0.09
Impairment of Doubtful Advances / Receivables	GTPL Hathway Limited	Associate of Parent	-	3.69
	Hathway Dattatray Cable Network Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	-	0.55
Contribution to Gratuity Fund	Hathway Digital Private Limited Employees Group Gratuity Trust	Trust	0.20	0.18
Lease Line Cost	Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	15.54	2.43
	Others	Parent	0.00*	-
Business Promotion Expenses	Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited	Parent	0.03	-
Purchase of Asset (Licence Fees)	Jio Haptik Technologies Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.27	-
Service Charges Expense	Jio Platforms Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	2.89	-
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.54	-
Exceptional Item	Hathway Digital Saharanpur Cable & Datacom Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	-	0.42

Nature of Transaction	Name of Party	Relationship	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Change in Assets / Liabilities during the year				
Investments made	Hathway Krishna Cable Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	17.29	-
	Hathway Software Developers Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	11.03	-
	Hathway Mysore Cable Network Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	15.40	-
	UTN Cable Communications Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	10.31	-
	Win Cable & Datacom Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	19.91	-
	Others	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	17.31	-
Allowance for Bad and Doubtful Debts (Net)	Hathway Dattatray Cable Network Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	(2.23)	(1.45)
	Hathway Krishna Cable Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	(1.69)	-
	Hathway New Concept Cable and Datacom Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	(3.96)	-
	Hathway SS Cable & Datacom LLP	Joint Venture of Parent	2.10	-
	Hathway Konkan Crystal Cable Network Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	1.89	-
	Others	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	(0.68)	-
	GTPL Hathway Limited	Associate of Parent	-	3.69
Others	Joint Venture of Parent	(0.21)	0.42	
Net Advance/ Trade receivable/ Trade Payable recovered/ Paid	Hathway Dattatray Cable Network Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	3.39	4.13
	Hathway Krishna Cable Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	4.23	-
	TV18 Broadcast Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	4.90	-
	Hathway New Concept Cable & Datacom Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	3.63	-
	IndiaCast Media Distribution Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	-	4.94
	Hathway CCN Multinet Private Limited	Joint Venture	-	1.13
	Eenadu Television Private Limited	Associates of Entities exercising Control Over Parent	-	2.13
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	2.46	12.43
	Others	Joint Venture of Fellow Subsidiary	0.00*	0.07
	Others	Joint Venture	1.40	1.14
	Others	Joint Venture of Parent	0.03	7.09
	Others	Associate of Parent	2.41	2.32
Others	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	6.74	-	

Nature of Transaction	Name of Party	Relationship	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Net Advance/ Trade receivable/ Trade Payable made	Hathway Sai Star Cable & Datacom Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	1.17	-
	Hathway Latur MCN Cable & Datacom Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	0.62	-
	IndiaCast Media Distribution Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.64	-
	TV18 Broadcast Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	-	9.78
	Others	Entities exercising control over parent	0.01	-
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.26	-
	Others	Associate of Entities exercising control over Parent	0.38	-
	Others	Joint Venture	-	0.17
	Others	Joint Venture of Parent	0.65	0.29
	Others	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	0.27	-
Loan taken	Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited	Parent	0.64	-
Loans Repaid	Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited	Parent	-	61.99
Loans Recovered	Hathway Bhawani Cabletel & Datacom Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	1.20	0.40
Closing Balances				
Investments	Hathway Krishna Cable Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	17.29	-
	Hathway Software Developers Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	11.03	-
	Hathway Mysore Cable Network Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	15.40	-
	UTN Cable Communications Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	10.31	-
	Win Cable & Datacom Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	19.91	-
	Hathway CBN Multinet Private Limited	Joint Venture	1.05	1.05
	Hathway CCN Entertainment (India) Private Limited	Joint Venture	3.69	3.69
	Hathway CCN Multinet Private Limited	Joint Venture	6.16	6.16
	Others	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	17.31	-
	Others	Joint Venture	0.01	0.01
Allowance for Investments	Hathway Bhaskar CCN Multi Entertainment Private Limited	Joint Venture	2.70	2.70

Nature of Transaction	Name of Party	Relationship	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Loans & Advance given	Hathway CCN Multinet Private Limited	Joint Venture	1.63	1.63
	Hathway Krishna Cable Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	-	9.12
	Hathway Mysore Cable Network Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	-	8.87
	Hathway Software Developers Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	-	9.14
	UTN Cable Communication Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	-	10.28
	Hathway VCN Cablenet Private Limited	Associate of Parent	5.50	5.50
	Others	Associate of Parent	0.59	0.59
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	-	1.20
Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Advance	Hathway VCN Cablenet Private Limited	Associate of Parent	5.50	5.50
	Hathway CCN Multinet Private Limited	Joint Venture	1.63	1.63
	Others	Associate of Parent	0.59	0.59
Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Debt	Hathway Channel 5 Cable & Datacom Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	-	3.81
	Hathway Dattatray Cable Network Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	4.69	6.92
	Hathway New Concept Cable and Datacom Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	6.64	10.60
	Hathway Mantra Cable & Datacom Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	5.41	5.41
	Others	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	5.03	-
	Others	Joint Venture	4.47	4.47
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	3.22	8.32
	Others	Joint Venture of Parent	8.78	3.49
	Others	Associate of Parent	3.69	3.69
	Trade Receivables	Hathway Krishna Cable Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	-
Hathway Mantra Cable & Datacom Limited		Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	15.18	16.76
Hathway New Concept Cable & Datacom Limited		Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	-	10.83
UTN Cable Communication Limited		Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	-	9.66
Others		Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	32.52	-
Others		Entities exercising control over parent	0.01	-
Others		Associate of Entities exercising control over Parent	0.71	1.69
Others		Associate of Parent	1.46	1.46
Others		Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	13.70	31.13
Others		Joint Venture	2.16	2.43
Others		Joint Venture of Parent	12.78	14.86

Nature of Transaction	Name of Party	Relationship	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Trade Payables	TV18 Broadcast Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	14.02	8.39
	Eenadu Television Private Limited	Associates of Entities exercising Control Over Parent	2.48	3.84
	Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	2.37	2.66
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.47	-
	Others	Joint Venture	0.02	-
	Others	Joint Venture of Fellow Subsidiary	0.02	-
	Others	Joint Venture of Parent	1.03	1.81
Unbilled Revenue	Hathway Krishna Cable Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	0.36	0.55
	UTN Cable Communications Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	0.49	0.55
	Hathway Mysore Cable Network Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	0.44	-
	Hathway CCN Multinet Private Limited	Joint Venture	-	0.67
	Others	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	0.46	-
	Others	Joint Ventures	-	0.44
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.41	1.46
	Others	Joint Ventures of Parent	0.66	0.77
	Others	Joint Venture of Fellow Subsidiary	0.03	0.02
Borrowings	Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited	Parent	0.64	-
Security Deposits (Received)	Hathway Cable MCN Nanded Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	0.02	0.02
Security Deposits (Given)	Viren R Raheja	Key Management Personnel of Parent	1.84	1.84
	Akshay R Raheja	Key Management Personnel of Parent	1.84	1.84

* Amount less than 50000

The Company had issued in 5% Non cumulative Redeemable Preference shares aggregating to ₹ 0.05 (March 31, 2020 : ₹ 0.05).The Company has given Corporate financial Guarantees of ₹ 7.00 (March 31, 2020 : ₹ 109.50) on behalf of Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited.

Hathway Digital Limited
(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)
Notes To The Standalone Financial Statements
 (₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)

4.16 The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on April 3, 2021, has approved a Scheme of Merger of certain wholly owned subsidiaries viz. Hathway Krishna Cable Limited, Hathway Mysore Cable Network Limited, Hathway Software Developers Limited, UTN Cable Communications Limited, Hathway New Concept Cable & Datacom Limited, Hathway Cnet Limited, Hathway Gwalior Cable & Datacom Limited, Ideal Cables Limited, Bee Network and Communication Limited, Binary Technology Transfers Limited, Hathway Broadband Limited, Hathway Enjoy Cable Network Limited, Hathway Internet Satellite Limited, Hathway JMD Farukhabad Cable Network Limited, Hathway Media Vision Limited, Hathway Space Vision Cabletel Limited, Hathway United Cables Limited, ITV Interactive Media Limited, Liberty Media Vision Limited, Vision India Network Limited, Win Cable and Datacom Limited, and Hathway Digital Saharanpur Cable & Datacom Limited with and into the Company (“Scheme”), pursuant to the provisions of Section 233 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“Act”) and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act, with appointed date as April 01, 2021. The Scheme, however will take effect upon receipt of requisite approvals and fulfilment of conditions as stated in the Scheme. Pending finalization and approvals of the Scheme, no effect have been given of this proposed merger in the financial statements.

4.17 Previous year's figures have been reclassified / regrouped, wherever necessary.

As per our report of even date
For G. M. Kapadia & Co.
 Chartered Accountants
 Firm Registration No. 104767W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mr. Atul Shah
 Partner

Membership No. 039569
 Place : Mumbai
 Date : April 19, 2021

Ms. Pranjali Gawde
 Chief Financial Officer

Ms. Niharika Matlani
 Company Secretary and Compliance officer
 Membership No: F- 10579

Date: April 19, 2021

Mr. Dulal Banerjee
 Non-Executive Director &
 Chief Executive Officer

DIN : 02455932

Ms. Ameeta Parpia
 Independent Director
 DIN : 02654277

Mr. Kunal Chandra
 Independent Director
 DIN : 07617184

Mr. Ajay Singh
 Non-Executive Director

DIN : 06899567

Mr. Varun Lau
 Non-Executive Director
 DIN : 03489931

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT

To the Members of Hathway Digital Limited (formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)

Report on the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of **Hathway Digital Limited** (formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited) (hereinafter referred to as “the Holding Company”) and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as “the Group”) and its joint ventures comprising of the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information. (hereinafter referred to as ‘the consolidated financial statements’).

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, (“Ind AS”) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, its consolidated profit (including other comprehensive income), consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI), together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and rules made there under and we have

fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and Code of Ethics issued by ICAI. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on standalone financial statements and on the other financial information of the joint ventures, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sr. No	Key Audit Matters	How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matters
1.	<p>Valuation and Disclosure of Deferred Tax Assets</p> <p>The Group has a significant amount of deferred tax assets, mainly resulting from unused tax losses and unabsorbed depreciation allowance. The accounting for deferred tax assets is significant to our audit since the Group makes judgements and estimates of forecasted taxable income in relation to the realization of deferred tax assets.</p> <p>As at March 31, 2021, the deferred tax assets are valued at ₹265.31 crores. Further reference is made to Note 2.06.</p>	<p>Our procedures included, amongst others:</p> <p>We tested management’s assumptions used to determine that there is a reasonable certainty that deferred tax assets recognized in the balance sheet will be realized. This is based upon forecasted taxable income and the periods when the deferred tax assets can be utilized. The forecasts were evaluated by us considering the recent capital infusion and related business plans approved by the management. Such evaluation included obtaining an understanding of management’s planned strategies around business expansion, revenue stream growth strategies.</p> <p>We have also tested the effectiveness of the Group’s internal controls around the valuation of deferred tax assets. We also assessed the adequacy of the Group’s disclosures included in Note 2.06</p>

Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in Annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance (including other comprehensive income), consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its joint ventures in accordance with Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The Holding Company's Board of Directors is also responsible for ensuring accuracy of records including financial information considered necessary for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its joint ventures are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its joint ventures are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of its joint ventures to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless respective Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its joint ventures are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group and of its joint ventures.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of

accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its joint ventures to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its joint ventures to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and its joint ventures to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion. Our responsibilities in this regard are further described in "Other Matters" paragraph below.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the consolidated financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

- (i) We did not audit the audited standalone financial statements of ten subsidiaries, whose standalone financial statements reflect total assets of ₹27.47 crore as at March 31, 2021, total revenues of ₹1.17 crore, Group's share of total net profit after tax of ₹0.86 crore and total comprehensive income of ₹ 0.86 crores and net cash inflows amounting to ₹ 6.96 crores for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements and other financial information have been audited by their respective independent auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management of the Holding Company and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of such auditors.
- (ii) Apart from above, as stated in Note 4.17 of the consolidated financial statements, the consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of total net profit after tax of ₹ 0.00¹ crores and total comprehensive income of ₹ 0.00² crores for the year ended March 31, 2021, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, in respect of four joint ventures. The standalone financial statements and financial information of these joint ventures have been furnished to us by the Management of the Holding Company and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosure included in respect of these joint ventures is based solely on such unaudited standalone financial statements/ financial information. According to the

¹ Amount ₹ 23,226

² Amount ₹ 23,226

information and explanations given to us by the Management of the Holding Company, such standalone financial statements of these joint ventures is not material to the Group.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements/ financial information certified by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

- a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;
- b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors;
- c. The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;
- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued thereunder and relevant provisions of the Act;
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiaries incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group is disqualified as on March 31, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164 (2) of the Act;
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries incorporated in India and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in 'Annexure A';
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Holding Company and its subsidiaries have not paid remuneration to its directors during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of section 197 of the Act are not applicable to the Company;

- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on unaudited standalone financial statements/ financial information of the joint ventures, as noted in the "Other matters" paragraph:
- i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group and its joint ventures. Refer Note 4.02 (i) and 4.11 to the consolidated financial statements;
 - ii. The Group and its joint ventures have made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.- Refer Note 4.02 (h) to the consolidated financial statements ; and
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Group and its joint ventures.

For G. M. Kapadia & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 104767W

Atul Shah
Partner
Membership No. 039569
UDIN :21039569AAAAFP7298

Place: Mumbai
Dated this 19th day of April, 2021

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor’s Report

Referred to in paragraph (f) under “Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements” of our Independent Auditor’s Report on even date to the members of Hathway Digital Limited (formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited) (“the Holding Company) on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021:

Opinion

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2021, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of **Hathway Digital Limited (formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited) (hereinafter referred to as ‘the Holding Company’)** and its subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date. Since the reporting requirements under section 143(3)(i) of the Act are not applicable to the joint ventures, this report is only in respect of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries.

In our opinion, the Holding Company and its subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021 based on the internal controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Holding Company, considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding company and its subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Holding Company, considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (“Guidance Note”) issued by the ICAI. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, specified under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal controls based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their report referred to in the "Other Matters" paragraph below is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Holding Company's internal financial control system with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use,

or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Other Matters

Our aforesaid report under section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, in so far as it relates to standalone financial statements of 10 subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such companies incorporated in India.

For G. M. Kapadia & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 104767W

Atul Shah
Partner
Membership No. 039569
UDIN :21039569AAAAFP7298

Place: Mumbai
Dated this 19th day of April, 2021

Hathway Digital Limited
(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)
CIN: U92130MH2007PLC290016
Consolidated Balance Sheet As At March 31, 2021
(₹ in Crore unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	2.01	588.99	582.19
Capital work in progress		53.67	54.99
Goodwill		7.81	2.99
Other Intangible assets	2.02	56.57	43.90
Investment accounted using equity method	2.03	12.31	12.31
Financial assets			
Investments	2.03	1.85	-
Loans	2.04	7.19	13.45
Other financial assets	2.05	0.05	-
Deferred tax assets (Net)	2.06	265.31	256.78
Other Non-current assets	2.07	46.36	64.10
Total Non-current assets		1,040.11	1,030.71
Current Assets			
Inventories	2.08	0.36	2.19
Financial Assets			
Investments	2.09	724.40	6.38
Trade receivables	2.10	6.53	75.61
Cash and cash equivalents	2.11	49.00	22.58
Bank balances other than Cash and cash equivalents			
	2.12	5.50	6.19
Loans	2.04	11.09	46.51
Other financial assets	2.05	13.31	24.99
Current tax assets (Net)	2.13	1.64	0.09
Other current assets	2.07	59.17	52.74
Total current assets		871.00	237.28
Total Assets		1,911.11	1,267.99

Hathway Digital Limited
 (Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)
CIN: U92130MH2007PLC290016
Consolidated Balance Sheet As At March 31, 2021
 (₹ in Crore unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity Share capital	2.14	355.73	355.73
Other Equity	2.15	1,228.87	(499.33)
Total equity		1,584.60	(143.60)
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	2.16	28.04	0.16
Other financial liabilities	2.17	1.02	2.67
Provisions	2.18	1.71	1.30
Other Non-current liabilities	2.19	8.30	36.13
Total Non-current liabilities		39.07	40.26
Current liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	2.16	1.51	1,003.24
Trade payables			
Total outstanding dues :			
- Micro enterprises and small enterprises		0.05	-
- Others		165.23	183.69
Other financial liabilities			
Total outstanding dues :			
- Micro enterprises and small enterprises	2.17	5.89	-
- Others	2.17	40.30	74.50
Provisions	2.18	0.13	0.14
Other current liabilities	2.19	74.32	109.76
Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	2.20	0.01	-
Total current liabilities		287.44	1,371.33
Total Equity and Liabilities		1,911.11	1,267.99

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For G. M. Kapadia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 104767W

For and on behalf of the Board

Mr. Atul Shah

Partner

Membership No. 039569

Place : Mumbai

Date : April 19, 2021

(Dulal Banerjee)

Non-Executive
 Director & Chief
 Executive Officer

DIN : 02455932

(Ajay Singh)

Non-Executive
 Director

DIN : 06899567

Hathway Digital Limited
(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)
CINU92130MH2007PLC290016

Ms. Pranjali Gawde
Chief Financial Officer

Ms. Ameeta Parpia
Independent Director
DIN:02654277

Mr. Varun Lau
Non-Executive Director
DIN : 03489931

Ms. Niharika Matlani
Company Secretary and Compliance officer
Membership No: F- 10579

Mr. Kunal Chandra
Independent Director
DIN : 07617184

Date: April 19, 2021

Hathway Digital Limited

(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)

CIN: U92130MH2007PLC290016**Consolidated Statement of Profit & Loss For The Year Ended March 31, 2021**(**₹** in Crore unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note No.	Year ended	Year ended
		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
INCOME			
Revenue From Operations	3.01	1,066.64	1,171.83
Other Income	3.02	20.49	9.03
Total Income		1,087.13	1,180.86
EXPENSES			
Pay channel cost		523.97	523.76
Other operational expenses	3.03	131.02	121.99
Employee benefits expense	3.04	38.92	35.38
Finance costs	3.05	17.36	116.13
Depreciation, Amortization & Impairment	3.06	199.57	217.05
Other expenses	3.07	117.72	186.36
Total Expenses		1,028.56	1,200.67
Profit / (loss) before share of profit/(loss) of associates / joint ventures and exceptional items		58.57	(19.81)
Share of net profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method		0.00*	1.20
Profit / (loss) before exceptional items and tax		58.57	(18.61)
Exceptional items	3.08	4.59	0.78
Profit / (loss) before tax		53.98	(19.39)
Tax expenses :	3.09		
Current tax		0.16	-
Deferred tax		(8.53)	(86.21)
		8.37	86.21
Profit / (loss) for the Year		62.35	66.82
Other comprehensive income / (loss) (Net of Taxes)			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurements of the post employment benefit obligations		0.17	(0.01)
Total other comprehensive Income / (losses)		0.17	(0.01)
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the Year		62.52	66.81
Profit/(Loss) for the Year attributable to:			
Owners of the Parent		62.35	66.82
		62.35	66.82
Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the Year attributable to :			
Owners of the Parent		0.17	(0.01)
		0.17	(0.01)
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the Year attributable to :			
Owners of the Parent		62.52	66.81
		62.52	66.81
Earnings / (Loss) per equity share (Face value of ₹ 10 /- each) (Refer Note 4.01) :			
Basic (in ₹)		1.75	1.88
Diluted (in ₹)		0.42	1.88
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	1		

* Amount less than ₹ 50,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For G. M. Kapadia & Co.**Chartered Accountants**

Firm Registration No. 104767W

For and on behalf of the Board**Mr. Atul Shah**

Partner

Membership No. 039569

Place : Mumbai

Date : April 19, 2021

(Dulal Banerjee)

Non-Executive Director &

Chief Executive Officer

DIN : 02455932

(Ajay Singh)

Non-Executive

Director

DIN : 06899567

Hathway Digital Limited
(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)
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Ms. Niharika Matlani
Company Secretary and Compliance officer
Membership No: F- 10579

Mr. Kunal Chandra
Independent Director
DIN : 07617184

Date: April 19, 2021

Hathway Digital Limited

(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)

CIN: U92130MH2007PLC290016

Consolidated Statement Of Changes In Equity For The Year Ended March 31, 2021

(` in Crore unless otherwise stated)

A EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

Particulars	Note No.	Amount
Balance at April 01, 2019	2.14	355.73
Changes in equity share capital during the year		-
Balance at March 31, 2020	2.14	355.73
Changes in equity share capital during the year		-
Balance at March 31, 2021	2.14	355.73

B OTHER EQUITY

Particulars	Instruments classified as Equity		Reserves and Surplus				Amount attributable to Owners of the parent
	Zero Coupon Unsecured Optionally fully Convertible Debentures*	0.01 % Non-Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference Shares**	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium Account	General Reserve	Retained earnings	
Balance at April 01, 2019	-	-	0.02	94.23	3.15	(663.48)	(566.08)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	66.82	66.82
Other comprehensive income							
Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans	-	-	-	-	-	(0.01)	(0.01)
Impact on account of adoption of Ind AS 116	-	-	-	-	-	(0.06)	(0.06)
Balance at March 31, 2020	-	-	0.02	94.23	3.15	(596.73)	(499.33)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	62.35	62.35
Other comprehensive income							
Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans	-	-	-	-	-	0.17	0.17
Addition during the year on account of acquisition of entities under common control	-	-	(134.31)	-	-	-	(134.31)
Issued during the year	1,000.00	1,800.00	-	-	-	-	2,800.00
Redeemed during the year	(1,000.00)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,000.00)
Balance at March 31, 2021	-	1,800.00	(134.29)	94.23	3.15	(534.21)	1,228.88

* Issued and allotted 100 crore Zero Coupon Unsecured Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures ('OFCD') of Rs. 10/- each for cash, aggregating to Rs. 1,000 crore to Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited, the Holding Company and the same was redeemed during the year.

** Issued and Allotted 100 crore 0.01% Optionally Convertible Preference Shares ('OCPS') (Series-I) of Rs. 10/- each for cash, aggregating to Rs. 1000 crore and 80 crore 0.01% Optionally Convertible Preference Shares ('OCPS') (Series-II) of Rs. 10/- each for cash, aggregating to Rs. 800 crore to Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited, the Holding Company.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Refer Note 1)

Refer accompanying notes. These notes are integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For G. M. Kapadia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 104767W

For and on behalf of the Board

Mr. Atul Shah

Partner

Membership No. 039569

Place : Mumbai

Date : April 19, 2021

(Dulal Banerjee)

Non-Executive Director & Chief Executive Officer

DIN : 02455932

(Ajay Singh)

Non-Executive Director

DIN : 06899567

Hathway Digital Limited
(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)
CINU92130MH2007PLC290016

Ms. Pranjali Gawde
Chief Financial Officer

Ms. Ameeta Parpia
Independent Director
DIN:02654277

Mr. Varun Lau
Non-Executive Director
DIN : 03489931

Ms. Niharika Matlani
Company Secretary and Compliance officer
Membership No: F- 10579

Mr. Kunal Chandra
Independent Director
DIN : 07617184

Date: April 19, 2021

Hathway Digital Private Limited

(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)

CIN: U92130MH2007PLC290016**Consolidated Cash Flow Statement For The Year Ended March 31, 2021**

(₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
1 Cash flow from operating activities:		
Net profit / (loss) before tax	53.98	(19.39)
A Adjustment for :		
Share of net (profit)/loss of joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	0.00*	(1.20)
Depreciation , Amortization and Impairment	199.57	217.05
Advances Written Off	-	0.35
Impairment of trade receivables, advances & exposure to certain entities including Joint ventures	8.68	71.55
Amount No Longer Payable Written Back	(0.98)	(0.32)
Provision for leave encashment and gratuity	0.73	0.09
Unrealised/Realized foreign exchange gain & loss	(1.69)	3.05
Unwinding interest	(0.05)	(0.27)
Loss on disposal / shortage of assets	5.13	2.33
Net gain on financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss	(12.25)	(3.09)
Income from Fixed Deposit / Loans	(3.57)	(4.42)
Interest and finance charges	17.36	116.13
	266.91	381.86
B Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables	62.23	13.01
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	1.83	(0.21)
Decrease/(increase) in other loans/ Other financial assets	12.78	(13.98)
Decrease/(increase) in other current assets	2.29	5.85
Decrease/(increase) in other non-current assets	1.38	0.35
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	(54.50)	(29.26)
Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities	(65.76)	(50.08)
Increase/(decrease) in other financial liabilities	(17.70)	(4.15)
Increase / (Decrease) in Provisions	0.17	(0.19)
Cash generated from operations	209.63	303.20
Less/(Add): Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	(11.91)	20.33
Net cash flow from/(used in) operating activities (A)	221.54	282.87

Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
2 Cash flow from investing activities:		
Income from Fixed Deposit / Loans	6.63	2.05
Payment for purchase investment in subsidiary	(45.71)	-
Payments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(234.87)	(141.59)
Proceeds from sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	1.07	0.93
Loans and advances repayment from related parties	1.20	0.40
Payments for purchase of Investments	(2,997.50)	(592.37)
Proceeds from sale of Investments	2,291.73	591.18
Invested in fixed deposits	(0.19)	(0.92)
Proceeds from Redemption of Fixed Deposits	4.63	29.35
Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B)	(973.01)	(110.97)
3 Cash flow from financing activities		
Interest and finance charges	(17.28)	(103.22)
Loan raised /(repaid) from Holding Company (Net)	(0.26)	(61.99)
Proceeds from Issue of 0.01 % Non-Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference Shares	1,800.00	-
Proceeds from issue of Zero Coupon Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures	1,000.00	-
Redemption of Fully Zero Coupon Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures	(1,000.00)	-
Repayments of Non - current Borrowings	(1.40)	(928.96)
Current borrowings (Net)	(999.99)	924.47
Payment of Lease Liability	(1.69)	(2.34)
Net cash flow from/(used in) in financing activities (C)	779.38	(172.04)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	27.91	(0.13)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	22.58	21.75
Bank overdrafts at the beginning of the year	(3.24)	(2.28)
Cash and cash equivalents on acquisition of subsidiaries during the year	1.82	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	49.07	19.34
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Balances with banks:		
In Current Accounts	47.77	21.84
Fixed Deposits with original maturity upto 3 months	0.64	-
Cash in hand / Cheque in Hand	0.66	0.74
Bank Overdrafts	(0.00)*	(3.24)
Balance as per the cash flow statement	49.07	19.34

* Amount less than ₹ 50,000

Notes to the cash flow statement

- 1) The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared using the Indirect Method set out in Ind AS 7- Statement of Cash Flows.
- 2) Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statement comprise cash at bank, cash in hand, demand deposits with banks and Bank overdrafts.
- 3) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities :

Particulars	March 31, 2020	Net Cash Flow	Non Cash Changes		March 31, 2021
			Foreign Exchange movement (Gain)/Loss/ Others	Fair value changes	
Non - current Borrowings (including current maturities of Non-current borrowing)	1.45	(1.40)	27.99	-	28.04
Current borrowings	1,000.00	(999.99)	1.51	-	1.51
Total liabilities from financing activities	1,001.45	(1,001.39)	29.50	-	29.55

Particulars	March 31, 2019	Net Cash Flow	Non Cash Changes		March 31, 2020
			Foreign Exchange movement (Gain)/Loss/ Others	Fair value changes	
Non - current Borrowings (including current maturities of Non-current borrowing)	913.29	(928.96)	-	17.12	1.45
Current borrowings	137.52	862.48	-	-	1,000.00
Total liabilities from financing activities	1,050.81	(66.48)	-	17.12	1,001.45

As per our report of even date

For G. M. Kapadia &Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 104767W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mr. Atul Shah

Partner

Membership No. 039569

Place : Mumbai

Date : April 19, 2021

Mr. Dulal Banerjee

Non-Executive Director & Chief Executive Officer

DIN : 02455932

Mr. Ajay Singh

Non-Executive Director

DIN : 06899567

Ms. Pranjali Gawde

Chief Financial Officer

Ms. Ameeta Parpia

Independent Director

DIN : 02654277

Mr. Varun Lau

Non-Executive Director

DIN : 03489931

Ms. Niharika Matlani

Company Secretary and Compliance officer

Membership No: F- 10579

Mr. Kunal Chandra

Independent Director

DIN No : 07617184

Date: April 19, 2021

Hathway Digital Private Limited

(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)

CINU92130MH2007PLC290016**Notes To The Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2021**

(₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)

BACKGROUND

Hathway Digital Limited (formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited) ("the Company") is a Limited Company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited (HCDL). The Company is India's leading Multi System Operator ("MSO") providing digital cable television services PAN India.

Authorization of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors on April 19, 2021

1.00 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the presentation of these consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements are of the Company, joint ventures and subsidiaries.

1.01 BASIS OF PREPARATION**(i) Compliance with Ind AS**

The consolidated financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), and relevant rules issued thereunder and relevant provisions of the Act. In accordance with proviso to the Rule 4A of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the terms used in these financial statements are in accordance with the definitions and other requirements specified in the applicable Accounting standards.

(ii) Historical cost convention

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) is measured at fair value; and
- defined benefit plans – plan assets measured at fair value
- right of use assets

1.02 ROUNDING OF AMOUNTS

All amounts disclosed in the consolidated financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest crores, except where otherwise indicated.

1.03 CURRENT VERSUS NON-CURRENT CLASSIFICATION

The Company presents its assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current if:

- (i) it is expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- (ii) it is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) it is expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (iv) cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current if:

- (i) it is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- (ii) it is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (iv) there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities on net basis.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per Company's normal operating cycle. Based on the nature of operations, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

1.04 USE OF JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES & ASSUMPTIONS

While preparing consolidated financial statements in conformity with Ind AS, the management makes certain estimates and assumptions that require subjective and complex judgments. These judgments affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, disclosure of contingent liabilities at the statement of financial position date and the reported amount of income and expenses for the reporting period. Financial reporting results rely on our estimate of the effect of certain matters that are inherently uncertain. Future events rarely develop exactly as forecast and the best estimates require adjustments, as actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. The management continually evaluate these estimates and assumptions based on the most recently available information.

Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements are as below:

Key assumptions

- (i) Financial instruments;
- (ii) Useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets; (Refer note 1.05 and 1.06)
- (iii) Assets and obligations relating to employee benefits;
- (iv) Evaluation of recoverability of deferred tax assets; (Refer note 2.06) and
- (v) Contingencies (Refer note 4.02)

1.05 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, Plant and Equipment acquired separately

- (i) Property, Plant and Equipment is stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The initial cost of an asset comprises its purchase price, non-refundable taxes, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset into the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, the initial estimate of any decommissioning obligation, if any, finance cost etc. The purchase price is the aggregate amount paid and the fair value of any other consideration given to acquire the asset.
- (ii) Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to statement of profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.
- (iii) Set Top Boxes (STBs) on hand at the year-end are included in Capital Work in Progress. On installation, such devices are capitalized or treated as sale, as the case may be.
- (iv) The residual values and useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment are reviewed at each financial year end, and changes, if any, are accounted prospectively.
- (v) Stores and Spares which meet the definition of Property Plant and Equipment and satisfy the recognition criteria of Ind AS 16 are capitalized as Property, Plant and Equipment.

Derecognition Property, Plant & Equipment

- (vi) An item of Property, Plant and Equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of an item of Property, Plant and Equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in statement of Profit and Loss.

Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment

- (vii) Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment is provided on straight line method. In accordance with requirements prescribed under Schedule II of Companies Act, 2013, the Company has assessed the estimated useful lives of its Property, Plant and Equipment and has adopted the useful lives and residual value as prescribed in Schedule II except for the cost of STBs at the customer location which are depreciated on straight-line method over a period of eight years based on internal technical assessment.
- (viii) In case of additions or deletions during the year, depreciation is computed from the month in which such assets are put to use and up to previous month of sale, disposal or held for sale as the case may be. In case of impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount over its remaining useful life.
- (ix) All assets costing up to Rs. 5,000/- are fully depreciated in the year of capitalisation.

1.06 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

Intangible Assets acquired separately

Intangible assets comprises of Cable Television Franchise, Movie & Serial Rights, Bandwidth Rights, Channel Design, Goodwill and Softwares. Cable Television Franchise represents purchase consideration of a network that is mainly attributable to acquisition of subscribers and other rights, permission etc. attached to a network.

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired are recognised only if they are separately identifiable and the Company expects to receive future economic benefits arising out of them. Such assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses. Intangible Assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less impairment losses.

Intangible Assets acquired in business combination

Intangible Assets acquired in business combination and recognised separately from goodwill are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

Derecognition of intangible assets

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

Amortisation of intangible assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised on a straight line basis over their useful economic lives and assessed for impairment whenever there is indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at each year end. The amortisation expense on Intangible assets with finite lives and impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Estimated lives for current and comparative periods in relation to application of straight line method of amortisation of intangible assets (acquired) are as follows:

- Softwares are amortised over the license period and in absence of such tenor, over five years.
- Movie & Serial Rights are amortised on exploitation over the balance license period in equal installments.
- Bandwidth Rights are amortised over the period of the underlying agreements.
- Channel Design are amortised over the period of five years.
- Cable Television Franchises are amortised over period of five to twenty years.

The estimated useful lives, residual values, amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

1.07 IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

Carrying amount of Tangible assets, Intangible assets, Investments in Joint Ventures (accounted under equity method) are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or Company's assets (cash-generating units). Non- financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

1.08 NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and a sale is considered highly probable. They are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

An impairment loss is recognised for any initial or subsequent write-down of the asset to fair value less costs to sell. A gain is recognised for any subsequent increases in fair value less costs to sell of an asset, but not in excess of any cumulative impairment loss previously recognised. A gain or loss not previously recognised by the date of the sale of the non-current asset is recognised at the date of de-recognition.

Non-current assets are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale.

Non-current assets classified as held for sale are presented separately from the other assets in the balance sheet.

A discontinued operation is a component of the entity that has been disposed off or is classified as held for sale and that represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of such a line of business or area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale. The results of discontinued operations are presented separately in the statement of Profit and Loss.

1.09 INVENTORIES

Inventories are valued as follows:

Spares and maintenance items are valued at lower of cost (net of taxes recoverable) on first in first out basis and net realizable value.

Stock-in-trade comprising of access devices are valued at cost on weighted average method or at net realizable value, whichever is lower.

1.10 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents in the Balance Sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to insignificant risk of change in value.

For the purpose of statement of cashflows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash, short-term deposits as defined above, bank overdrafts and short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value as they are considered as an integral part of the Company's management. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings under current liabilities in the balance sheet.

1.11 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Initial Recognition and Measurement – Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and ancillary costs related to borrowings) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Classification and Subsequent Measurement: Financial Assets

The Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") or fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") on the basis of following:

- the entity's business model for managing the financial assets; and
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Amortised Cost:

A financial asset is classified and measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

FVTOCI:

A financial asset is classified and measured at FVTOCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

FVTPL:

A financial asset is classified and measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortised cost or at FVTOCI.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

Classification and Subsequent measurement: Financial Liabilities

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, financial guarantee contracts and derivative financial instruments.

Financial Liabilities at FVTPL:

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is held for trading or are designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL.

Gains or losses on financial liabilities held for trading are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Other Financial Liabilities:

Other financial liabilities (including borrowings and trade and other payables) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Derecognition of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities:

The Company de-recognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset. If the Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognised.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Offsetting Financial Instruments:

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

1.12 FINANCIAL GUARANTEE CONTRACT

The Company on case to case basis elects to account for financial guarantee contracts as financial instruments or as an insurance contract, as specified in Ind AS 109 on Financial Instruments and Ind AS 104 on Insurance Contracts. The Company has regarded its financial guarantee contracts as insurance contracts on contract by contract basis. At the end of each reporting period the Company performs liability adequacy test, (i.e. it assesses the likelihood of a pay-out based on current undiscounted estimates of future cash flows) on financial guarantee contracts regarded as insurance contracts, and the deficiency is recognised in profit or loss.

1.13 BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

1.14 PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a current pre-tax rate. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the case of:

- a present obligation arising from the past events, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation;
 - a present obligation arising from the past events, when no reliable estimate is possible;
 - a possible obligation arising from past events, unless the probability of outflow of resources is remote.
- Contingent Assets is disclosed when inflow of economic benefits is probable.

1.15 GRATUITY AND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

(i) Short-term obligations

Short term employee benefits are recognised as an expense at an undiscounted amount in the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year in which the related services are rendered.

(ii) Post-employment obligations

The Company operates the following post-employment schemes:

- defined benefit plans such as gratuity; and
- defined contribution plans such as provident fund

Gratuity obligations

The liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement of Profit and Loss.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised at amount net of taxes in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss as past service cost.

Defined contribution plans

The Company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered provident funds as per local regulations. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

(iii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liabilities for leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in statement of profit and loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the balance sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

(iv) Bonus Plans

The Company recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses. The Company recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

1.16 REVENUE RECOGNITION

(i) Income from Rendering of services

The Company derives revenues primarily from MSO business comprising of Cable TV Services including Placement Income for placing channels of various Broadcasters on MSOs Platform and other allied services.

Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expect to receive in exchange for those products or services. Subscription revenue is recognized ratably over the period in which the services are rendered.

To recognise revenues, the Company applies the following five step approach:

1. identify the contract with a customer;
2. identify the performance obligations in the contract;
3. determine the transaction price;
4. allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and
5. recognise revenues when a performance obligation is satisfied

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

A receivable is a right to consideration that is unconditional upon passage of time. Revenues in excess of billings is recorded as unbilled revenue and is classified as a financial asset for these cases as right to consideration is unconditional upon passage of time. While invoicing in excess of revenue are classified as contract liabilities (which we refer to as unearned revenue).

The Company presents revenues net of indirect taxes in its statement of profit and loss.

(ii) Other Operating Income

Other Operating Income comprises of fees for rendering management, technical and consultancy services. Income from such services is recognised upon satisfaction of performance obligations as per the terms of underlying agreements.

(iii) Interest Income

Interest income from debt instruments is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

(iv) Dividend Income

Dividends are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss only when the right to receive payments established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

1.17 TAXES ON INCOME

Current Tax:

Tax on income for the current period is determined on the basis on estimated taxable income and tax credits computed in accordance with the provisions of the relevant tax laws and based on the expected outcome of assessments / appeals.

Current income tax relating to items recognised directly in equity is recognised in equity and not in the statement of profit and loss.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax:

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet approach on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside the statement of profit and loss is recognised outside the statement of profit and loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The break-up of the major components of the deferred tax assets and liabilities as at balance sheet date has been arrived at after setting off deferred tax assets and liabilities where the Company have a legally enforceable right to set-off assets against liabilities.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with interests in joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

1.18 EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders is adjusted for after income tax effect of interest and other financing cost associated with dilutive potential equity shares and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

1.19 LEASES

As a Lessee

The Company, as a lessee, recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for its leasing arrangements, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset.

The contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, if it involves the use of an identified asset and the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset and has right to direct the use of the identified asset. The cost of the right-of-use asset shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date plus any initial direct costs incurred. The right-of-use assets is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The right-of-use assets is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use asset.

The Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses incremental borrowing rate.

For short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

1.20 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATIONS

(i) Functional and presentation currency

The Company's consolidated financial statements are prepared in INR, which is also the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Monetary items:

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in statement of profit and loss. Foreign exchange differences regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs are presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a net basis within other gains / (losses).

Non – Monetary items:

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

1.21 FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY INSTRUMENTS**Classification as debt or equity**

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a Company are recognised at the proceeds received.

1.22 BUSINESS COMBINATIONS AND GOODWILL

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. For each business combination, the Company elects whether it measures the non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition costs which are administrative in nature are expensed out.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Company's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed off, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed off is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed off in this circumstance is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed off and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

Common control business combinations include transactions, such as transfer of subsidiaries or businesses, between entities within a group.

Business combinations involving entities or businesses under common control are accounted for using the pooling of interests method. Under pooling of interest method, the assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts, the only adjustments that are made are to harmonise accounting policies.

The financial information in the consolidated financial statements in respect of prior periods are restated as if the business combination had occurred from the beginning of the preceding period in the standalone financial statements, irrespective of the actual date of the combination. However, if business combination had occurred after that date, the prior period information is restated only from that date.

The difference, if any, between the amount recorded as share capital issued plus any additional consideration in the form of cash or other assets and the amount of share capital of the transferor is transferred to capital reserve and presented separately from other capital reserves with disclosure of its nature and purpose in the notes.

1.23 PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION AND EQUITY ACCOUNTING**Subsidiaries**

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Group combines the financial statements of the parent and its subsidiaries line by line adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses. Intergroup transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, consolidated statement of changes in equity and balance sheet respectively. Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Joint Ventures

Under Ind AS 111 Joint Arrangements, investments in joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures. The classification depends on the contractual rights and obligations of each investor, rather than the legal structure of the joint arrangement.

Interests in joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method, after initially being recognised at cost in the consolidated balance sheet.

Equity method

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the company's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in statement of Profit and Loss, and the company's share of other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from associates and joint ventures are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

When the company's share of losses in an equity-accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the company does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity

Unrealised gains on transactions between the company and its joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the company's interest in these entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of equity accounted investees have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the company.

The carrying amount of equity accounted investments are tested for impairment in accordance with the policy described in note 1.07 above.

Changes in ownership interests

When the company ceases to equity account for an investment because of a loss of joint control, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognised in statement of profit and loss. This fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as a joint venture. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the company had directly disposed off the related assets or liabilities. The amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to statement of Profit and Loss.

If the ownership interest in a joint venture is reduced but joint control is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to statement of profit and loss where appropriate.

Hathway Digital Private Limited

(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)

CIN: U92130MH2007PLC290016**Notes To The Consolidated Financial Statements****2.01 Property, plant and equipment :**

(₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Gross Carrying Amount					Accumulated Depreciation / Impairment					Net Carrying Amount	
	As at April 1, 2020	Addition	Disposal	Other Adjustments**	As at March 31, 2021	As at April 1, 2020	For the Year	Elimination on disposal	Other Adjustments**	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Right of Use Assets:												
Buildings	3.88	-	-	-	3.88	2.32	1.56	-	-	3.88	-	1.56
Own Assets:												
Plant and Equipment	1,086.47	183.42	16.09	6.92	1,260.72	515.33	175.64	13.93	4.91	681.95	578.77	571.14
Air conditioners	1.94	1.21	0.17	0.00*	2.98	1.22	0.41	0.13	0.00*	1.50	1.48	0.72
Structural fittings	0.70	0.03	0.15	-	0.58	0.36	0.09	0.11	-	0.34	0.24	0.34
Furniture & Fixtures	8.01	0.86	0.71	0.12	8.28	3.40	0.81	0.47	0.06	3.80	4.48	4.61
Mobile & Telephone	0.59	0.01	-	0.00*	0.60	0.30	0.08	-	-	0.38	0.22	0.29
Computers	2.89	1.25	0.14	0.04	4.04	1.72	0.49	0.04	0.04	2.21	1.83	1.17
Office Equipments	1.87	0.24	0.14	0.04	2.01	1.25	0.26	0.12	0.04	1.43	0.58	0.62
Electrical Fittings	2.49	0.41	0.79	0.00*	2.11	1.24	0.29	0.38	0.00*	1.15	0.96	1.25
Motor Vehicles	0.78	0.01	0.00*	0.09	0.88	0.30	0.10	-	0.06	0.46	0.42	0.48
Movie Master Tapes	0.01	-	-	-	0.01	-	-	-	-	-	0.01	0.01
Total	1,109.63	187.44	18.19	7.21	1,286.09	527.44	179.73	15.18	5.11	697.10	588.99	582.19

Particulars	Gross Carrying Amount					Accumulated Depreciation / Impairment					Net Carrying Amount	
	As at April 1, 2019	Addition	Disposal	Other Adjustments	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 1, 2019	For the Year	Elimination on disposal	Other Adjustments	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Right of Use Assets:												
Buildings	-	3.88	-	-	3.88	-	2.32	-	-	2.32	1.56	-
Own Assets:												
Plant and Equipment	1,014.69	90.05	18.27	-	1,086.47	342.56	190.81	18.04	-	515.33	571.14	672.13
Air conditioners	1.75	0.19	0.00*	-	1.94	0.91	0.31	-	-	1.22	0.72	0.84
Structural fittings	0.62	0.08	-	-	0.70	0.29	0.07	-	-	0.36	0.34	0.33
Furniture & Fixtures	7.86	0.15	0.00*	-	8.01	2.46	0.94	-	-	3.40	4.61	5.40
Mobile & Telephone	0.36	0.23	-	-	0.59	0.19	0.11	-	-	0.30	0.29	0.17
Computers	2.02	0.87	-	-	2.89	1.37	0.35	-	-	1.72	1.17	0.65
Office Equipments	1.74	0.13	0.00*	-	1.87	0.98	0.27	0.00*	-	1.25	0.62	0.76
Electrical Fittings	2.46	0.03	-	-	2.49	0.94	0.30	-	-	1.24	1.25	1.52
Motor Vehicles	0.78	-	0.00*	-	0.78	0.20	0.10	-	-	0.30	0.48	0.58
Movie Master Tapes	0.01	-	-	-	0.01	-	-	-	-	-	0.01	0.01
Total	1,032.29	95.61	18.27		1,109.63	349.90	195.58	18.04	-	527.44	582.19	682.39

* Amount less than ₹ 50,000/-

** Adjustment for Subsidiary Assets till date of acquisition for consolidation

Notes :

- 1 Depreciation charge for the year includes Impairment of Plant and Equipments ₹ 53.57 (March 31, 2020: ₹ 54.94) & Other tangible Assets of ₹ 0.73 (March 31, 2020: ₹ NIL)
- 2 Refer note no 4.04 for disclosure of contractual commitments for acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment.

2.02 Intangible Assets :

(₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Gross Carrying Amount					Accumulated Amortisation / Impairment					Net Carrying Amount	
	As at April 1, 2020	Addition	Disposal	Other Adjustments**	As at March 31, 2021	As at April 1, 2020	For the Year	Elimination on disposal	Other Adjustments**	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Cable Television Franchise	23.19	0.00*	-	0.98	24.17	9.38	2.57	-	0.76	12.71	11.46	13.81
Movie & Serial Rights	20.96	15.91	-	-	36.87	20.19	9.00	-	-	29.19	7.68	0.77
Softwares	51.61	16.37	-	-	67.98	35.63	6.58	-	-	42.21	25.77	15.98
Bandwidth Rights	17.42	-	-	-	17.42	4.35	1.45	-	-	5.80	11.62	13.07
Channel Design	1.00	-	-	-	1.00	0.72	0.24	-	-	0.96	0.04	0.28
Total	114.18	32.28	-	0.98	147.44	70.27	19.84	-	0.76	90.87	56.57	43.90

Particulars	Gross Carrying Amount					Accumulated Amortisation / Impairment					Net Carrying Amount	
	As at April 1, 2019	Addition	Disposal	Other Adjustments	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 1, 2019	0.4904851	Elimination on disposal	Other Adjustments	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Cable Television Franchise	23.19	0.00*	-	-	23.19	6.58	2.80	-	-	9.38	13.81	16.61
Movie & Serial Rights	16.08	4.88	-	-	20.96	11.18	9.01	-	-	20.19	0.77	4.90
Softwares	36.87	14.74	-	-	51.61	27.74	7.89	-	-	35.63	15.98	9.13
Bandwidth Rights	17.21	0.21	-	-	17.42	2.83	1.52	-	-	4.35	13.07	14.38
Channel Design	1.00	-	-	-	1.00	0.48	0.24	-	-	0.72	0.28	0.52
Total	94.35	19.83	-	-	114.18	48.80	21.46	-	-	70.27	43.90	45.53

* Amount less than ₹ 50,000/-

Notes :

- Amortisation charge for the year includes Impairment of Cable Television Franchise ₹ 0.11 (March 31, 2020: ₹ 0.27)
- Range of remaining period of amortisation as at March 31, 2021 of Intangible assets is as below :

	0 to 5 years	5 to 10 years	10 to 15 years	6 to 20 years	Total
Cable Television Franchise	7.75	3.49	0.21	-	11.46
Movie & Serial Rights	7.68	-	-	-	7.68
Softwares	25.77	-	-	-	25.77
Bandwidth Rights	7.20	4.36	0.06	-	11.62
Channel Design	0.04	-	-	-	0.04
Total	48.44	7.85	0.27	-	56.57

Hathway Digital Limited

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year ended March 31, 2021

(₹ in Crore unless otherwise stated)

2.03 INVESTMENTS	Face value per unit (₹)	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
		No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Non-Current					
Investments in Equity Instruments					
Unquoted Investment in Joint Ventures					
Hathway CBN Multinet Private Limited	10	2,42,250	1.21	25,500	1.30
Hathway CCN Entertainment (India) Private Limited	10	2,55,000	4.32	2,55,000	4.03
Hathway CCN Multinet Private Limited	10	25,500	6.79	2,42,250	6.99
Hathway Bhaskar CCN Multi Entertainment	10	7,000	-	7,000	-
Total (A)			12.31		12.31
Quoted Investment in Fellow Subsidiary					
Hathway Bhawani Cable and Datacom Limited	10	21,60,000	2.46		-
Less : Impairment in value of investment			0.62		
Total (B)			1.85		-
Investments in Government securities measured at amortised cost - Unquoted					
National Savings Certificates			0.00*		-
Total (C)			0.00*		-
Total investments (A+B+C)			14.16		12.31
* Amount less than ₹ 50,000					
Market Value of quoted investments			3.53		-
Aggregate fair value of unquoted investments			12.31		12.31

2.04 LOANS	Non Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Security Deposits				
Considered good - unsecured	7.19	13.45	11.04	7.63
Loan receivables - credit impaired	2.13	0.33	-	-
Less : Provision for impairment	2.13	0.33	-	-
(A)	7.19	13.45	11.04	7.63
Loans to related parties				
Considered good - unsecured				
Loans to Joint Ventures/ Fellow Subsidiary	-	-	-	38.60
Loan receivables - credit impaired	7.72	7.72	-	-
	7.72	7.72	-	38.60
Less : Provision for impairment	7.72	7.72	-	-
(B)	-	-	-	38.60
Other Loans				
Considered good - unsecured	-	-	0.05	0.28
Loan receivables - credit impaired	0.49	0.21	-	-
	0.49	0.21	0.05	0.28
Less : Provision for impairment	0.49	0.21	-	-
(C)	-	-	0.05	0.28
Total (A + B + C)	7.19	13.45	11.09	46.51

Note : No amount is due from any of the directors or officers of the Company, severally or jointly with any other person, or from firms where such director is a partner or from private companies where such director is a member.

Further information about these loans is set out in note no. 4.09 and 4.11. These financial assets are carried at amortised cost.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year ended March 31, 2021

(₹ in Crore unless otherwise stated)

2.05 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS	Non Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Accrued interest	0.00*	-	0.08	3.13
Unbilled Revenue#	-	-	13.23	21.86
Bank deposits with more than 12 months maturity ^	0.05	-	-	-
Other Receivables	-	-	0.00*	-
Total	0.05	-	13.31	24.99

* Amount less than ₹ 50,000

Note : No amount is due from any of the directors or officers of the Company, severally or jointly with any other person, or from firms where such director is a partner or from private companies where such director is a member.

#Classified as financial asset as right to consideration is unconditional upon passage of time.

^Marked under lien in favour of banks

2.06 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (NET)*	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
The balance comprises of temporary differences attributable to -		
Deferred Tax Assets in relation to :		
Property, Plant & Equipment	62.86	54.57
Unabsorbed Depreciation / Business Loss	91.56	74.31
Others	112.02	127.90
	266.44	256.78
Deferred Tax Liabilities in relation to :		
Property, Plant & Equipment	1.13	-
	1.13	-
Net Deferred Tax Assets	265.31	256.78

Significant Estimates

* The deferred tax assets recognised is mainly in respect of unabsorbed depreciation allowance and brought forward losses available for set off for an indefinite period in terms of applicable tax laws. The Management is reasonably certain of future taxable income and hence recovery of such deferred tax assets.

The movement in deferred tax Asset/ liabilities during the Year ended March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020:

Particular	As at March 31, 2020	Recognised in Profit / (Loss)	As at March 31, 2021
Deferred Tax Assets in relation to :			
Property, Plant & Equipment	54.57	8.29	62.86
Unabsorbed Depreciation / Business Loss	74.31	17.25	91.56
Others	127.90	(15.88)	112.02
Total	256.78	9.66	266.44
Deferred Tax Liabilities in relation to :			
Property, Plant & Equipment	-	1.13	1.13
Total	-	1.13	1.13
Total	256.78	8.53	265.31

Hathway Digital Limited

(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year ended March 31, 2021

(₹ in Crore unless otherwise stated)

2.07 OTHER ASSETS	Non Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Capital Advances				
Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise				
Network Acquisitions	-	0.00*	-	-
Advance to Suppliers	0.42	3.48	-	-
Doubtful	3.10	0.54	-	-
	3.52	4.02	-	-
Less : Allowance for bad and doubtful advances	3.10	0.54	-	-
	(A) 0.42	3.48	-	-
Advances other than Capital Advances				
Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise				
Balance with Government authorities:				
GST Claimable	1.38	-	49.84	40.97
Advance Income Tax (Net of provision)	30.82	43.03	-	-
Deposit paid under protest	12.63	16.55	-	-
Prepaid expenses	0.12	0.53	3.79	3.53
Staff Advances	-	-	0.26	0.31
Sundry Advances	0.02	0.07	5.27	7.93
Deposit with statutory authorities	0.97	0.44	0.01	0.00
Doubtful	2.44	1.55	-	-
	48.38	62.17	59.17	52.74
Less : Allowance for doubtful advances	2.44	1.55	-	-
	(B) 45.94	60.62	59.17	52.74
Total (A+B)	46.36	64.10	59.17	52.74

* Amount less than ₹ 50,000

Note : No amount is due from any of the directors or officers of the Company, severally or jointly with any other person, or from firms where such director is a partner or from private companies where such director is a member.

2.08 INVENTORIES	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Stock of Spares & Maintenance Items	0.36	2.19
Total	0.36	2.19
2.09 CURRENT INVESTMENTS	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Investments measured at fair value through profit or loss - Unquoted		
Investment in Liquid - Mutual Funds	724.40	6.38
Total Current Investments	724.40	6.38
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	722.59	6.35
2.10 TRADE RECEIVABLES	Current	
	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Trade Receivable - Unsecured	495.41	516.74
	495.41	516.74
Less : Provision for impairment	488.88	441.13
Total	6.53	75.61

Hathway Digital Limited

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year ended March 31, 2021

(₹ in Crore unless otherwise stated)

2.11 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020		
Balances with banks:				
In Current Accounts	47.70	21.84		
Deposits with banks with original maturity of 3 months or less	0.64	-		
Cheques on hand	0.01	-		
Cash on hand	0.65	0.74		
Total	49.00	22.58		
2.12 BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020		
Margin money deposit*	0.11	-		
In Current Accounts	0.07	-		
Deposits with original maturity for more than 3 months but less than 12 months	5.32	6.19		
Total	5.50	6.19		
*Marked under lien in favour of banks				
2.13 CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET)	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020		
Advance Income Tax (net of provision)	1.64	0.09		
Total	1.64	0.09		
2.14 EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020		
<u>SHARE CAPITAL</u>				
Authorised Capital				
361,900,000 (March, 31, 2020: 361,900,000) Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 10 Each	361.90	361.90		
Total	361.90	361.90		
Paid up Share Capital comprises :				
355,734,833 Equity Shares of face value of ₹10 each fully paid up (March 31, 2020 : 355,734,833 Equity	355.73	355.73		
Total	355.73	355.73		
a) Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding as at the beginning and end of the reporting period:				
	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
<u>Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each</u>				
Shares Outstanding at the beginning of the year	35,57,34,833	355.73	35,57,34,833	355.73
Shares Outstanding at the end of the year	35,57,34,833	355.73	35,57,34,833	355.73
b) Shares in respect of each class in the company held by its holding company or its ultimate holding company including shares held by subsidiaries or associates of the holding company or the ultimate holding company in aggregate :				
	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020		
	No. of Shares Held	No. of Shares Held		
<u>Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each</u>				
Hathway Cable and Datcom Limited- Holding Company*	35,57,34,833	35,57,34,833		
	35,57,34,833	35,57,34,833		

* Including 5,000 Equity Shares held by Hathway Media Vision Limited as a nominee of Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited

Hathway Digital Limited

(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year ended March 31, 2021

(₹ in Crore unless otherwise stated)

c) The details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company:

	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
	Number	% of Holding	Number	% of Holding
Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each				
Hathway Cable and Datcom Limited- Holding Company*	35,57,34,833	100.00	35,57,34,833	100.00
	35,57,34,833	100.00	35,57,34,833	100.00

* Including 5,000 Equity Shares held by Hathway Media Vision Limited as a nominee of Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited

d) Rights, Preference and restrictions attached to Terms/ Rights attached to Equity Shares

The Company has issued only one class of equity shares having face value of Rs.10/- (March 31, 2020 : Rs.10/-) per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

2.15 OTHER EQUITY

	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Instrument classified as equity		
Optionally Convertible Preference Shares (OCPS)		
0.01% Non-Cumulative OCPS Series-I	1,000.00	-
0.01% Non-Cumulative OCPS Series-II	800.00	-
Reserves and Surplus		
Retained earnings	(534.22)	(596.73)
Capital reserve	(134.29)	0.02
Securities premium	94.23	94.23
General Reserve	3.15	3.15
	1,228.87	(499.33)

1 0.01% Non Cumulative Optionally Convertible**Terms/ rights attached to Preference Shares:**

The amount subscribed/paid on each OCPS are either redeemable at Rs. 10 or convertible into 1 (One) Equity Share of Rs. 10 each at any time at the option of the Company, but not later than 10 years from the date of allotment of the OCPS (i.e. 29th October, 2020).

The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding is set out below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Preference shares at the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
Add: Issue of Shares	1,00,00,00,000	1,000.00	-	-
Preference shares at the end of the year	1,00,00,00,000	1,000.00	-	-

2 0.01% Non Cumulative Optionally Convertible**Terms/ rights attached to Preference Shares:**

The amount subscribed/paid on each OCPS are either redeemable at Rs. 10 or convertible into 1 (One) Equity Share of Rs. 10 each at any time at the option of the Company, but not later than 10 years from the date of allotment of the OCPS (i.e. 12th November, 2020).

The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding is set out below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Preference shares at the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
Add: Issue of Shares	80,00,00,000	800.00	-	-
Preference shares at the end of the year	80,00,00,000	800.00	-	-

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year ended March 31, 2021

(₹ in Crore unless otherwise stated)

3 Nature and purpose of other reserves

- (a) **General Reserve:**
The Company had not transferred any amount to general reserve during the year however a portion of Net profit of the Company transferred to general reserve in earlier year/s pursuant to earlier provisions of the Companies Act, 1956
- (b) **Retained Earning :**
Retained earnings are the losses that the Company has incurred till date.
- (c) **Securities Premium :**
Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- (d) **Capital reserve :**
Capital reserve represents:
- equity component included in investments made by Holding Company in preference shares issued by the Company; and
- negative capital reserve arising on acquisition of entities under common control.

2.16 NON-CURRENT BORROWINGS	Non Current portion		Current maturities of long term debts	
	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Term Loans				
Unsecured				
From Others	-	-	-	1.24
Vehicle loan from Banks				
Secured	-	0.11	-	0.05
Loans from holding comany				
Unsecured	27.99	-	-	-
Redeemable Preference Shares (Unsecured)	0.05	0.05	-	-
Total	28.04	0.16	-	1.29
Amount disclosed under the head 'Other financial liabilities' (Note 2.17)			-	1.29
Less : Current maturities of long-term debt (included in Note 2.17)			-	-
Net Amount			-	-

CURRENT BORROWINGS	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Loans repayable on demand		
Secured		
Overdraft with bank	0.00*	1,003.24
Unsecured		
Loans from related parties	1.51	-
Total	1.51	1,003.24

* Amount less than ₹ 50,000/-

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2.17 OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	Non Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
	Current maturities of long-term debt (Refer Note no. 2.16)	-	-	-
Interest accrued and not due	-	-	0.08	0.05
Security deposits	0.95	2.67	-	-
Employee benefits payable	-	-	3.03	2.49
Capital Creditors				
- Micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	2.82	-
- Others	-	-	16.21	43.48
Liability for expenses	-	-	0.13	-
Lease liability	-	-	-	1.63
Other financial liabilities				
- Micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	3.07	-
- Others	0.07	-	20.85	25.56
Total	1.02	2.67	46.19	74.50

2.18 PROVISIONS	Non Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
	Employee benefits			
Provision for Bonus	-	-	0.05	0.05
Provision for Leave Encashment	1.71	1.30	0.08	0.09
Total	1.71	1.30	0.13	0.14

2.19 OTHER LIABILITIES	Non Current		Current	
	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
	Income received in advance	-	-	7.12
Gratuity payables (Funded)	3.01	2.75	0.06	-
Statutory Payables	0.00*	-	29.31	41.46
Others	5.29	33.38	37.83	61.15
Total	8.30	36.13	74.32	109.76

* Amount less than Rs. 50,000

2.20 CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES (NET)	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	
	Provisions for Taxation (net of advance tax)	0.01	-
	Total	0.01	-

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year ended March 31, 2021

(` in Crores unless otherwise stated)

a) Nature of Security and Terms of repayment for secured borrowings :

Sr. No.	Nature of Security	Terms of Repayment	As at		As at	
			March 31, 2021		March 31, 2020	
			Non-Current	Current	Non-Current	Current
1	Non Current Borrowings 5% Non- Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares (face value Rs. 10 each)- Issued to Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited Holding Company	Redeemable at par on April 30, 2021	0.05	-	0.05	-
2	Loan from Holding Company Unsecured		27.99	-	-	-
	Gross Borrowings		28.04	-	0.05	-
	Add: Loan fully repaid prior to the balance sheet date		-	-	0.11	1.29
	Total Non- Current Borrowings		28.04	-	0.16	1.29
2.0	CURRENT BORROWINGS					
2.1	Secured					
2.1.1	Overdraft Axis Bank Ltd Secured by Fixed Deposits of Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited (HCDL), parent of the Company of Rs.75 (Rs. 1070)	(Sanctioned Amount Rs. 75 (Rs.1070))	-	0.00*	-	1,003.24
3.0	Unsecured Loan from Holding Company	(Repayable on Demand)	-	1.51	-	-
Total Current Borrowings			-	1.51	-	1,003.24

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2021

(₹ in Crore unless otherwise stated)

3.01 REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Sale of Services	1,057.38	1,166.48
Sale of products	7.05	3.17
Other operating revenues	2.21	2.18
Total	1,066.64	1,171.83
3.02 OTHER INCOME	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Interest income earned on financial assets measured at Amortised Cost:		
Bank Deposits	0.30	0.77
Interest on Loans	3.27	3.65
Corporate guarantee / Unwinding Interest	0.05	0.27
Other Non - Operating Income		
Interest on Income Tax Refund	2.27	0.00*
Amount no longer payable written back	0.98	0.32
Miscellaneous Income	0.27	0.24
Other Gains and Losses		
Net gain on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	12.25	3.09
Net gain on foreign exchange fluctuation	0.68	-
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	0.42	0.69
Total	20.49	9.03
* Amount less than ₹ 50,000/-		
3.03 OTHER OPERATIONAL EXPENSES	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Commission	34.29	39.60
Bandwidth & Lease Line Cost	33.96	10.21
Other Sundry Operational Cost	13.86	13.59
Repairs & Maintenance (Plant & Equipment)	9.38	24.57
Rent	10.71	9.75
Consultancy & Technical Fees	12.57	13.22
Feed charges	0.35	1.34
Software & Programming Cost	10.44	7.23
Freight & Octroi Charges	2.66	1.03
Hire Charges	2.80	1.45
Total	131.02	121.99
3.04 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Salaries & bonus	34.61	31.68
Contribution to provident and other funds	2.28	1.83
Staff welfare expenses	2.03	1.87
Total	38.92	35.38
3.05 FINANCE COSTS	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Interest expenses on financial liabilities	15.34	91.05
Other borrowing costs	2.02	25.08
Total	17.36	116.13

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2021(**₹** in Crore unless otherwise stated)

3.06 DEPRECIATION , AMORTIZATION & IMPAIRMENT	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment	125.45	138.32
Amortization of intangible assets	19.72	21.20
Impairment on Property, Plant & Equipment	54.29	57.26
Impairment on Other Intangible assets	0.11	0.27
Total	199.57	217.05
3.07 OTHER EXPENSES	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Service Charges	59.02	56.04
Bad Debts	3.05	2.00
Less: Transfer from impairment of trade receivables (Expected credit loss)	(3.05)	2.00
	-	-
Electricity Expenses	12.70	13.54
Impairment of trade receivables (Expected credit loss)	4.65	72.78
Impairment of Advances	4.03	-
Advertisement & Promotion expenses	1.32	3.38
Rent - Offices	7.59	8.89
Loss on disposal / shortage of Property, Plant and Equipment	5.55	3.02
Loss on Foreign Exchange Fluctuation (Net)	-	3.05
Rates and taxes	3.74	0.74
Office Expenses	5.91	5.56
Legal and Professional Charges	3.87	5.12
Auditor Remuneration	0.56	0.56
Conveyance	1.16	2.63
Repairs and Maintenance (Others)	2.84	4.43
Communication Charges	0.63	0.66
Travelling	0.83	1.47
Printing and Stationery	0.38	1.83
Business Promotion Expenses	0.73	0.77
Insurance Charges	0.37	0.63
Interest on Taxes	0.63	0.57
Miscellaneous Expenses	1.21	0.69
Total	117.72	186.36
3.08 EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Settlement under amnesty scheme for local levies	4.59	-
Impairment of Trade Receivables, advances & exposure to certain entities including Joint Ventures	-	0.78
Total	4.59	0.78
3.09 TAX EXPENSES	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
(a) Income tax expenses :		
Current tax		
In respect of the current Year	0.16	-
	0.16	-
Deferred tax		
In respect of the current Year	(8.53)	(86.21)
	(8.53)	(86.21)
Total income tax expense/ (benefit) recognised in the Year	(8.37)	(86.21)
(b) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate :		
Profit / (Loss) Before tax	53.98	(19.39)
Enacted tax rate in India	25.17%	25.17%
Expected Income tax expenses / (benefit) at statutory tax rate	13.59	-
Entities with no tax	(13.43)	-
Share of net profit of Joint venture and Associate not taxable	(0.00)*	-
Current tax (A)	0.16	-
Incremental Deferred tax asset on deductible taxable differences	15.88	(106.21)
Incremental Deferred tax asset on temporary differences of Tangible and Intangible Assets	(7.16)	(1.05)
Incremental Deferred tax asset on account of Unabsorbed depreciation and carried forward losses	(17.25)	21.05
Deferred tax (B)	(8.53)	(86.21)
Total (A+B)	(8.37)	(86.21)

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Notes To The Consolidated Financial Statements
(₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)

4.01 Earnings/(Loss) Per Share

	Year ended	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Basic earnings per share (In ₹)		
Attributable to equity holders of the Company	1.75	1.88
Diluted earnings per share (In ₹)		
Attributable to equity holders of the Company	0.42	1.88
Nominal value of Ordinary shares (Amount in ₹)	10.00	10.00
Reconciliation of earnings used in calculating earnings per share :		
Basic earnings per share		
Profit/(Loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company used in calculating basic earnings per share	62.34	66.82
Diluted earnings per share		
Profit/(Loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company used in calculating diluted earnings per share	62.34	66.82
Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	35,57,34,833	35,57,34,833
Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share	1,47,08,03,326	35,57,34,833

4.02 Contingent Liabilities

- a) In the state of Telangana, VAT authorities have considered Set top boxes deployed as sale and raised demand of ₹ 18.05 (March 31, 2020 : ₹ 18.05) for the period April, 2011 to May 31, 2013. The Company's appeal is pending before Tribunal. The Company has deposited 50% of the amount demanded. The authorities have also levied penalty @ 100% of demand without giving an opportunity of hearing. On writ petition, Andhra Pradesh High Court has directed to initiate fresh proceedings. Since this demand was based on an advance ruling order given by relevant authority in some other case, the Company being an affected party, has filed review petition before the Advance Ruling authority. The matter has been admitted and heard, however, the decision is awaited.
- b) Entertainment Tax Officer, Pune has raised demand for Entertainment Tax on secondary points up to October, 2014 amounting to ₹ 4.57 (March 31, 2020 : ₹ 4.57) Writ petition has been filed before the Bombay High Court challenging the demand. Another writ petition has also been filed challenging the constitutional validity, enforceability and legality of the amendment in the Maharashtra Entertainments Duty Act, 1923 brought about w.e.f June 25, 2014.
- c) Karnataka VAT Department has reassessed VAT liabilities for the financial Years 2011-12, 2012-13 and 2013-14 stating that the amount realized as activation charges is sale of STBs and liable to VAT. The total tax liability is determined at ₹ 10.28 (March 31, 2020 : ₹ 10.28). The honorable High Court has admitted the writ petition and has granted an order of stay over recovery of taxes.
- d) The Commercial Tax Department, Jaipur has raised a demand of ₹ 29.68 for Entertainment Tax upto March 2011. Special Leave petition has been filed before the Honorable Supreme Court challenging the order dated May 08, 2015 passed by Honorable High Court of Rajasthan, Jaipur Bench, against which Interim stay has been granted to the Company with a direction to deposit an amount of ₹ 2.00.
- e) Karnataka VAT Department has reassessed VAT liabilities for the financial Years 2015-16 stating that the amount realized as activation charges is sale of STBs and liable to VAT. The total tax liability is determined at ₹ 7.42. The honorable High Court has admitted the writ petition and has granted an order of stay over recovery of taxes.

- f) Few Broadcasters have made claims and counter claims against each other relating to pay channel cost. Claims of such broadcasters, not acknowledged as liabilities, aggregate to ₹ 0.93 (March 31, 2020 : ₹ 0.93) to the extent ascertained and not settled, are disclosed under contingent liabilities as Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts.
- g) **Claims against the Company, other than those stated above, not acknowledged as debts are as under:**

Matters with	As at	As at
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Operators & Others	5.88	5.88
Entertainment Tax	8.12	10.72
Custom Duty	5.63	-
Service Tax	-	0.54
Income tax	3.16	-
VAT/Commercial Tax	4.85	7.52
Other Statutory Departments	0.32	1.33
Total	27.96	25.98

Pursuant to Business Transfer Agreement dated March 24, 2017, the Company has purchased Cable Television business, which inter alia includes claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts, by way of slump sale from its holding Company Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited (HCDL). Accordingly, the details of such claims, litigation etc. relating to Cable Television business received from HCDL are disclosed herein above.

h) Foreseeable losses

The Company has a process whereby periodically all long term contracts (including derivative contracts) are assessed for material foreseeable losses. At the year end, the Company has reviewed and ensured that adequate provision as required under any law/ applicable accounting standards for material foreseeable losses on such long term contracts has been made in the books of account.

i) Note on pending litigations

The Company's pending litigations comprise of proceedings pending with various direct tax, indirect tax and other authorities. The Company has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required. The Company does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its financial statements.

4.03 Financial Corporate Guarantee

The Company has given Corporate Guarantees of ₹ 7.00 (March 31, 2020: ₹ 47.74) to Banks and ₹ Nil (March 31, 2020: ₹ 61.76) to others towards various credit facilities extended by them to the holding company.

4.04 Capital and Other Commitments

Estimated amount of contracts (including acquisition of intangible assets net of advances) remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for aggregate to ₹ 103.31 (March 31, 2020: ₹ 14.25).

The Company has committed to provide the necessary level of support to its various fellow subsidiaries and Joint ventures to remain in existence and continue as going concern.

4.05 Employee Benefits

a) Defined Benefit Plans:

The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan covering eligible employees. The gratuity plan provides a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount equivalent to 15 to 26 days' salary for each completed year of service subject to a maximum of ₹ 0.20. Vesting occurs upon completion of five continuous years of service in accordance with Indian law.

The Present value of the defined benefit obligations and related current service cost were measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with actuarial valuation being carried out at each Balance Sheet date.

Investment Risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate determined by reference to government bond yields. If the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently the plan has a relatively balanced investment with LIC of India & Exide Life Insurance Corporation of India
Interest Risk	A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability. However, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments.
Longevity Risk	The plan is of a final salary defined benefit in nature which is sponsored by the Company and hence it underwrites all the risks pertaining to the plan. In particular, there is a risk for the Company that any adverse salary growth or demographic experience or inadequate returns on underlying plan assets can result in an increase in cost of providing these benefits to employees in future. Since the benefits are lump sum in nature the plan is not subject to any longevity risks.
Salary Risk	The Gratuity benefit, being based on last drawn salary, will be critically effected in case of increase in future salaries being more than assumed.

Particulars	Gratuity	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
1 Expense recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss		
Current Service Cost	0.51	0.39
Net Interest	0.19	0.04
Past Service Cost	-	-
Expense recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss	0.70	0.43
2 Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		
Measurement of net defined benefit liability		
Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from changes in demographic assumptions	-	0.16
Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from changes in financial assumption	0.07	0.11
Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from experience adjustments	(0.23)	(0.29)
Return on plan asset excluding net interest	(0.01)	0.03
Total Actuarial (Gain)/loss recognised in OCI	(0.17)	0.01
3 Change in benefit obligations:		
Projected benefit obligations at beginning of the year	3.19	2.74
Current Service Cost	0.51	0.39
Interest Cost	0.21	0.19
Benefits Paid	(0.22)	(0.10)
Actuarial (Gain) / Loss		
Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from changes in demographic assumptions	-	0.16
Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from changes in financial assumption	0.07	0.11
Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from experience adjustments	(0.24)	(0.29)
Projected benefit obligations at end of the year	3.52	3.19
4 Fair Value of Plan Assets		
Opening Fair Value of Plan Asset	0.44	2.21
Actual Return on Plan Assets less Interest on Plan Assets	0.01	(0.03)
Interest Income	0.02	0.15
Contributions by Employer	0.20	0.18
Benefits Paid	(0.21)	(0.10)
Assets acquired / (settled)	-	(1.97)
Closing Fair Value of Plan Asset	0.46	0.44

Particulars	Gratuity	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
5 Net Liability		
Projected benefit obligations at end of the year	3.53	3.19
Fair Value of Plan Asset at the end of the year	0.46	0.44
Net Liability	3.07	2.75
6 The net liability disclosed above relates to funded plans are as follows :		
Projected benefit obligations at end of the year	3.53	3.19
Fair Value of Plan Asset at the end of the year	0.46	0.44
Deficit of gratuity plan	3.07	2.75
7 Sensitivity Analysis		
Present value of benefit obligation at the end of the year on		
0.50 % point increase in discount rate	3.43	3.10
0.50 % point decrease in discount rate	3.63	3.29
0.50 % point increase in rate of salary rate	3.63	3.29
0.50 % point decrease in rate of salary rate	3.42	3.10
1.00 % point increase in attrition rate	3.53	3.20
1.00 % point decrease in attrition rate	3.52	3.18
10.00 % point increase in mortality rate	3.53	3.19
10.00 % point decrease in mortality rate	3.53	3.19
8 Principal assumptions used for the purpose of actuarial valuation		
Mortality	IALM (2012-14) Ult	IALM (2012-14) Ult
Interest /discount rate	6.55%	6.90%
Rate of increase in compensation	5.00%	5.00%
Expected average remaining service	6.19	7.87
	21-30 Year : 21.7%	21-30 Year : 21.7%
Employee Attrition Rate - Past service(PS)	31-50 Year : 7.8%	31-50 Year : 7.8%
	51-57 Year : 11.11%	51-57 Year : 11.11%
9 Investment Details		
Insurer managed funds	100.00%	100.00%

Above data pertains to Hathway Digital Limited (Holding Company) only. In the opinion of the management no material liabilities would arise on account of subsidiaries.

b) Defined Contribution Plans:

The company contributes towards provident fund and Other defined benefits contribution plans for qualifying employees. Under the plan, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost to the defined contribution plan to fund the benefits.

The Total expenses recognised in the statement of Profit and Loss is ₹ 1.59 (March 31, 2020: ₹1.40) represents contribution payable to these plans by the Company at the rates specified in the rules of plan.

4.06 Disclosures as required by Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 108 Operating Segments

As the Group's business activity falls within a single business segment in terms of Ind AS 108 on Operating Segments, the financial statement are reflective of the information required by Ind AS 108.

4.07 Leases

(a) Lessee

Short term leases accounted in the statement of Profit and Loss for the Financial Year 2019-20 is ₹ 21.10 (March 31, 2020 ₹ 20.09)

The Company's significant leasing arrangements in terms of Ind AS 116 on lease are in respect of Leases for Premises and Equipments. Some of these lease arrangements have price escalation clauses. The period of these leasing arrangements, range between three months to eight years and are renewable by mutual consent.

(b) Lessor:

The right to use granted to subsidiaries in respect of Access devices are not classified as lease transactions as the same are not for an agreed period of time.

4.08 Capital Management

The Group's financial strategy aims to support its Group's priorities and to maintain an optimal capital structure so as to provide adequate capital to its businesses for growth and create sustainable stakeholder value. For the purposes of Group's capital management, Capital includes equity attributable to the equity holders of the Holding Company and all other equity reserves. The principal source of funding of the Group is expected to be cash generated from its operations supplemented by funding from its Holding Company by way of equity or debt.

Consequent to such capital structure, the Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

4.09 Financial Instruments**(i) Methods & assumption used to estimates the fair values**

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- The carrying amounts of receivables and payables which are short term in nature such as trade receivables, other bank balances, deposits, loans to employees, trade payables, payables for acquisition of non-current assets, demand loans from banks and cash and cash equivalents are considered to be the same as their fair values.
- The fair values for long term loans, long term security deposits given and remaining non current financial assets were calculated based on cash flows discounted using a current lending rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs.
- The fair values of long term security deposits taken and non-current borrowings are based on discounted cash flows using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the use of unobservable inputs.
- For financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

(ii) Categories of financial instruments

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: directly or indirectly observable market inputs, other than Level 1 inputs; and

Level 3: inputs which are not based on observable market data

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
	Carrying values	Fair value	Carrying values	Fair value
Financial assets				
Measured at amortised cost				
Trade receivables	6.53	6.53	75.61	75.61
Loans	18.28	18.28	59.96	59.96
Cash and Bank balances	54.50	54.50	28.77	28.77
Other financial assets	13.36	13.36	24.99	24.99
Total (A)	92.67	92.67	189.33	189.33
Measured at fair value through profit or loss				
Investment in mutual funds	724.40	724.40	6.38	6.38
Total (B)	724.40	724.40	6.38	6.38
Total Financial assets (A+B)	817.07	817.07	195.71	195.71
Financial liabilities				
Measured at amortised cost				
Borrowings #	29.55	29.55	1,004.69	1,004.69
Trade payables	165.28	165.28	183.69	183.69
Other financial liabilities	47.21	47.21	77.31	77.31
Total Financial liabilities (A)	242.04	242.04	1,265.69	1,265.69

includes current maturities of long term debts

Level wise disclosure of financial instruments

Particulars	As at		Level	Valuation techniques and key inputs
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020		
Investment in mutual funds	724.40	6.38	1	Closing Net Asset Value from Mutual Funds

4.10 Financial Risk Management

The Company's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The Company's financial risk management policy is set by the Board of Directors. The details of different types of risk and management policy to address these risks are listed below:

The business activities of Company expose it to financial risks namely Credit risk, Liquidity risk and Market risk . In order to minimize any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company, it uses financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts, foreign currency swap contracts, call options to hedge certain foreign currency risk exposures, wherever considered appropriate, and follows policies set up by the Treasury function under policies approved by the Board of Directors.

1 Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that counter party will cause financial loss to the company by failing to discharge its obligation as agreed.

The Company's exposure to credit risk arises mainly from the trade receivables, unbilled revenue, loans given and financial guarantee contract.

Credit risks from balances with banks and financial institutions are managed in accordance with the Company policy. For financial instruments, the Company attempts to limit the credit risk by only dealing with reputable banks and financial institutions having high credit-ratings assigned by credit-rating agencies.

The Company's major revenue streams arises from services provided to end use customers in the form of monthly subscription income and receivables from broadcasters for marketing & promotional income and incentive. The trade receivables and unbilled revenue on account of subscription income are typically un-secured and derived from sales made to large number of independent customers. As the customer base is distributed economically and geographically, there is no concentration of credit risk. In case of receivables and unbilled revenue from the broadcasters for marketing & promotional income and incentive, as there is no independent credit rating of the broadcasters available with the Company, the management reviews the credit-worthiness of the broadcasters based on their financial position, past experience and other factors.

The Company follows a simplified approach (i.e. based on lifetime ECL) for recognition of impairment loss allowance on Trade receivables and unbilled revenue. For the purpose of measuring the lifetime ECL allowance for trade receivables and unbilled revenue, the Company uses a provision matrix which comprise a very large number of small balances grouped into homogenous groups and assessed for impairment collectively. In addition, in case there are events or changes in circumstances indicating individual or class of trade receivables is required to be reviewed on qualitative aspects, necessary provisions are made.

The Trade Receivables includes amount due from disconnected / inactive customers / LCOs with whom no inter-connect documents have been executed and outstanding in excess of one year. The Company is taking adequate steps for recovery of overdue debts and advances and wherever necessary, adequate provisions as per expected credit loss model have been made.

Reconciliation of changes in the loss allowances measured using life-time expected credit loss model - Trade receivables

Particulars	Amount
As at April 01, 2019	369.57
Add: Provided during the year	74.91
Less: Amounts written off	2.00
Less: Reversals of Provision	1.35
As at March 31, 2020	441.13
Add: on account of acquisition of entities under common control	46.15
Add: Provided during the year	7.08
Less: Amounts written off	3.05
Less: Reversals of Provision	2.43
As at March 31, 2021	488.88

2 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company liquidity risk management policies include to, at all times ensure sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, by maintaining adequate sources of financing from banks at an optimised cost whenever considered appropriate. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. The Company's senior management monitors the Company's net liquidity position through rolling forecasts on the basis of expected cash flows.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments.

As at March 31, 2021	less than 1 year	1 to 5 year	Total
Non-Derivatives			
Trade payables	165.28	-	165.28
Borrowings	1.51	28.04	29.55
Lease Liability	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	46.19	1.02	47.21
Total	212.98	29.06	242.04

As at March 31, 2020	less than 1 year	1 to 5 year	Total
Non-Derivatives			
Trade payables	183.69	-	183.69
Borrowings	1,004.53	0.16	1,004.69
Lease Liability	1.63	-	1.63
Other financial liabilities	74.64	2.67	77.31
Total	1,264.49	2.83	1,267.32

The Company from time to time in its usual course of business issues financial guarantees to Holding company. The Company has issued corporate guarantee for debt of ₹ 7.00 (March 31, 2020: ₹ 109.50). The outflow in respect of these guarantees will arise only upon default of holding company. ₹ 7.00 (March 31, 2020: ₹ 65.38) is due for repayment within 1 year and ₹ Nil (March 31, 2020: ₹ 44.12) is due for repayment within 1 - 5 years from the reporting date.

Financing arrangements

The Company has sufficient sanctioned line of credit from its bankers / financiers; commensurate to its business requirements. The Company reviews its line of credit available with bankers and lenders from time to time to ensure that at all point in time there is sufficient availability of line of credit.

The Company pays special attention to the net operating working capital invested in the business. In this regard, as in previous years, considerable work has been performed to control and reduce collection periods for trade and other receivables, as well as to optimise accounts payable with the support of banking arrangements to mobilise funds.

3 Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The Company is exposed in the ordinary course of business to following risks: (a) foreign exchange risk, (b) interest rate risk and (c) price risk.

a) Market Risk – Foreign Exchange

Foreign exchange risk arises on all recognised monetary assets and liabilities which are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the Company. The Company has foreign currency trade payables.

Foreign currency risk is managed by following established risk management policies, which inter alia includes monitoring the movements in currencies in which the capex vendors are payable and hedging the exposure to foreign currency risk wherever considered appropriate by entering into forward currency contracts, call options and currency swaps contracts.

The Company does not enter into or trade financial instrument for speculative purpose.

The carrying amount of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows :

Foreign Currency Exposure

	As at March 31 2021	As at March 31 2020
	USD	USD
Assets	-	-
Liabilities		
Trade payables	0.75	32.86

Details of Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure is as under:

	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
	Amount in Foreign Currency	Amount in INR	Amount in Foreign Currency	Amount in INR
Accounts Payables				
USD	0.01	0.75	0.43	32.86
Other Firm Commitments				
USD	0.03	2.54	0.03	2.51

Foreign currency sensitivity

1 % increase or decrease in foreign exchange rates will have the following impact on loss before tax and on components of equity :

Particulars	Impact on Profit before tax: Increase/(Decrease)			
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
	1 % Increase	1 % Increase	1 % Decrease	1 % Decrease
USD	(0.01)	0.33	0.01	(0.33)

Particulars	Impact on other components of equity : (Increase)/Decrease			
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
	1 % Increase	1 % Increase	1 % Decrease	1 % Decrease
USD	(0.01)	0.33	0.01	(0.33)

b) Market Risk – Interest Rate

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. During the year the Company is less exposed to interest rate risk because the Company has borrowed funds substantially at fixed interest rates.

The exposure of the company's borrowings to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Fixed rate borrowings	0.00*	1,004.64
Total	0.00*	1,004.64

* Amount less than ₹ 50,000/-

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates on the borrowings at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate borrowings, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of borrowing outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for whole of the year. A 100 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel.

	Impact on Profit: Increase/(Decrease)		Impact on equity : (Increase)/Decrease	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Interest rates - increase by 100 basis points *	-	-	-	-
Interest rates - decrease by 100 basis points *	-	-	-	-

* assuming all other variables as constant

c) Market Risk – Price Risk

The Company is mainly exposed to the price risk due to its investment in mutual funds. The price risk arises due to uncertainties about the future market values of these investments. At March 31 2021, the investments in mutual funds is Rs.724.40 (March 31, 2020 : 6.38).These are exposed to price risk. In order to minimise price risk arising from investments in mutual funds, the Company predominately invests in those mutual funds which have higher exposure to high quality debt instruments with adequate liquidity & no demonstrated track record of price volatility.

Price risk sensitivity:

0.10% increase or decrease in prices will have the following impact on loss before tax and on other components of equity

	Impact on Profit: Increase/(Decrease)		Impact on equity : (Increase)/Decrease	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Price - increase by 0.10%**	0.72	0.01	0.72	0.01
Price - decrease by 0.10% **	(0.72)	(0.01)	(0.72)	(0.01)

** assuming all other variables as constant

4.11 Interest in other entities**a) Subsidiaries**

The Group's subsidiaries at March 31, 2021 are set out below. Unless otherwise stated, they have share capital consisting solely of equity shares that are held directly by the Group, and the proportion of ownership interest held equals the voting rights held by the Group. The country of incorporation or registration is also their principal place of business.

Name of Subsidiary	Principal Activity	Place of Incorporation & Operation	Proportion of ownership interest and voting power held by them	
			March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Hathway New Concept Cable & Datacom Limited*	Cable Television network Services	India	100%	-
Hathway Software Developers Limited*	Cable Television network Services	India	100%	-
Hathway Broadband Limited*	Internet Service Provider	India	100%	-
Hathway Krishna Cable Limited*	Cable Television network Services	India	100%	-
Bee Network and Communication Limited*	Cable Television network Services	India	100%	-
Hathway Cnet Limited*	Cable Television network Services	India	100%	-
Hathway Enjoy Cable Network Limited*	Cable Television network Services	India	100%	-
Hathway JMD Farukhabad Cable Network Limited*	Cable Television network Services	India	100%	-
Hathway Media Vision Limited*	Cable Television network Services	India	100%	-
Hathway United Cables Limited*	Cable Television network Services	India	100%	-
UTN Cable Communications Limited*	Cable Television network Services	India	100%	-
Hathway Space Vision Cabletel Limited*	Cable Television network Services	India	100%	-
Hathway Gwalior Cable & Datacom Limited*	Cable Television network Services	India	100%	-
Ideal Cables Limited*	Cable Television network Services	India	100%	-
Binary Technology Transfers Limited*	Cable Television network Services	India	100%	-
Hathway Internet Satellite Limited*	Cable Television network Services	India	100%	-
ITV Interactive Media Limited*	Cable Television network Services	India	100%	-
Liberty Media Vision Limited*	Cable Television network Services	India	100%	-
Vision India Network Limited*	Cable Television network Services	India	100%	-
Win Cable & Datacom Limited*	Cable Television network Services	India	100%	-
Hathway Mysore Cable Network Limited*	Cable Television network Services	India	100%	-
Hathway Mantra Cable & Datacom Limited*	Cable Television network Services	India	100%	-

* w. e. f. March 10, 2021

b) Interest in Joint ventures**Individually immaterial Joint ventures****Details of joint ventures**

Name of Joint ventures	March 31, 2021		March 31, 2020	
	Proportion of ownership interest and voting power held by them	Amount	Proportion of ownership interest and voting power held by them	Amount
Hathway CCN Multinet Private Limited	51%	6.78	51%	6.98
Hathway CCN Entertainment (India) Private Limited	51%	4.32	51%	4.03
Hathway CBN Multinet Private Limited	51%	1.21	51%	1.30
Hathway Bhaskar CCN Multi Entertainment Private Limited	70%	-	70%	-
Total		12.31		12.31

Place of Incorporation and Operation of all the joint ventures is in India only.

The principal activity of joint ventures is Cable Television network services.

Commitments and Contingent liabilities in respect of immaterial Joint ventures

Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Contingent liabilities		
Share in Joint Ventures' contingent liabilities in respect of claims not acknowledged as debts	-	0.19

Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Aggregate carrying amount of individually immaterial Joint ventures	12.31	12.31
Aggregate amounts of the group's share of:		
Profit/(loss) from continuing operations	0.00*	1.20
Post-tax profit or loss from discontinued operations	-	-
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income	0.00*	1.20

* Amount less than ₹ 50,000/-

Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Share of profits / (losses) from Joint Ventures	0.00*	1.20

* Amount less than ₹ 50,000/-

Reconciliation of Net Assets considered for Consolidated financial statement to Group's share in Net Assets as per and Joint ventures' financial statements

Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Group's share in Net Assets of and Joint ventures as per Entity's Financials	3.28	3.28
Add/ (Less) : Consolidation adjustment		
(i) Goodwill on consolidation	8.83	8.83
(ii) Fair value of Investments	0.20	0.20
Net Asset as per Consolidated Financials	12.31	12.31

4.12 The Details of Amounts Outstanding to Micro and Small Enterprises Based on available information with the Company is as under :

Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Principal amount due and remaining unpaid	5.94	-

4.13 During the current year, the Company has entered into a Business Transfer Agreement (BTA) with Visual Channel Services Private Limited for purchase of business of owning and operating Platform Service Channels by way of slump sale on going concern basis, with effect from March 10, 2021, for a total consideration of ₹ 0.01.**4.14 Revenue from contracts with customers****Disaggregation Of Revenue**

	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
Major service lines		
Subscription income	693.03	795.31
Activation income	52.62	59.50
Marketing & Promotional income	219.70	218.18
Broadcaster's Incentive Income	55.70	73.33
Other operating revenue	45.59	25.51
	1,066.64	1,171.83

Contract Balances

The Company classifies the right to consideration in exchange for deliverables as either a receivable or as unbilled revenue.

Trade receivable and unbilled revenues are presented net of impairment in the Balance Sheet

The following table provides information about receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities for the contracts with the customers.

Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Receivables, which are included in 'Trade and other receivables'	6.53	75.61
Contract assets (Unbilled Revenue)	-	-
Contract liabilities (Unearned Revenue)	7.12	7.15

The contract assets primarily relate to the Company's rights to consideration for work completed but not billed at the reporting date. The contract assets are transferred to receivables when the rights become unconditional.

The contract liabilities primarily relate to the billing recognized in advance where performance obligations are yet to be satisfied.

Significant changes in the contract assets and the contract liabilities balances during the period are as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
	Contract assets	Contract liabilities	Contract assets	Contract liabilities
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	7.15	-	15.12
Advance Income received from the customer during the year	-	7.12	-	7.15
Revenue recognised that is included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the year	-	7.15	-	15.12
Balance at the end of the year	-	7.12	-	7.15

Performance Obligations And Remaining Performance Obligations

The remaining performance obligation disclosure provides the aggregate amount of the transaction price yet to be recognized as at the end of the reporting period and an explanation as to when the company expects to recognize these amounts in revenue. Applying the practical expedient as given in Ind AS 115, the company has not disclosed the remaining performances as the performance obligations relates to contracts that have an original expected duration of one year or less.

Remaining performance obligation estimates are subject to change and are affected by several factors, including terminations, changes in the scope of contracts, periodic revalidations, adjustment for revenue that has not materialized and adjustments for currency.

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Notes To The Consolidated Financial Statements
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4.15 Related Party Disclosures:

A. Names of related parties and related party relationship

i) The company is controlled by the following entities:	
Parent	Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited
Entities exercising control over parent	Reliance Industries Limited Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited * (Protector of Digital Media Distribution Trust) Digital Media Distribution Trust Jio Content Distribution Holdings Private Limited \$ Jio Internet Distribution Holdings Private Limited \$ Jio Cable and Broadband Holdings Private Limited \$
ii) Under control of the company :	
Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	Bee Network and Communication Limited Binary Technology Transfers Limited Hathway Broadband Limited Hathway CNet Limited Hathway Digital Saharanpur Cable and Datacom Limited Hathway Enjoy Cable Network Limited Hathway Gwalior Cable & Datacom Limited Hathway Internet Satellite Limited Hathway JMD Farukhabad Cable Network Limited Hathway Krishna Cable Limited Hathway Media Vision Limited Hathway Mysore Cable Network Limited Hathway New Concept Cable & Datacom Limited Hathway Software Developers Limited Hathway Space Vision Cabletel Limited Hathway United Cables Limited Ideal Cables Limited ITV Interactive Media Limited Liberty Media Vision Limited UTN Cable Communications Limited Vision India Network Limited Win Cable and Datacom Limited
iii) Other Related parties :	
Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	Channels India Network Private Limited Hathway Bhawani Cabletel & Datacom Limited Hathway Kokan Crystal Cable Network Limited Hathway Mantra Cable & Datacom Limited TV18 Broadcast Limited ^^ IndiaCast Media Distribution Private Limited ^^ Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited^^ Den Networks Limited,^^ Jio Haptik Technologies Limited ^^ Reliance Retail Limited ^^ Den Broadband Private Limited ^^ Reliance Projects & Property Management Services Limited ^^ Jio Platforms Limited ^^ Viacom 18 Media Private Limited ^^

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Joint Ventures	Hathway CBN Multinet Private Limited Hathway CCN Entertainment (India) Private Limited Hathway Bhaskar CCN Multi Entertainment Private Limited Hathway CCN Multinet Private Limited
Joint Ventures of Parent	Hathway Cable MCN Nanded Private Limited Hathway Channel 5 Cable & Datacom Private Limited Hathway Dattatray Cable Network Private Limited Hathway Digital Saharanpur Cable & Datacom Private Limited (upto 15 December, 2020) Hathway ICE Television Private Limited Hathway Latur MCN Cable & Datacom Private Limited Hathway MCN Private Limited Hathway Palampur Cable Network Private Limited (upto 11 February, 2021) Hathway Prime Cable & Datacom Private Limited Hathway Sai Star Cable & Datacom Private Limited Hathway Sonali OM Crystal Cable Private Limited Hathway SS Cable & Datacom LLP Net 9 Online Hathway Private Limited (upto 18 March, 2021)
Joint Venture of Fellow Subsidiary	Hathway Bhawani NDS Network Private Limited
Associates of Entities exercising Control Over Parent	Eenadu Television Private Limited Shop Cj Network Private Limited (upto June 06, 2019) TV18 Home Shopping Network Limited (upto June 06, 2019)
Associates of Parent	GTPL Hathway Limited Hathway VCN Cablenet Private Limited Pan Cable Services Private Limited
Trust	Hathway Digital Private Limited Employees Group Gratuity Trust
Key Management Personnel of Parent	Viren R Raheja Akshay R Raheja

* Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited - Protector of Digital Media Distribution Trust is wholly owned subsidiary of Reliance Industries Limited

\$ Controlled by Digital Media Distribution Trust of which Reliance Content Distribution Limited - wholly owned subsidiary of Reliance Industries Limited is the sole beneficiary.

^ Subsidiary of Reliance Industries Limited

B. Related Party Transactions**Compensation to Key Management Personnel**

Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
(a) Short Term employee benefits	-	-
(b) Post employment benefits	-	-
(c) Other long term benefits	-	-
(d) Sitting Fees	-	-
Total Compensation	-	-

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Nature of Transaction	Name of Party	Relationship	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Income				
Consultancy Income	Hathway Latur MCN Cable & Datacom Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	0.85	0.95
	Hathway Cable MCN Nanded Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	1.19	0.64
	Hathway MCN Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	2.70	1.30
	Hathway Sai Star Cable & Datacom Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	2.98	-
Subscription / Digital Income	IndiaCast Media Distribution Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	45.34	49.29
	Hathway MCN Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	10.75	-
	Others	Entities Exercising control	0.04	-
	Others	Associates of Entities exercising control over Parent	0.01	4.56
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	10.58	50.49
	Others	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	23.35	-
	Others	Joint Venture of Fellow Subsidiary	0.44	0.40
Service Charges (Income)	Hathway Kokan Crystal Cable Network Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	-	0.01
	Hathway Sonali OM Crystal Cable Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	0.00*	0.00*
Interest Income on Loan	Hathway Krishna Cable Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	0.78	0.85
	Hathway Mysore Cable Network Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	0.78	0.85
	Hathway Software Developers Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	0.78	0.85
	UTN Cable Communications Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	0.87	0.95
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.07	0.15
Sales - STB / Parts and Accessories	Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited	Parent	-	1.30
	Den Networks Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	1.40	-
	Hathway Mantra cable & Datacom Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.68	0.68
	Hathway MCN Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	1.36	0.91
	Hathway Dattatray Cable Network Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	0.91	-
	Hathway Sai Star Cable & Datacom Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	1.06	-
	Others	Parent	0.39	-
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.31	-
	Others	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	0.15	-
	Others	Joint Venture of Fellow Subsidiary	0.04	-
Others	Joint Venture of Parent	0.75	0.19	

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Business Support Services	Others	Parent	0.01	-
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.04	-
	Others	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	0.05	-
	Others	Joint Venture of Parent	0.04	-
Incentive	TV18 Broadcast Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	7.51	-
	Eenadu Television Private Limited	Associates of Entities Exercising Control Over Parents	3.65	-
Lease Line charges	Hathway Cable MCN Nanded Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	0.18	-
	Hathway Latur MCN Cable & Datacom Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	0.58	-
	Hathway MCN Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	0.43	-
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.12	-
Software Charges	Den Networks Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	1.43	-
Advertisement	Viacom 18 Media Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.27	-
Sales - Capital Assets	Hathway Mantra cable & Datacom Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	-	0.06
	Hathway New Concept Cable & Datacom Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	-	0.07
	Hathway CCN Entertainment (India) Private Limited	Joint Venture	-	0.17
	Others	Joint Venture of Fellow Subsidiary	-	0.00*
Nature of Transaction	Name of Party	Relationship	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Expenses				
Feed Charges	Hathway Mantra Cable & Datacom Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	3.66	1.58
	Hathway MCN Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	6.83	2.96
	Hathway Cable MCN Nanded Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	2.25	-
	Hathway Sai Star Cable & Datacom Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	-	2.23
	Others	Joint Ventures	0.11	-
	Others	Joint Ventures of Parent	4.28	2.74
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.92	4.98
	Others	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	1.93	-
	Others	Joint Venture of Fellow Subsidiary	0.18	0.06
Interest on Unsecured Loan	Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited	Parent	-	6.14
Purchase - STB / Parts and Accessories	Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited	Parent	-	0.00*
	Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	-	0.03
	Reliance Retail Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	4.46	-
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.06	-

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Distributors Commission	Hathway Bhawani Cabletel & Datacom Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	1.23	1.47
Pay Channel Cost	TV18 Broadcast Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	78.38	77.89
	Eenadu Television Private Limited	Associates of Entities exercising Control Over Parent	12.74	13.82
Equipment Rent	Hathway Bhawani Cabletel & Datacom Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.30	0.30
Rent	Viren R Raheja	Key Management Personnel of Parent	1.48	1.74
	Akshay R Raheja	Key Management Personnel of Parent	1.48	1.74
	Den Networks Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.40	-
	Others	Parent	0.01	-
Bad Debts Written Off	Hathway Dattatray Cable Network Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	2.00	2.00
Consultancy Charges	Hathway CCN Multinet Private Limited	Joint Venture	-	0.09
Impairment of Doubtful Advances / Receivables	GTPL Hathway Limited	Associate of Parent	-	3.69
	Hathway Dattatray Cable Network Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	-	0.55
Contribution to Gratuity Fund	Hathway Digital Private Limited Employees Group Gratuity Trust	Trust	0.20	0.18
Lease Line Cost	Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	15.54	2.43
	Others	Parent	0.00*	-
Business Promotion Expenses	Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited	Parent	0.03	-
Purchase of Asset (Licence Fees)	Jio Haptik Technologies Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.27	-
Service Charges Expense	Jio Platforms Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	2.89	-
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.54	-
Exceptional Item	Hathway Digital Saharanpur Cable & Datacom Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	-	0.42

Nature of Transaction	Name of Party	Relationship	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Change in Assets / Liabilities during the year				
Allowance for Bad and Doubtful Debts (Net)	Hathway Dattatray Cable Network Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	(2.23)	(1.45)
	Hathway SS Cable & Datacom LLP	Joint Venture of Parent	2.10	-
	Hathway Konkan Crystal Cable Network Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	1.89	-
	Hathway Krishna Cable Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	(2.37)	-
	Hathway New Concept Cable and Datacom Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	(10.60)	-
	GTPL Hathway Limited	Associate of Parent	-	3.69
	Others	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	(5.03)	-
	Others	Joint Venture of Parent	(0.21)	0.42

Hathway Digital Limited
(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)

Notes To The Consolidated Financial Statements
(₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)

Net Advance/ Trade receivable/ Trade Payable recovered/ Paid	Hathway Dattatray Cable Network Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	3.39	4.13
	Hathway Krishna Cable Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	7.70	-
	TV18 Broadcast Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	4.90	-
	Hathway New Concept Cable & Datacom Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	11.07	-
	IndiaCast Media Distribution Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	-	4.94
	Hathway CCN Multinet Private Limited	Joint Venture	-	1.13
	Eenadu Television Private Limited	Associates of Entities exercising Control Over Parent	-	2.13
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	2.46	12.43
	Others	Joint Venture of Fellow Subsidiary	0.00*	0.07
	Others	Joint Venture	1.40	1.14
	Others	Joint Venture of Parent	0.03	7.09
	Others	Associate of Parent	-	2.32
	Others	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	29.84	-
Net Advance/ Trade receivable/ Trade Payable made	Hathway Sai Star Cable & Datacom Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	1.17	-
	Hathway Latur MCN Cable & Datacom Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	0.62	-
	IndiaCast Media Distribution Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.64	-
	TV18 Broadcast Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	-	9.78
	Others	Entities exercising control over parent	0.01	-
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.26	-
	Others	Associate of Entities exercising control over Parent	0.38	-
	Others	Joint Venture	-	0.21
	Others	Joint Venture of Parent	0.65	0.29
Loan taken	Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited	Parent	0.64	-
Loans Repaid	Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited	Parent	-	61.99
Loans Recovered	Hathway Bhawani Cabletel & Datacom Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	1.20	0.40

Nature of Transaction	Name of Party	Relationship	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Closing Balances				
Investments	Hathway CBN Multinet Private Limited	Joint Venture	1.05	1.05
	Hathway CCN Entertainment (India) Private Limited	Joint Venture	3.69	3.69
	Hathway CCN Multinet Private Limited	Joint Venture	6.16	6.16
	Others	Joint Venture	0.01	0.01
Allowance for Investments	Hathway Bhaskar CCN Multi Entertainment Private Limited	Joint Venture	2.70	2.70

Hathway Digital Limited

(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)

Notes To The Consolidated Financial Statements**(₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)**

Loans & Advance given	Hathway CCN Multinet Private Limited	Joint Venture	1.63	1.63
	Hathway Krishna Cable Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	-	9.12
	Hathway Mysore Cable Network Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	-	8.87
	Hathway Software Developers Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	-	9.14
	UTN Cable Communication Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	-	10.28
	Hathway VCN Cablenet Private Limited	Associate of Parent	5.50	5.50
	Others	Associate of Parent	0.59	0.59
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	-	1.20
Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Advance	Hathway VCN Cablenet Private Limited	Associate of Parent	5.50	5.50
	Hathway CCN Multinet Private Limited	Joint Venture	1.63	1.63
	Others	Associate of Parent	0.59	0.59
Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Debt	Hathway Channel 5 Cable & Datacom Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	-	3.81
	Hathway Dattatray Cable Network Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	4.69	6.92
	Hathway Mantra Cable & Datacom Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	5.41	5.41
	Hathway New Concept Cable and Datacom Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	-	10.60
	Others	Joint Venture	4.47	4.47
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	3.22	8.32
	Others	Joint Venture of Parent	8.78	3.49
	Others	Associate of Parent	3.69	3.69
Trade Receivables	Hathway Krishna Cable Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	-	7.14
	Hathway Mantra Cable & Datacom Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	15.18	16.76
	Hathway New Concept Cable & Datacom Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	-	10.83
	UTN Cable Communication Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	-	9.66
	Others	Entities exercising control over parent	0.01	-
	Others	Associate of Entities exercising control over Parent	0.71	1.69
	Others	Associate of Parent	1.46	1.46
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	13.70	31.13
	Others	Joint Venture	2.16	2.43
	Others	Joint Venture of Parent	12.78	14.86

Hathway Digital Limited

(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)

Notes To The Consolidated Financial Statements
(₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)

Trade Payables	TV18 Broadcast Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	14.02	8.39
	Eenadu Television Private Limited	Associates of Entities exercising Control Over Parent	2.48	3.84
	Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	2.37	2.66
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.47	-
	Others	Joint Venture	0.02	-
	Others	Joint Venture of Fellow Subsidiary	0.02	-
	Others	Joint Venture of Parent	1.03	1.81
Unbilled Revenue	Hathway Krishna Cable Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	-	0.55
	UTN Cable Communications Limited	Fellow subsidiaries upto March 09, 2021 and wholly owned subsidiaries w. e. f. March 10, 2021	-	0.55
	Hathway CCN Multinet Private Limited	Joint Venture	-	0.67
	Others	Joint Ventures	-	0.44
	Others	Fellow Subsidiaries / Subsidiaries of Entities exercising control over parent	0.41	1.46
	Others	Joint Ventures of Parent	0.66	0.77
	Others	Joint Venture of Fellow Subsidiary	0.03	0.02
Borrowings	Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited	Parent	0.64	-
Security Deposits (Received)	Hathway Cable MCN Nanded Private Limited	Joint Venture of Parent	0.02	0.02
Security Deposits (Given)	Viren R Raheja	Key Management Personnel of Parent	1.84	1.84
	Akshay R Raheja	Key Management Personnel of Parent	1.84	1.84

* Amount less than 50000

The Company had issued in 5% Non cumulative Redeemable Preference shares aggregating to ₹ 0.05 (March 31, 2020 : ₹ 0.05).The Company has given Corporate financial Guarantees of ₹ 7.00 (March 31, 2020 : ₹ 109.50) on behalf of Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited.

Hathway Digital Limited
(Formerly known as Hathway Digital Private Limited)

Notes To The Consolidated Financial Statements
(₹ in Crores unless otherwise stated)

4.16 Additional Information as required under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, of entities consolidated as Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Associates :

March 31, 2021:

Name of the entity	Net assets (total assets minus total liabilities)		Share in profit or (loss)		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount	As % of consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount
Parent	99.77%	1,580.93	104.47%	65.13	100.00%	0.17	104.46%	65.31
Subsidiaries								
Win Cable & Datacom Limited @	0.00%	0.02	-0.29%	(0.18)	-	-	-0.29%	(0.18)
Hathway Media Vision Limited @	0.06%	0.94	-0.01%	(0.00)*	-	-	-0.01%	(0.00)*
Liberty Media Vision Limited @	0.00%	0.02	-0.05%	(0.03)	-	-	-0.05%	(0.03)
Hathway Krishna Cable Limited @	0.01%	0.20	-0.48%	(0.30)	-	-	-0.47%	(0.30)
Hathway Software Developers Limited @	-0.18%	(2.83)	-0.40%	(0.25)	-	-	-0.40%	(0.25)
UTN Cable Communication Limited @	-0.37%	(5.90)	-0.84%	(0.53)	-	-	-0.84%	(0.53)
Hathway Enjoy Cable Network Limited @	0.00%	0.02	0.00%	0.00*	-	-	0.00%	0.00*
Hathway Gwalior Cable and Datacom Limited @	0.00%	(0.03)	0.00%	(0.00)*	-	-	0.00%	(0.00)*
Hathway JMD Farukhabad Cable Network Limited @	0.00%	0.02	0.00%	0.00*	-	-	0.00%	0.00*
Hathway New Concept Cable and Datacom Limited @	0.02%	0.29	-0.27%	(0.17)	-	-	-0.27%	(0.17)
Binary Technology Transfers Limited @	0.00%	(0.01)	-0.05%	(0.03)	-	-	-0.05%	(0.03)
Hathway Internet Satellite Limited @	0.00%	0.01	-0.05%	(0.03)	-	-	-0.05%	(0.03)
Hathway Space Vision Cabletel Limited @	0.00%	0.02	-0.03%	(0.02)	-	-	-0.03%	(0.02)
ITV Interactive Media Limited @	-0.02%	(0.27)	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	-
Ideal Cables Limited @	0.00%	0.02	-0.03%	(0.02)	-	-	-0.03%	(0.02)
Vision India Network Limited @	0.00%	0.02	-0.05%	(0.03)	-	-	-0.05%	(0.03)
Bee Network and Communication Limited @	0.00%	0.02	-0.04%	(0.02)	-	-	-0.04%	(0.02)
Hathway Cnet Limited @	-0.03%	(0.40)	0.00%	(0.00)*	-	-	0.00%	(0.00)*
Hathway United Cables Limited @	0.00%	0.02	0.00%	(0.00)*	-	-	0.00%	(0.00)*
Hathway Mysore Cable Network Limited @	-0.28%	(4.38)	-0.86%	(0.54)	-	-	-0.86%	(0.54)
Hathway Broadband Limited @	0.22%	3.51	0.00%	0.00*	-	-	0.00%	0.00*
Hathway Digital Saharanpur Cable & Datacom Limited @	0.00%	0.04	-1.03%	(0.64)	-	-	-1.03%	(0.64)
Joint ventures (Investment as per equity method)								
Hathway CCN Multinet Private Limited ^	0.43%	6.79	-0.33%	(0.20)	-	-	-0.32%	(0.20)
Hathway CCN Entertainment (India) Private Limited ^	0.27%	4.32	0.48%	0.30	-	-	0.47%	0.30
Hathway CBN Multinet Private Limited ^	0.08%	1.21	-0.15%	(0.09)	-	-	-0.15%	(0.09)
Hathway Bhaskar CCN Multi Entertainment Private Limited ^	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	-
Total	100.00%	1,584.60	100.00%	62.35	100.00%	0.17	100.00%	62.52

@ Refer note no 4.18

* Amount less than ₹ 50000/-

^ Refer note no 4.17

March 31, 2020:

Name of the entity	Net assets (total assets minus total liabilities)		Share in profit or (loss)		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount	As % of consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount
Parent	108.57%	(155.91)	98.20%	65.62	100.00%	(0.01)	98.20%	65.61
Joint ventures (Investment as per equity method)								
Hathway CCN Multinet Private Limited ^	-4.87%	6.99	0.90%	0.60	-	-	0.90%	0.60
Hathway CCN Entertainment (India) Private Limited ^	-2.80%	4.03	0.03%	0.02	-	-	0.03%	0.02
Hathway CBN Multinet Private Limited ^	-0.90%	1.30	0.86%	0.58	-	-	0.86%	0.58
Hathway Bhaskar CCN Multi Entertainment Private Limited ^	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	-
Total	100.00%	(143.60)	100.00%	66.82	100.00%	(0.01)	100.00%	66.81

^ Refer note no 4.17

4.17 Note on Consolidation of Joint Venture based on management accounts

The Company holds investments in its joint ventures namely 51% in Hathway CCN Multinet Pvt Ltd, 51% in Hathway CCN Entertainment India Pvt Ltd, 51% in Hathway CBN Multinet Pvt Ltd and 70% in Hathway Bhaskar CCN Multi Entertainment Pvt Ltd. In the absence of availability of the Audited financials of these joint ventures for the purposes of consolidation, Consolidated Financial Statements for the financial year ended as at March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2021 are prepared by considering the Management Accounts of these joint ventures.

4.18 The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on April 3, 2021, has approved a Scheme of Merger of certain wholly owned subsidiaries viz. Hathway Krishna Cable Limited, Hathway Mysore Cable Network Limited, Hathway Software Developers Limited, UTN Cable Communications Limited, Hathway New Concept Cable & Datacom Limited, Hathway Cnet Limited, Hathway Gwalior Cable & Datacom Limited, Ideal Cables Limited, Bee Network and Communication Limited, Binary Technology Transfers Limited, Hathway Broadband Limited, Hathway Enjoy Cable Network Limited, Hathway Internet Satellite Limited, Hathway JMD Farukhabad Cable Network Limited, Hathway Media Vision Limited, Hathway Space Vision Cabletel Limited, Hathway United Cables Limited, ITV Interactive Media Limited, Liberty Media Vision Limited, Vision India Network Limited, Win Cable and Datacom Limited, and Hathway Digital Saharanpur Cable & Datacom Limited with and into the Company ("Scheme"), pursuant to the provisions of Section 233 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act, with appointed date as April 01, 2021. The Scheme, however will take effect upon receipt of requisite approvals and fulfilment of conditions as stated in the Scheme. Pending finalization and approvals of the Scheme, no effect have been given of this proposed merger in the financial statements.

4.19 Previous year's figures have been reclassified/regrouped wherever necessary.

As per our report of even date**For G. M. Kapadia & Co.**

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 104767W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors**Mr. Atul Shah**

Partner

Membership No. 039569

Place : Mumbai

Date : April 19, 2021

Mr. Dulal BanerjeeNon-Executive Director &
Chief Executive Officer

DIN : 02455932

Mr. Ajay Singh

Non-Executive Director

DIN : 06899567

Ms. Pranjali Gawde

Chief Financial Officer

Ms. Ameeta Parpia

Independent Director

DIN : 02654277

Mr. Varun Laul

Non-Executive Director

DIN : 03489931

Ms. Niharika Matlani

Company Secretary and Compliance officer

Membership No: F- 10579

Mr. Kunal Chandra

Independent Director

DIN : 07617184

Date: April 19, 2021